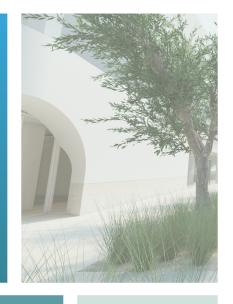


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT









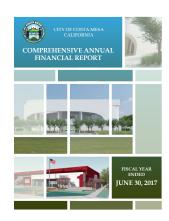








FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



Fire Station 1

When complete, Fire Station No. 1 will feature a new 12,000 square-foot, state-of-the-art facility, including 10 dorm rooms, three administrative offices, one training/classroom, an emergency medical supply room, and four utility rooms. The new facility will address out-of-date building code and standard issues, accommodate multi-gender usage, and provide an efficient floor plan that aims to improve emergency response time.

Lions Park Project

The purpose of the Lions Park project is to improve library services, and create quality programming and event user space necessary to meet the needs of the community. The projects will repurpose both the Donald Dungan Library to the adjacent Neighborhood Community Center building and move the NCC to the current library space. Features will include: a new two-story 20,000-square-foot library building and a renovated Neighborhood Community Center. The project will also add one acre of programmed park open space that will be utilized as an event lawn and provide residents with a variety of fun, family, and educational events.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by: Finance Department Stacy Daugherty Finance Director

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF COSTA MESA

77 FAIR DRIVE, P.O. BOX 1200, COSTA MESA, CA 92628-1200

FROM THE OFFICE OF THE FINANCE DIRECTOR —CITY TREASURER

January 26, 2018

Honorable Mayor, Councilmembers, and City Manager:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Costa Mesa (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is hereby submitted. These statements have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning finances of the City. Responsibility for both accuracy of the data, and completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of various funds and component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, have been audited by White Nelson Diehl Evans LLP, an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and that the statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City, incorporated in 1953, has an estimated population of 114,044 and a land area of 16.8 square miles. It is located in the southern coastal area of Orange County, California, and is bordered by the cities of Santa Ana, Newport Beach, Huntington Beach, Fountain Valley, and Irvine. The City is approximately 35 miles southeast of Los Angeles and 85 miles northwest of San Diego. At its nearest point, the City is approximately 1.5 miles from the Pacific Ocean. The City is also home to the world-renowned Henry and Renee Segerstrom Concert Hall, the Segerstrom Center for the Arts, and the Orange County Fairgrounds.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem, and three member Council Members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing members to commissions and committees, appointing the Treasurer, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances approved by the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing department heads. The City Council is elected at large on a non-partisan basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms, with two or three Council members elected every two years.

The City is a "full service city" and provides a wide range of services. These services include: police and fire protection; animal control; emergency medical aid; building safety regulation and inspection; street lighting; land use planning and zoning; housing and community development; maintenance and improvement of streets and related structures; traffic safety, maintenance, and improvement; and a full range of recreational and cultural programs. A "full-service city" is defined as a city that is financially responsible for the full set of basic tax-dependent municipal services within its jurisdiction including police, fire, parks and recreation, streets, and land-use planning.

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with GAAP, except for certain special revenue and debt service funds for which annual budgets are not adopted. Budgetary control for management purposes is maintained as authorized by Council at the department functional level within individual funds.

The City Manager submits the budget to the City Council, who adopts it prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to budget adoption. Supplemental appropriations, when required during the fiscal year, are also approved by the City Council. Intrafunctional budgetary amendments are approved by the City Manager.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

The City, like other municipalities has continually been burdened by the financial pressures and impacts imposed by Federal, State, and County governments. Since the early 1980's, these governmental units have passed on to municipalities a myriad of unfunded mandates or service/regulatory requirements and also, have eliminated or redistributed significant sources of revenue. Most recently, the State of California dissolved all redevelopment agencies during fiscal year 2011-2012. The City continues to meet these challenges to ensure a high level of service to our residents.

In light of those impacts, the City benefits from its unique positioning both geographically and within its retail sales base. The local economy is primarily based on retail commercial business and light manufacturing of electronics, pharmaceuticals, and plastics. South Coast Plaza Shopping Center (South Coast Plaza) is the single largest commercial activity center in the City. Sales volume generated by South Coast Plaza secures its place as the highest volume regional shopping center in the nation. Sales and property tax revenues generated from South Coast Plaza comprise a significant portion of the City's total tax revenues.

In fiscal year 2017, the City's strong economic base continued to produce solid increases in sales, property, and transient occupancy tax revenues over the prior year after factoring out the effect of a \$6.8 million one-time sales tax payment received in 2016. The largest General Fund revenue increase was from property taxes in the amount of \$1.3 million or 5%, while expenditures increased by 5%. The General Fund had an operating surplus of \$16.9 million before net other financing uses of \$18.3 million. The City expects the local economy to remain stable with moderate growth in the next fiscal year.

MAJOR AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES

Major Developments:

The Lighthouse (1620-1644 Whittier Avenue) - This Plan is for the development of an 89-unit, three-story mixed-use development, and it will consist of 49 residential units and 40 live/work units within the Mesa West Bluffs Plan area. The Planning Commission approved the Plan in November 2014 and the project is currently under construction.

Residential Mid-Rise (580 Anton Blvd.) – This project proposes demolition of 21,349 square feet of the Lakes Pavilions Retail Center and construction of a 250-unit midrise residential building. This building would consist of five stories for residential purposes above a three level parking garage. It would include 438 parking spaces with additional ancillary retail and amenity spaces. This project is currently under construction.

Aura (2626 Harbor Boulevard) – An existing car dealership was demolished to accommodate the 33 unit detached, two-story residential project. The project includes two private parks within the development and is currently under construction.

Ganahl Lumber Relocation/Expansion (1100 Bristol Street) – This proposed project includes construction of a new lumberyard and store for Ganahl Lumber Company. The existing store is located on an adjacent property to the east. The new store will replace the existing store with a state-of-the-art building materials facility. The new facility will include a 65,263 square foot main building and 34,000 square feet of shed buildings for various lumber storage/milling activities. This project is currently under construction.

DeNova Homes (929 Baker Street) – This is a subdivision of a 4.7 acre (205,168 square foot) lot located at 929 Baker Street into a residential development with 56-units of two-story, detached common interest residential development including a 0.1 acre private park. This project is currently under construction.

Costa Bella (22nd and Santa Ana Avenue) – The first phase of a 13 unit detached, two-story single family residential project is being constructed in the Colleen Island Annexation area. Permits have been obtained and the project is under construction.

Future Developments:

City Common (Southwest corner of Harbor Boulevard and Hamilton Street) – This 1.5 acre site is proposed for construction of a single lot detached single family condominium development. This project will consist of 28 two and three-bedroom, three story, detached homes with 27 two-car garages for three-bedroom homes and single-car garages for two-bedroom homes. Open space for the development is proposed at 58 percent of the total acreage.

Independent and Assisted Living Facility (1640 Monrovia Ave) – This project consists of a 111 unit independent and assisted living facility in a 4-story building to include amenities such as a fitness center, dance studio, cafe, bar/lounge in addition to a small even space and ancillary office space. This project was approved by City Council in July 2016.

Self-Storage Facility (375 Bristol Street) – The plans for construction of a new 719 unit self-storage facility with retention of 12,500 square feet of existing retail area was approved by City Council in November 2016. This project is currently on hold.

Mirival Phase II (2850 Mesa Verde Drive East) – This 11 unit, two-story detached single family residential development includes a private street and was approved by the Planning Commission in June 2017. The project is currently in the building plan check process.

Vanguard University (55 Fair Drive) – The university has submitted a master plan amendment to the Planning Division to replace some existing buildings with more modern facilities, provide additional student housing, and replace some surface parking with a parking structure. This amendment reflects long range plans for the university and will take several years to complete. This project has not yet been scheduled for a public hearing.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City accounts for general debt service in three different funds that are combined into the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund in the financial statements. Sources of revenues for retirement of outstanding bonded indebtedness include general property and sales taxes.

In September 2015, Moody's Investors Service upgraded the rating of the City's Refunding Certificates of Participation (COP), Series 2003 (Public Facilities Project) and Refunding COP, Series 2007 (Police Facility Expansion) to Aa3 from A1. The 2003 COP was paid off by the City in July 2017 and the 2007 COP was refinanced in October within the issuance of the 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds that also provided funding for the Lion's Park Library project. The September 2017 credit rating by Standard & Poor's for the 2017 bonds was AA+.

In October 2015, Standard and Poor's Rating Services affirmed its "A" rating and gave a stable outlook for the Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency outstanding Tax Allocation Bonds. These bonds were paid off by the Successor Agency in May 2017.

The City continuously reviews existing debt for refunding possibilities to lower total debt service requirements. The City has also adopted a comprehensive set of debt policies covering all aspects of debt issuance in order to consolidate information for debt obligations and maintain or improve its good credit standing.

FINANCIAL REPORTING AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 19th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conformed to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our June 30, 2017 report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the Certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Special recognition is extended to the entire Finance Department staff for their ongoing dedication and efficient services provided to all City departments and citizens on a daily basis. Special appreciation is also extended specifically to Accounting Division staff who contributed to and participated in the coordination and preparation of this CAFR. In addition, our deepest appreciation is also extended to the Central Services Division staff for their assistance in the design of the cover of this report and printing of this document. Further, thanks are also extended to our independent auditors, White Nelson Diehl Evans LLP for their expertise and advice. Members of the City Council have continued to express their interest and support of the Finance Department in the planning of responsible and proactive financial operations for the City. Through team efforts of the City Council, Chief Executive Officer, department directors, and employees, the City will continue to provide the high level of service currently provided to the citizens of our community. Due to consistent policies of the City Council and each employee's commitment to maintain superior service level standards, the City has been able to maintain a sound financial base from which to operate.

Respectfully submitted,

STACY DAUGHERT

Finance Director



City of Costa Mesa List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2017

Mayor

Katrina Foley

City Council

Sandra L. Genis Allan R. Mansoor James M. Righeimer John B. Stephens

City Manager	Thomas R. Hatch
Assistant City Manager/Administrative Services Director	Tamara Letourneau
City Attorney (Contract)	Thomas P. Duarte
Development Services Director (Contract)	Jay Trevino
Interim Finance Director	Stephen Dunivent
Information Technology Director	Steve Ely
Public Services Director	Raja Sethuraman
Fire Chief	Dan Stefano
Police Chief	Rob Sharpnack

City of Costa Mesa, California **Organization Chart** Citizens of Costa Mesa **City Council** Mayor and four Council Members 0.48" 53" 0.02' **City Attorney Council Appointed** Senior Parks & Recreation **Planning Chief Executive Officer** Committees Commission Commission Commission Administration Contracted and Commissions City Clerk Human Resources Risk Management **Public Services Police** Fire Administration Administration Police Administration Engineering Services Transportation Services Operations/EMS Prevention Police Field Operations Police Support Services Maintenance Services Information **Development Services Finance Parks & Community Technology Services** Administration Administration

Visit our website at www.costamesaca.gov

Financial Operations

Financial Planning

Planning

Building Safety

Housing and Community Development Successor Agency Community Improvement Recreation



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
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for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Costa Mesa California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

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Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Costa Mesa Costa Mesa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Costa Mesa (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Costa Mesa, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 24 to the financial statements, the City restated the governmental activities net position and the fund balances of the governmental funds at July 1, 2016. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Partial Prior Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 from which such partial information was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of contributions - fire safety plans, the schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios and the schedule of contributions - miscellaneous, police safety, and police 1% supplemental retirement plans, the schedule of funding progress - other post-employment benefit plan, and budgetary comparison schedules, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and individual major fund schedules (supplementary section), and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary section is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

White Nelson Diehl Enans UP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Irvine, California

January 26, 2018





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Costa Mesa (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage all readers to consider information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i–v of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City's primary government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2017 by \$87.5 million (net position). Of this amount, (\$161.8) million (unrestricted net position deficit) primarily resulted from the previous implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." These statements established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities for defined benefit pension plans.
- Total net position increased by \$3.3 million from the prior fiscal year total of \$84.2 million, as restated from \$86.1 million.
- As of the close of fiscal year 2017, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$118.5 million, an increase of \$7.7 million in comparison with the prior year total of \$110.8 million, as restated from \$107.4 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2017, general fund unassigned fund balance was \$30.9 million or 30% of general fund expenditures of \$104.5 million. Unassigned fund balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.
- Long-term debt had a net increase of \$2.4 million or 5% during fiscal year 2017. This increase was attributable to a \$5.1 million increase in the outstanding claims payable liability offset by principal payments of \$2.8 million on outstanding bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets/deferred outflows of resources

and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information to show how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both *government-wide financial statements* distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities include general government, protection of persons and property, community programs, public services, and interest on long-term debt. The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units.

The basic government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-one individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Housing Authority, The HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Park Development, Capital Improvements, and Measure "M2" funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated

presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these fund types to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-29 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an *internal service* fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various City functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for equipment replacement, self-insurance (workers' compensation, general liability, unemployment), and information technology replacement functions. Because each of these functions predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Equipment Replacement, Self Insurance, and Information Technology Replacement funds, each of which are considered to be nonmajor funds. Each of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these nonmajor internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-32 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of these funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs and services. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 33-34 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 35-89 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 90-106 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information

section. Combined and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 107-146 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

City assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$87.5 million at June 30, 3017.

A significant portion of the City's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less related outstanding debt used to acquire assets that are still in service. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION						
	JUNE 30 2017	JUNE 30 2016	INCREASE/ (DECREASE)	PERCENT INCREASE/ (DECREASE)		
ASSETS:				<u>, </u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 140,870,260	\$ 133,570,634	\$ 7,299,626	5.46%		
Capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation	234,914,203	234,283,653	630,550	0.27%		
Total assets	375,784,463	367,854,287	7,930,176	2.16%		
Deferred outflows of						
resources	48,070,496	17,587,718	30,482,778	173.32%		
LIABILITIES:						
Current and other liabilities						
	18,281,311	15,705,659	2,575,652	16.40%		
Long-term liabilities	311,544,698	270,777,733	40,766,965	15.06%		
Total liabilities	329,826,009	286,483,392	43,342,617	15.13%		
Deferred inflows of resources						
	6,493,424	12,809,260	(6,315,836)	(49.3%)		
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital						
assets	219,280,752	216,195,466	3,085,286	1.43%		
Restricted	30,060,048	29,311,111	748,937	2.56%		
Unrestricted	(161,805,274)	(159,357,224)	(2,448,050)	(1.54%)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 87,535,526	\$ 86,149,353	\$ 1,386,173	1.61%		

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the City continued to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net position for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities. However, the unrestricted net position reported a negative balance of \$161.8 million primarily due to the prior implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 for defined benefit pension plans. During fiscal year 2017, the City's total net position increased by \$3.3 million from prior fiscal year net position of \$84.2 million, as restated from \$86.1 million.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
	Governn	Governmental Activities			
	2017	2016			
REVENUES:					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 13,630,193	\$ 14,662,180			
Operating contributions and grants	4,487,089	4,907,815			
Capital contributions and grants	7,114,471	4,597,301			
General Revenues:		<u>.</u>			
Taxes:					
Property taxes	37,925,385	36,105,783			
Sales and use taxes	57,591,889	58,524,162			
Transient occupancy tax	8,924,854	8,622,505			
Franchise taxes	4,593,631	5,060,402			
Business license tax	918,928	973,521			
Other intergovernmental, unrestricted	51,340	45,777			
Investment income	496,650	1,871,216			
Miscellaneous	1,333,610	913,351			
Total revenues	137,068,040	136,284,013			
EXPENSES:					
General government	28,474,037	24,631,010			
Protection of persons and property	70,786,483	63,956,413			
Community programs	12,069,675	4,639,743			
Public services	21,415,061	22,498,495			
Interest on long-term debt	974,233	1,081,605			
Total expenses	133,719,489	116,807,266			
•					
Change in net position	3,348,551	19,476,747			
	T	1			
Net position at beginning of year	86,149,353	66,672,606			
Net position restatement	(1,962,378)	-			
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	R:\$ 87,535,526	\$ 86,149,353			

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3.3 million and key elements attributable to this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services revenues decreased by \$1.0 million or 7% from fiscal year 2016. This decrease was mostly due to declines in park, drainage, and traffic impact development impact fees. These revenues depend upon the timing of development and can vary annually.
- Capital contributions and grants increased by \$2.5 million or 55% from fiscal year 2016. This
 increase was attributable to the timing of disbursements and subsequent receipts for the City's
 many grant funded capital projects.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$1.8 million or 5% from fiscal year 2016. This increase resulted primarily from the healthy real estate market and additions to the property tax base resulting from ongoing new construction activity.
- Investment income decreased by \$1.4 million from fiscal year 2016. This decrease was mostly related to fair market adjustments to investments. Since the City usually holds investments until maturity, these adjustments will not affect long term performance of the portfolio.
- Overall expenses increased by \$16.9 million or 15% from fiscal year 2016. Notable increases are noted below:
 - Increased costs from the ongoing process of filling open positions in the Police Department.
 - Additional efforts in code enforcement, group home monitoring, and neighborhood stabilization.
 - Election costs incurred in November 2016.
 - Increased activity for capital maintenance projects.
 - Pension expenses recognized pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68."
 - Allocated costs from Internal Service Funds for additional claims payable liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As was noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with professional standards promulgated by oversight agencies and also due to finance-related legal requirements.

Government Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$118.5 million, an increase of \$7.7 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year fund balances of \$110.8 million, as restated from \$107.4 million. Of this total amount:

- \$2.3 million represents *nonspendable fund balance* which includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to maintain intact.
- \$28.1 million represents *restricted fund balance which* includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external sources or through enabling legislation.
- \$16.1 million represents *committed fund balance* which includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action of the City Council. It includes legislation (City Council action) that can only be overturned by new legislation requiring the same voting consensus.
- \$41.4 million represents *assigned fund balance* which includes amounts that are designated or expressed by City Council but do not require formal actions like resolutions or ordinances.
- The remaining \$30.6 million constitutes *unassigned fund balance*.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2017, fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$1.4 million. While total fund balance amounted to \$63.1 million, unassigned fund balance was \$30.9 million. Key factors in this change are as follows:

- Sales tax revenues decreased by \$1.0 million or 2% from fiscal year 2016. This decrease was mostly caused by the prior year wrap up of "Triple Flip" sales tax revenues after the State of California paid off its deficit bonds. The City received a final payment related to prior year amounts in 2016. The City continued to experience healthy retail economic activity primarily related to retail and automobile sales.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$1.3 million or 5% from fiscal year 2016. This increase resulted primarily from the healthy real estate market and additions to the property tax base resulting from ongoing new construction activity.
- Overall, total revenues in the General Fund decreased by \$0.5 million.
- Protection of Person and property expenditures increased by \$2.1 million or 3% from fiscal year 2016. This increase was mostly attributed to the successful staffing of previously vacant authorized positions within the Police Department. This positive trend is expected to continue within the subsequent fiscal year.

- Overall, total expenditures in the General Fund increased by \$5.3 million or 5%.
- Other financing uses increased by net amount of \$6.3 million or 52%. This increase was primarily attributable to additional funding of \$2.1 million for capital projects and \$3.6 million for Internal Service funds in the current fiscal year.

Major Funds Other Than the General Fund

The <u>Housing Authority Fund</u> had \$5.1 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$0.5 million or 39% from the prior fiscal year fund balance of \$4.6 million, as restated from \$1.1 million. This restatement was due to the reclassification of unavailable revenues related to outstanding housing loans to fund balance.

The <u>HOME Program Fund</u> had \$116,456 in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$19,202 or 20% from the prior fiscal year. The increase in fund balance resulted from the timing of grant disbursements, program income, and the timing of the drawdown requests.

The <u>Park Development Fund</u> had \$3.1 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$1.6 million or 100% from the prior fiscal year. This fund balance increase resulted mostly from the collection of park development fees of \$1.5 million and a reduction of project costs charged to this fund.

The <u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> had \$21.3 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$3.2 million or 17% from the prior fiscal year. The General Fund has been able to provide more funding for capital projects due to increased revenues as a result of the recovering economy.

The <u>Measure "M2" Fund</u> had \$5.4 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$4.4 million or 442% from the prior fiscal year. This increase is attributed to the timing of grant reimbursements from Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA), other unspent OCTA allocations received for street maintenance, and disbursements on a variety of open projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City utilizes Internal Service Funds which are a propriety fund type.

The unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Funds at the end of the year was a deficit of \$6.0 million. Total net position decreased by \$2.1 million from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was primarily due to additional claims payable liabilities recognized offset by interfund transfers from the General Fund of \$3.6 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2017, actual revenues were \$4.1 million or 3% more than originally estimated and \$4.0 million or 3% more than the final adjusted budget. Major revenue line items in the General Fund are typically adjusted once during the fiscal year in the mid-year budget review while newly approved grants are budgeted once approved by City Council. Revenue estimates are typically not revised for unexpected activity occurring subsequent to the mid-year budget review. Therefore, the City recognized increases during the fiscal year and adjusted the budget as necessary.

Actual expenditures were \$1.3 million or 1% less than originally estimated and \$4 million or 4% less than the final adjusted budget. Contributing factors to the variance related to the final adjusted budget were lower costs incurred due to vacant positions in the Police and Public Services Departments. Any remaining difference consists of smaller fluctuations in a variety of departments and accounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities (the City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units) as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$234.9 million net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The investment in capital assets includes land, building improvements and structures, landscaping and sprinklers, machinery and equipment, intangible assets, park system and facilities, and road and storm drain infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased by \$0.6 million. Major capital asset additions during fiscal year 2017 were mostly related to ongoing capital projects that are described below. Other assets capitalized included city-wide vehicle replacements and a variety of equipment purchases. During the fiscal year, capital assets not being depreciated increased by \$8.1 million and capital assets being depreciated decreased by \$9 million.

Construction in progress as of the fiscal year end totaled \$13.3 million and included the following projects with larger balances:

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT	TOTAL		TOTAL SPEND TO		CC	MMITMENT		
	BUDGET		BUDGET			DATE		
Fire Station #1 Demo and New Construction	\$	1,676,201	\$	2,366,621	\$	(690,420)*		
Bristol Street and Bear Street Rehabilitation		1,974,493		1,013,564		960,929		
East 19th Street Safe Route to School		1,451,038		832,271		618,767		
Lions Park Projects (Library, Community Center								
and Park)		6,362,301		2,555,656		3,806,645		
TOTALS	\$	11,464,033	\$	6,768,112	\$	4,695,921		

^{*}A new budget allocation was appropriated on July 1, 2017.

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (NET OF DEPRECIATION)					
		Governmental Activities			
	2017 2016*				
Land	\$	34,579,306	\$ 34,213,106		
Land rights related to streets		29,821,224	29,821,224		
Construction in progress		13,260,858	3,589,540		
Building improvements and structures		24,738,580	26,989,381		
Machinery and equipment		13,685,308	13,433,660		
Intangibles		1,086,593	1,173,929		
Park system and facilities		7,874,371	8,653,777		
Infrastructure- roads		97,268,462	102,765,613		
Infrastructure- storm drains		12,599,501	13,643,423		
TOTAL	S\$	234,914,203	\$ 234,283,653		

^{*}Includes amounts reported in the prior year financial statement. The restatement of \$1.6 million is included in the 2017 column.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 57-58 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had a number of Public Financing Authority bond issues outstanding, including 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation (\$2.4 million), 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds (\$1.0 million), and 2007 Certificates of Participation (\$18.3 million). In addition, the City had \$26.5 million of other liabilities (primarily related to claims and employee benefits) outstanding.

Long-term liabilities had a net increase of \$2.4 million, primarily due to the \$2.7 million payment of normally scheduled principal maturities on bonds offset by a \$5.1 million increase in the outstanding claims payable liability.

OUTSTANDING DEBT					
	Governmental Activities				
		2017 2016			
Bonds Payable	\$	21,620,000	\$	24,375,000	
Other Liabilities		26,527,234		21,414,403	
TO	TALS \$	48,147,234	\$	45,789,403	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in notes 7 through 10 on pages 59-64 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

During fiscal year 2017, the local economy continued to be robust with increasing property values and stable retail sales. While the positive local economy has been beneficial, the City continues to remain cautious about future economic conditions due to the potential volatility of the City's large sales tax base. Economic declines could affect the City more quickly than other cities which are less reliant on sales taxes. When adopting the fiscal year 2018 budget, the City remained conservative with revenue

estimates, maintained control over budgeted appropriations, and provided funding for capital improvement projects.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all who have an interest in the government's finances. This report and other financial related information can be found on the City's website www.costamesaca.gov. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should contact:

• by mail: Finance Department, City of Costa Mesa, P.O. Box 1200, Costa Mesa, California, 92628-1200

• by e-mail: <u>stacy.daugherty@costamesaca.gov</u>

• by phone: 714-754-5243





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and its' activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Statement of Net Position

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities

The *statement of activities* presents information to show how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Governmental Activities

	Government	al Activities
	2017	2016
Assets:		
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 114,274,404	\$ 99,144,510
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)	4,386,549	4,356,813
Due from other governments	14,016,587	21,827,516
Accounts receivable	612,721	572,909
Interest receivable	327,463	198,019
Loans receivable	6,822,154	7,012,380
Rent receivable	245,151	234,805
Inventories	137,253	154,185
Prepaid items	47,978	69,497
Capital assets (note 6):	24.570.206	24.212.106
Land	34,579,306	34,213,106
Land rights related to streets	29,821,224	29,821,224
Construction in progress	13,260,858	3,589,540
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	157,252,815	166,659,783
Total assets	375,784,463	367,854,287
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred outflows on pensions	48,070,496	17,587,718
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	5,794,913	5,405,234
Accrued liabilities	480,885	1,772,194
Accrued interest payable	250,338	268,488
Retentions payable	480,283	584,544
Deposits payable	806,665	765,925
Due from other governments	3,487,412	-
Long-term liabilities:		
Portion due within one year:		
Claims payable (notes 7, 9 and 19)	1,120,815	1,154,274
Bonds payable (notes 7 and 8)	2,860,000	2,755,000
Employee leave benefits payable (notes 7 and 9)	3,000,000	3,000,000
Portion due beyond one year:		
Claims payable (notes 7, 9 and 19)	14,587,331	9,439,466
Bonds payable (notes 7 and 8)	18,760,000	21,620,000
Employee leave benefits payable (notes 7 and 9)	1,010,752	1,107,428
Net OPEB obligation (notes 7, 9 and 16)	4,280,610	3,946,563
Police retirement 1% supplemental (notes 7, 9 and 14)	2,527,726	2,766,672
Net pension liability (note 13c)	270,378,279	231,897,604
Total liabilities	329,826,009	286,483,392
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Deferred inflows on pensions	6,493,424	12,809,260
Net position:		
•	210 290 752	216,195,466
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	219,280,752	210,193,400
Protection of persons and property	217,303	1,022,546
Community programs	9,588,998	12,793,475
Public services	20,253,747	15,495,090
Unrestricted	(161,805,274)	(159,357,224)
Total net position	\$ 87,535,526	\$ 86,149,353
Total net position	Ψ 67,333,320	Ψ 00,177,333

Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		P	rogram Revenues	3			
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants	Net (Ex Revent Changes in N	ue a	and
_					<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Governmental activities:							
General government Protection of persons	\$ 28,474,037	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (28,474,037)	\$	(24,631,010)
and property	70,786,483	2,819,809	664,906	-	(67,301,768)		(60,488,774)
Community programs	12,069,675	7,577,878	1,561,750	-	(2,930,047)		5,235,938
Public services	21,415,061	3,232,506	2,260,433	7,114,471	(8,807,651)		(11,674,519)
Interest on long-term debt	 974,233				 (974,233)		(1,081,605)
Total governmental activities	\$ 133,719,489	\$ 13,630,193	\$ 4,487,089	\$ 7,114,471	 (108,487,736)	_	(92,639,970)
	Gene	ral revenues:					
		Taxes:					
		Property taxes	3		37,925,385		36,105,783
		Sales and use	taxes		57,591,889		58,524,162
		Transient occu	upancy tax		8,924,854		8,622,505
		Franchise taxe	es		4,593,631		5,060,402
		Business licen	ise tax		918,928		973,521
		Other intergover	nmental, unrestri	cted	51,340		45,777
		Investment incom	me		496,650		1,871,216
		Miscellaneous			 1,333,610		913,351
		Total unrestri	cted general reve	nues	 111,836,287	_	112,116,717
		Change in net p	osition		3,348,551		19,476,747
	Net positio	n - beginning of y	year		 86,149,353	_	66,672,606
	Restatemer	nt of net position	(note 24)		 (1,962,378)		
	Net positio	n - end of year			\$ 87,535,526	\$	86,149,353





FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major Governmental Funds

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund must be classified as a major fund in the accompanying fund financial statements and is used to account for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for some special purpose, and for expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the City. The General Fund is used to account for all resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources which are required by law or administrative action to be accounted for in a separate fund. The following have been classified as major funds in the accompanying fund financial statements:

Housing Authority Fund

Established pursuant to the California Health and Safety Code, Section 34176(a). The primary purpose of the Housing Authority is to promote affordable housing for families of low and moderate income within the City.

HOME Program Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the Federal Home Investment Partnership Program of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These revenues must be expended for acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction of rental housing.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Park Development Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for development and maintenance of the City's park system. Financing is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Capital Improvements Fund

Established to account for the construction of capital facilities financed by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

Measure "M2" Fund

Established to account for the receipt and expenditure of the 2006 voter-approved one-half percent sales tax for local transportation improvements. Measure M2 is a 30-year extension of the earlier Measure M program.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor governmental funds constitute all other governmental funds which include nine Special Revenue Funds, one Debt Service Fund and seven Capital Projects Funds.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

			Special Revenue			ue
		General		Housing Authority	HOME Program	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$	50,939,289	\$	1,733,902	\$	111,563
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)		-		-		-
Due from other governments		12,178,652		-		4,919
Accounts receivable (net)		527,650		28,654		-
Interest receivable		154,966		4,652		299
Loans receivable		-		3,334,742		2,996,362
Rent receivable		225,816		19,335		-
Due from other funds (note 3)		333,155 2,161,909		-		-
Advances to other funds (note 4) Inventories		43,956		-		-
Prepaid items		47,978		-		-
Total assets	\$	66,613,371	\$	5,121,285	\$	3,113,143
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	2,178,792	\$	29,520	\$	325
Accrued liabilities		66,862		-		-
Retentions payable		-		-		-
Deposits payable		783,667		22,998		-
Due to other funds (note 3)		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		2,996,362
Advances from other funds (note 4)						-
Total liabilities		3,029,321		52,518		2,996,687
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>						
Unavailable revenues		518,921		4,000		
Fund Balances (Note 11)						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items		47,978		-		-
Inventories		43,956		-		-
Advances to other funds		2,161,909		-		-
Restricted for:						
Protection of persons and property		-		-		-
Community programs		-		5,064,767		116,456
Public services		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Committed		16,125,000		-		-
Assigned		13,819,088		-		-
Unassigned		30,867,198				
Total fund balances		63,065,129		5,064,767		116,456
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•	66 610 051	¢.	5 101 005	Φ.	2 1 1 2 1 4 2
resources, and fund balances	\$	66,613,371	\$	5,121,285	\$	3,113,143

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Capital Projects Nonmajor Park Capital Governmental Totals 2017 2016 Measure "M2" Development Improvements Funds \$ 5,266,969 \$ 23,791,317 17,075,096 \$ 104,301,017 \$ 91,647,681 5,382,881 4,386,549 4,386,549 4,356,813 40,000 1,512,842 280,174 21,827,516 14,016,587 44,130 10,253 572,014 610,687 14,465 65,305 15,782 44,652 300,121 184,163 491,050 6,822,154 7,062,595 245,151 234,805 333,155 279,539 2,161,909 2,375,720 43,956 45,480 47,978 64,885 5,281,434 23,940,752 6,911,505 22,287,774 \$ 133,269,264 \$ 128,651,211 \$ 163 2,347,661 303,057 \$ 538,272 \$ 5,397,790 5,027,705 18,750 395,273 480,885 1,760,316 190,996 200,535 88,752 480,283 584,544 806,665 765,925 333,155 279,539 333,155 491,050 3,487,412 2,161,909 2,161,909 2,375,720 2,162,072 2,557,407 503,592 1,846,502 13,148,099 10,793,749 84,130 974,670 46,916 1,628,637 10,476,602 47,978 64,885 43,956 45,480 2,161,909 2,375,720 89,505 89,505 791,187 3,119,362 189,122 8,489,707 2,949,623 5,433,243 8,857,894 14,291,137 28,381,864 5,186,549 5,186,549 5,321,813 16,125,000 16,125,000 21,299,215 6,320,265 41,438,568 19,423,639 (248,979)30,618,219 31,901,649 3,119,362 21,299,215 5,433,243 20,394,356 118,492,528 107,380,860 5,281,434 \$ 23,940,752 6,911,505 \$ 22,287,774 \$ 133,269,264 \$ 128,651,211



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Fund balances of governmental funds

\$ 118,492,528

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole:

Cost of capital assets	572,267,981
Accumulated depreciation	(344,415,515)

Long-Term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position:

Bonds payable	(21,620,000)
Employee benefits leave payable	(4,010,752)
OPEB	(4,280,610)

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on outstanding debt payable.

(250,338)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position because they primarily service governmental activities of the City.

1,052,528

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Certain unavailable revenues that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

1,628,637

Pensions

Amounts regarding the pension plans are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources		48,070,496
Deferred inflows of resources		(6,493,424)
CalPERS pension liability	((270,378,279)
Police 1% Supplemental Retirement		(2,527,726)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	87,535,526

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Special	Revenue
	General	Housing Authority	HOME Program
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Charges for services Rental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 98,280,401 2,933,305 1,352,205 11,078,463 3,718,787 2,791,744 (161,368) 1,475,498	\$ 139,212 - - 400,671 31,035 352,076	\$ - - 232,746 - - 488 41,000
Total revenues	121,469,035	922,994	274,234
Expenditures: Current: General government Protection of persons and property Community programs Public services Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	26,518,266 63,774,617 8,153,377 6,099,958	- 471,127 - -	255,032 - -
Total expenditures	104,546,218	471,127	255,032
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	16,922,817	451,867	19,202
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in (note 5) Transfers out (note 5)	935 (18,331,084)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,330,149)		
Net change in fund balances	(1,407,332)	451,867	19,202
Fund balances at beginning of year as restated (note 24)	64,472,461	4,612,900	97,254
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 63,065,129	\$ 5,064,767	\$ 116,456

Capital Projects

	Park	Capital		Nonmajor Governmental	То	tals
Dev	elopment_	Improvements	Measure "M2"	Funds	2017	2016
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,045,116	\$ 99,464,729	\$ 99,349,202
	-	-	-	-	2,933,305	2,983,081
	-	-	-	477	1,352,682	1,609,134
	.	3,046,662	5,620,539	3,226,855	23,205,265	17,612,288
	1,541,038	-	-	649,287	5,909,112	6,668,445
	-	-	-	96,807	3,289,222	3,336,053
	47,040	220,057	50,620	232,689	420,561	1,775,765
			15,931	285,710	2,170,215	1,679,917
	1,588,078	3,266,719	5,687,090	5,536,941	138,745,091	135,013,885
	_	_	_	_	26,518,266	25,102,067
	_	-	-	2,367,086	66,141,703	64,426,376
	13,612	_	-	517,020	9,410,168	8,019,356
	-	11,198,303	1,256,272	3,125,962	21,680,495	19,836,633
	-	-	-	2,755,000	2,755,000	2,650,000
	11,879			980,504	992,383	1,109,037
	25,491	11,198,303	1,256,272	9,745,572	127,498,015	121,143,469
	1,562,587	(7,931,584)	4,430,818	(4,208,631)	11,247,076	13,870,416
	-	12,421,395	-	3,635,689	16,058,019	12,852,940
		(1,326,000)		(935)	(19,658,019)	(12,852,940)
	_	11,095,395		3,634,754	(3,600,000)	
	1,562,587	3,163,811	4,430,818	(573,877)	7,647,076	13,870,416
	<u></u>					
	1,556,775	18,135,404	1,002,425	20,968,233	110,845,452	93,510,444
\$	3,119,362	\$ 21,299,215	\$ 5,433,243	\$ 20,394,356	\$118,492,528	\$107,380,860



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 7,647,076

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expenses, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay 9,658,734
Depreciation expense (11,184,975)

Long-Term Debt Transactions

Some expense reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Repayment of debt service is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and, thus, has the effect of reducing fund balances because current financial resources have been used. For the City as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities.

Net changes in employee benefits leave payable	96,676
Principal payments - bonds	2,755,000
OPEB	(334,047)
Police Retirement 1% Supplemental	238,946

Pension

Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required contributions. In the Statement of Activities, pension expenses includes the change in the net pension liability, and related change in pension amounts for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

(1,682,061)

Accrued Interest

Recording of the current year change of accrued interest on outstanding debt payable.

18,150

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The adjustments for Internal Service Funds "close" those funds by charging additional amounts to participating governmental activities to completely cover the Internal Service Funds' costs for the year.

(2,079,577)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Certain unavailable revenues that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

(1,785,371)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 3,348,551

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
	2017	2016			
Assets	2017	2010			
Current assets:					
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 9,973,387	\$ 7,496,829			
Accounts receivable	2,034	895			
Interest receivable	27,342	13,856			
Prepaid expenses		4,612			
Inventories	93,297	108,705			
Total current assets	10,096,060	7,624,897			
Capital assets:					
Motorized equipment	12,815,959	12,518,827			
Other equipment	2,332,987	1,895,810			
Accumulated depreciation	(8,087,209)	(7,924,282)			
•					
Net capital assets	7,061,737	6,490,355			
Total assets	17,157,797	14,115,252			
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	397,123	377,529			
Accrued liabilities	, -	11,878			
Claims payable (note 8)	1,120,815	1,154,274			
Total current liabilities	1,517,938	1,543,681			
I ama tamus liabilitias.					
Long-term liabilities:	14 507 221	0.420.466			
Claims payable (note 8)	14,587,331	9,439,466			
Total long-term liabilities	14,587,331	9,439,466			
Total liabilities	16,105,269	10,983,147			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	7,061,737	6,490,355			
Unrestricted	(6,009,209)	(3,358,250)			
		(2,220,220)			
Total net position	\$ 1,052,528	\$ 3,132,105			

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
	2017	2016		
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 7,426,740	\$ 6,372,792		
Total operating revenues	7,426,740	6,372,792		
Operating expenses:				
Allocated administrative costs	1,241,402	1,425,942		
Depreciation	847,266	616,963		
Consulting costs	27,713	-		
Fuel and repair parts	962,611	1,002,713		
Claims and premiums	10,104,413	4,002,807		
Total operating expenses	13,183,405	7,048,425		
Operating loss	(5,756,665)	(675,633)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment income	76,088	95,452		
Contributions	32,232	-		
Gain/(loss) on sale of equipment	(31,232)	13,100		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	77,088	108,552		
Change in net position, before transfers	(5,679,577)	(567,081)		
Transfers in	4,926,000	-		
Transfers out	(1,326,000)			
Total Transfers	3,600,000			
Change in net position	(2,079,577)	(567,081)		
Net position at beginning of year	3,132,105	3,699,186		
Net position at end of year	\$ 1,052,528	\$ 3,132,105		

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
	 2017		2016
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and user departments Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 7,425,601 (6,506,923) (687,074)	\$	6,390,125 (5,793,218) (675,151)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 231,604		(78,244)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds	4,926,000 (1,326,000)		- -
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	3,600,000		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from disposal of assets Acquisition of capital assets	106,344 (1,523,992)		42,633 (2,556,060)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	 (1,417,648)		(2,513,427)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received	62,602		96,117
Net cash provided by investing activities	 62,602		96,117
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,476,558		(2,495,554)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,496,829		9,992,383
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 9,973,387	\$	7,496,829
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (5,756,665)	\$	(675,633)
Depreciation	847,266		616,963
(Increase) decrease in inventories	15,408		(10,729)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,139)		17,333
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	4,612		(4,612)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	19,594		264,310
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(11,878)		(132)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	5,114,406		(285,744)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 231,604	\$	(78,244)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Successor Agency to the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and investments (note 2) Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Total assets	\$	700,989 - - - - 700,989	\$2,999,005 12,671 329 14,914 \$3,026,919
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	177	\$ 553,518 2,473,401
Total liabilities		177	\$3,026,919
Net Position			
Held in trust for Successor Agency	\$	700,812	

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Net Position For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Successor Agency

	to the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency			
	Private Purpose Trust Fund			
	2017		2016	
Additions:				
Property taxes	\$	817,350	\$	1,535,081
Investment earnings		298		85
Total revenues		817,648		1,535,166
Deductions:				
Program expenses of former redevelopment agency		26,623		102,155
Administrative expenses		231,746		223,879
Interest and fiscal agent expenses of former				
redevelopment agency		54,121		79,432
Repayment of advance to the City		649,100		287,740
Total expenses		961,590		693,206
Change in net position		(143,942)		841,960
Net position at beginning of year		844,754		2,794
Net position at end of year	\$	700,812	\$	844,754



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the City of Costa Mesa, California (City):

(a) <u>Description of Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Costa Mesa was incorporated on June 29, 1953 as a general law city under the Government Code of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and the City Council is composed of five members. Among services provided by the City are the following: public works, parks and recreation, planning, community development, fire, and law enforcement services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the City is either able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent upon the City (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

All of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfold data of the City. The following organizations are considered to be component units of the City:

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority

The Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority (Authority) was established on August 20, 1990 for the purpose of financing public capital improvements. Even though it is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Authority. Transactions of the Authority are reported in the Debt Service Fund. Upon completion, separate financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at City Hall.

Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1

The Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1 (District) was incorporated for the purpose of acquiring certain public facilities. Even though it is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the District. Transactions are reported in the Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements for the District are not prepared.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(a) <u>Description of Reporting Entity, (Continued)</u>

Costa Mesa Housing Authority

The Costa Mesa Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was created pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34176(a). The primary purpose of the Housing Authority is to promote affordable housing for families of low and moderate income within the City. The Housing Authority is a separate entity primarily funded by housing loan repayments. City Council members, in separate session, serve as the governing board of the Housing Authority, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City. Financial activity of the Housing Authority has been reported as if it were part of the City in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Upon completion, separate financial statements of the Housing Authority can be obtained at City Hall.

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The *basic financial statements* of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as its discretely presented component units. The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as expenditures.

Franchise fees and business license charges have been reported as general revenues because the fees are based on gross receipts, not charges for services.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying account system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, recording resources, related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Proprietary statements include financial information for internal service funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for Agency and Private Purpose Trust funds. Fiduciary funds of the City represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified* accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available where cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that generally only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on the balance sheet in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources", since they do not represent fund balance.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by unavailable revenues are reported as deferred inflows of revenues.

Due to the nature of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *other financing sources* rather than a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are presented using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the statement of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives us essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment income, gain or loss on sale of equipment and miscellaneous revenues result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than being reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than being reported as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the internal service fund are reported as reductions of the related liability, rather than as expenses.

The City's agency funds are fiduciary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(c) Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. Expenditures of this fund include the general operating expenditures and other costs, which are not paid through other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Housing Authority Fund — This special revenue fund was established per Section 34176(a) of the Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of this Fund is to promote and preserve affordable housing for families of low and moderate income within the City. Financing is primarily provided by housing rehabilitation loan payments.

HOME Program Fund – This special revenue fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the Federal Home Investment Partnership Program of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These revenues must be expended for acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction of rental housing.

Capital Projects Funds

Park Development Fund – This capital projects fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for development and maintenance of the City's park system. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Capital Improvements Fund – This capital projects fund was established to account for construction of capital facilities financed by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

Measure "M2" Fund – This capital projects fund was established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for construction of the 2006 voter-approved one-half percent sales tax for local transportation improvements. Measure M2 is a 30-year extension of the earlier Measure M program.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action for a specified purpose.

Debt Service Funds – are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term liabilities, interest, and related fiscal agent costs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(c) Fund Classifications, (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds – The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds are used to finance and account for activities involved in rendering equipment replacement, self-insurance services, and information technology replacement to departments within the City. Costs of materials, equipment, and services used are accumulated in these funds and charged to the user departments as such goods are delivered or services rendered.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – The private-purpose trust fund accounts for the assets, liabilities, additions, and deductions made on behalf of the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency.

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, government entities, and others. Such funds are operated by carrying out the specifications of trust indentures, statutes, ordinances, or other governing regulations.

(d) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value except for the following: investment contracts that are reported at cost because the contracts are not transferable and have terms that are not affected by changes in interest rates; and Lehman Brother's Holding, Inc., which consists of the City's estimated investment balance being held in an escrow account as part of ongoing bankruptcy proceedings.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(e) <u>Cash Equivalents</u>

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents also represent the proprietary funds share in the cash and investment pool of the City.

(f) Advances to Other Funds

Long-term interfund advances are recorded as receivables by the advancing governmental funds and as liabilities in the receiving funds.

(g) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories of materials and supplies are carried at cost on an average cost basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories.

(h) <u>Prepaids</u>

The City uses the consumption method to record prepaid items.

(i) New Accounting Pronouncements

Current Year Standards

GASB 73 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, contains provisions that address employer and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of GASB 68, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, and was early implemented in the prior year.

GASB 74 - Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, and did not impact the City.

GASB 77 - *Tax Abatement Disclosure*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and did not impact the City.

GASB 78 - Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and did not impact the City.

GASB 79 - Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, contains certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and did not impact the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(i) New Accounting Pronouncements, (Continued)

Current Year Standards (Continued)

GASB 80 - Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, and did not impact the City.

Pending Accounting Standards

GASB has issued the following statements, which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

- GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB 81 *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016.
- GASB 82 *Pension Issues*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for certain provisions on selection of assumptions, which are effective in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.
- GASB 83 Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.
- GASB 84 *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- GASB 85 Omnibus 2017, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB 86 Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB 87 *Leases*, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

(j) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost at the time of purchase. Assets acquired from gifts or contributions are recorded at acquisition value on the date received. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of two years or more.

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, sewers, and storm drains. Public domain assets acquired prior to 1980 have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(j) Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of proprietary funds. It is the City's policy not to depreciate or amortize assets in its first year of service. A full year of depreciation or amortization is charged at final year of asset life or upon disposal. Depreciation and amortization are charged as expenses against operations and accumulated depreciation and amortization are reported on the respective statement of net position. The ranges of lives used for computing depreciation and amortization for each capital asset class are as follows:

Building improvements and structures	10-20	years
Landscaping and sprinklers	35-40	years
Automotive equipment	2-20	years
Office furniture	5-20	years
Office machines	3-20	years
Other equipment	5-60	years
Intangible assets	7-10	years
Park system and facilities	10-25	years
Infrastructure – roads	5-50	years
Infrastructure – storm drains	50-100	years

(k) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflow related to pensions. This amount is equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experience. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions for the changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plans fiduciary net position. This amount is amortized over five years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(k) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenues, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of
 accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Governmental fund
 balance sheets report unavailable revenues from three sources: long-term loans
 receivable, grants not collected within the availability period, and accumulated
 interest on a long-term receivable. These amounts are deferred and will be
 recognized as inflows of resources in periods that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experience. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred inflow from pensions resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred inflow related to pensions for the changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

(1) Fund Balances

Fund balances are reported in the fund statements in the following classifications:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – this includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowments).

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. If Council action limiting the use of funds is included in the same action (legislation) that created (enables) the funding source, then it is restricted.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(1) Fund Balances, (Continued)

Committed Fund Balance – this includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action of a city ordinance by the Council. It includes legislation (Council action) that can only be overturned by new legislation requiring the same type of voting consensus that created the original action. Therefore, if Council action limiting the use of funds is separate from the action (legislation) that created (enables) the funding source, then it is committed, not restricted. For the purposes of establishing, modifying, and rescinding a committed fund balance, the City considers an ordinance more binding than a resolution or a minute action by City Council.

Assigned Fund Balance – this includes amounts that are designated or expressed by the Council, but does not require a formal action like a resolution or ordinance. The Council may delegate the ability of an employee or committee to assign uses of specific funds for specific purposes. In June 2011, the City Council passed Resolution 11-27, delegating authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance assignment to the Finance Director.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – this includes amounts that are the residual balance for the City's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of the unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

(m) Employee Leave Benefits

Eligible employees accumulate up to 26.5 days of vacation each year, depending on the employee's bargaining unit and length of service, but may not carry over from one year to the next more than the equivalent of one to two (depends on Memorandum of Understanding or Salary Resolution) year's vacation without prior approval of the respective department head and/or City Manager.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(m) Employee Leave Benefits, (Continued)

A liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances except for miscellaneous and confidential and Costa Mesa Police Association (CMPA) employee groups. The liability is recorded only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. Unused sick leave is converted to CalPERS service credit at the time of retirement. The ability to liquidate leave balances is available to all employee groups with the exception of miscellaneous and confidential and CMPA employee groups. All other separations result in the forfeiture of the accrued leave benefit. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness) which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

A current liability is accrued in the governmental funds for material leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to year-end. All other amounts are only recorded in the government-wide financial statements. These non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

(n) Claims and Judgments

The City records a liability for litigation, judgments, and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred prior to year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. This liability is recorded in an internal service fund, which accounts for the City's self-insurance activities.

(o) Prior Year Data

The information included in the accompanying financial statements for the prior year has been presented for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(p) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(q) <u>Estimations</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reported as follows:

Statement of Net Position: Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Statement of Fiduciary Net Position: Cash and investments	\$ 114,274,404 4,386,549 3,699,994
Total cash and investments	\$ 122,360,947
Cash and investments at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:	
Cash and deposits: Petty cash on hand Demand deposits Total cash and deposits	\$ 10,100 5,190,315 5,200,415
Investments: Costa Mesa Community Facilities District Bonds Commercial paper Medium-term corporate notes Federal agency securities Money market mutual funds Local Agency Investment Fund U.S. Treasury securities Lehman Brothers Holdings, Incbankruptcy	800,000 2,982,380 14,212,130 27,829,023 4,563,257 47,072,884 19,369,608 331,250
Total investments	117,160,532
Total cash and investments	\$ 122,360,947

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Costa Mesa's</u> <u>Investment Policy</u>

The table below identifies investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and investment policies of the City. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

A	uthorized by	7		
Investment Types	Investment	Maximum	Percentage	Investment In
Authorized by State Law	<u>Policy</u>	Maturity*	of Portfolio*	One Issuer*
U.S. Treasury Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	35%
Municipal Securities	Yes	5 years	None	5%
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	5%
Federally Insured Time Deposit	Yes	5 Years	None	None
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	20%	None
Certificate of Deposit Placement Service	e Yes	5 years	30%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	30%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	None
Mortgage Backed Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	Yes	N/A	35%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	\$65 Million	\$65 Million

^{*} Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. Generally, the following investment types are authorized by City debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Maximum Percentage <u>Allowed</u>	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Securities	None	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	270 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	365 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	10%
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Interest-Bearing Time Deposits	30 days	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-refunded Municipal			
Obligations	None	None	None

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments, and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

Remaining Maturity (in Months)

Investment Type	<u>Total</u>	12 Months Or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months
Federal Agency Securities	\$27,829,023	10,987,742	3,245,414	13,595,867	-
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	47,072,884	47,072,884	-	-	-
U.S. Treasury Securities	19,369,608	-	2,000,469	17,369,139	-
Commercial Paper	2,982,380	2,982,380	-	-	-
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	14,212,130	2,302,253	2,011,051	9,898,826	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	176,708	176,708	-	-	-
Held by Trustee:					
Costa Mesa Community Facilities District Bonds	800,000	175,000	400,000	225,000	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,386,549	4,386,549	-	-	-
Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., Bankruptcy	331,250	331,250	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$117,160,532</u>	<u>68,414,766</u>	<u>7,656,934</u>	41,088,832	

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City (including investments held by bond trustees) held no investments, which were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type:

			Ratings at 6/30/17		
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Minimum Legal Rating	Moody's	Standard & Poors	
Federal Agency Securities	\$27,829,023	N/A	Aaa	AA+	
U.S. Treasury Securities	19,369,608	N/A	Not Required to be Rated	Not Required to be Rated	
Commercial Paper	2,982,380	A	P-1	A-1	
Medium-Term Corporate Notes:					
ACE INA Holdings Incorporate	1,005,703	A	A3	A	
American Honda Finance	1,008,491	A	A1	A+	
Apple Incorporate	976,974	A	Aal	AA+	
Bank of New York	1,009,855	A	A1	A	
Chevron Corporation	1,000,366	A	Aa2	AA-	
Eli Lilly & Company	652,878	A	Aa2	AA-	
Exxon Mobil Corporation	702,762	A	Aaa	AA+	
General Electric Capital	1,000,611	A	A1	AA-	
HSBC USA	650,218	A	A2	A	
John Deere Capital Corporation	1,008,969	A	A2	A	
JP Morgan Chase	501,551	A	A3	A-	
Microsoft	684,900	A	Aaa	AAA	
PepsiCo Incorporate	649,587	A	A1	A+	
Qualcomm Incorporate	656,165	A	A1	A	
State Street Bank	691,160	A	A1	A	
Toyota Motor Credit Corporation	704,858	A	Aa3	AA-	
US Bancorp	655,411	A	A1	A+	
Wells Fargo Corporation	651,671	A	A2	A	
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	47,072,884	N/A	Not Rated	Not Rated	
Money Market Mutual Funds	176,708	AAA	Aaa	AAA	
Held by Trustee:					
Costa Mesa Community Facilities District Bond	800,000	N/A	Not Rated	Not Rated	
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,386,549	AAA	Aaa	AAA	
Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc., Bankruptcy	331,250	N/A	Not Rated	Not Rated	
Total	\$117,160,532				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk, (Continued)

Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting (GAAFR) requires the disclosure of more than 5% total investments with a single issuer. At June 30, 2017, the City's investment in the following single issuers that exceeded 5%:

<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Investment Type</u>	Reported Amount	<u>Percentage</u>
FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	\$ 9,235,702	8%
FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	7,726,435	7%
FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	9,870,249	8%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

<u>Investment in State Investment Pool</u>

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a description of the recurring valuation methods and assumptions used by the City to estimate the fair value of its investments.

For a large portion of the City's portfolio, the City's asset manager applies their leveling methodology across all securities in a specific sector (i.e. Federal Agency Securities). Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets.

The City's investments in the Costa Mesa Community Facilities District Bonds and Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc. Bankruptcy are valued based on cost as these investments are not traded on, and therefore, are categorized in Level 3. When valuing Level 3 securities, the inputs or methodology are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy.

	Quoted Prices		Observable Inputs	J	Jnobservable Inputs	
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total
Federal Agency Securities	\$	-	\$ 27,829,023	\$		\$ 27,829,023
U.S. Treasury Securities		-	19,369,608		-	19,369,608
Commercial Paper		-	2,982,380		-	2,982,380
Medium Term Corporate Notes		-	14,212,130		-	14,212,130
Held by Trustee:						
Costa Mesa Community						
Facilities District Bonds		-	-		800,000	800,000
Lehman Brothers						
Holdings, Inc. Bankruptcy			 		331,250	 331,250
Total Leveled Investments	\$	=	\$ 64,393,141	\$	1,131,250	65,524,391
State Investment Pool (LAIF)*						47,072,884
Money Market Mutual Funds*						176,708
Held by Trustee:						
Money Market Mutual Funds*						 4,386,549
Total Investment Portfolio						\$ 117,160,532

^{*} Not subject to fair value measurements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(3) Due From and To Other Funds

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Receivable FundPayable FundAmountGeneral FundNonmajor Governmental Funds\$ 333,155

All receivables resulted from the recording of reimbursement of miscellaneous costs, which are expected to be reimbursed next year.

(4) Advances To and From Other Funds

Advances to and from other funds at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund Park Development Capital Projects Fund \$2,161,909

The terms for the significant advances reflected above are as follows:

The outstanding advance from the General Fund to the Park Development Capital Projects Fund was for the purchase of park land. In June 2014, the City Council approved a restructuring of the original terms of the advance, which included an interest rate of 0.50% with an annual payment of \$225,690. The advance is expected to be repaid by 2034 with future park development fees.

(5) Transfers In and Out

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Transfers out	<u>Transfers in</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General Fund	Major Capital Projects Fund	\$ 11,095,395	(a1)
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3,635,689	(a2 to a3)
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	3,600,000	(a4)
Internal Service Funds	Major Capital Projects Fund	1,326,000	(d)
Major Capital Projects Fund	Internal Service Funds	1,326,000	(d)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	 935	(b)(c)
•		\$ 18,322,019	

- (a) The General Fund transferred the following to:
 - 1. \$11,095,395 to the Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund for capital improvement projects.
 - 2. \$117,635 to the Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Special Revenue Fund for public safety expenditures:
 - 3. \$3.518,054 to the Financing Authority Debt Service Fund for debt service payments;
 - 4. \$3,600,000 to the Internal Service Fund for self-insurance costs (\$1,000,000) and for equipment replacement (\$2,600,000).
- (b) The Parking Districts Capital Projects Fund transferred \$471 in investment earnings back to the General Fund
- (c) The Office of Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund transferred \$464 to the General Fund for reimbursement of overtime costs.
- (d) \$1,326,000 from the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for 800 Mhz project and subsequent repayment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(6) Capital Asset

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2016 As Restated	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance at June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 34,579,306	_	_	34,579,306
Land rights related to streets	29,821,224	_	_	29,821,224
Construction in progress	5,174,949	8,333,750	(247,841)	13,260,858
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	69,575,479	8,333,750	(247,841)	77,661,388
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized	1:			
Building improvements and structures	64,698,930	194,595	-	64,893,525
Landscaping and sprinklers	10,298,694	257,367	-	10,556,061
Automotive equipment	13,111,395	1,086,815	(789,683)	13,408,527
Office furniture	845,170	164,012	-	1,009,182
Office machines	9,427,550	208,421	-	9,635,971
Other equipment	9,806,765	884,060	_	10,690,825
Intangible assets	1,477,101	62,229	_	1,539,330
Park system and facilities	16,949,431	<u>-</u>	_	16,949,431
Infrastructure – roads	286,174,713	239,316	_	286,414,029
Infrastructure – storm drains	94,658,655	<u> </u>		94,658,655
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	507,448,404	3,096,815	(789,683)	509,755,536
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	on for:			
Building improvements and structures	(38,075,749)	(2,079,196)	_	(40,154,945)
Landscaping and sprinklers	(9,667,543)	(40,178)	-	(9,707,721)
Automotive equipment	(8,240,957)	(697,757)	684,340	(8,254,374)
Office furniture	(461,482)	(47,087)	-	(508,569)
Office machines	(6,437,881)	(620,564)	-	(7,058,445)
Other equipment	(5,248,051)	(841,098)	-	(6,089,149)
Park system and facilities	(8,295,654)	(776,406)	-	(9,075,060)
Intangible assets	(303,172)	(149,565)	-	(452,737)
Infrastructure – roads	(183,409,100)	(5,736,467)	_	(189,145,567)
Infrastructure – storm drain	(81,015,232)	(1,043,922)		(82,059,154)
Total accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	(341,154,821)	(12,032,240)	684,340	(352,502,721)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	166,293,583	(8,935,425)	(105,343)	157,252,815
Capital assets, net	<u>\$235,869,062</u>	(601,675)	(353,184)	234,914,203

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

Capital Assets, (Continued) (6)

Depreciation expense is charged to the following functions for the year ended June 30, 2017:

O 1	
Governmental	activities.
Oovermineman	activities.

General government	\$ 1,586,770
Protection of persons and property	2,368,327
Community programs	1,242,810
Public services	6,834,333
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$12,032,240</u>

\$12,032,240

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2017. The significant projects include the following:

				Remaining
Construction Project	Project #	Total Budget	Spent to Date	Commitment
Red Hill Medians-McCormick to Bristol	300156	\$ 1,064,700	\$ 104,900	\$ 959,800
Fire Station #1 Demo and New Construction	200076	1,676,201	2,366,621	(690,420)
Lion's Park Projects	800015	6,362,301	2,555,656	3,806,645
Bristol/Bear Street Rehabilitation	300159	1,974,493	1,013,564	960,929
East 19th Street Safe Route to School	370036	1,451,038	832,271	618,767
Jack Hammet Field Upgrade	700115	2,775,000	200,078	2,574,922
Total		<u>\$ 15,303,733</u>	\$ 7,073,090	\$ 8,230,643

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(7) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 201	Portion Due Within One 7 Year	Portion Due Beyond One Year
Bonds payable (Note 8): Public Financing Authority	<u></u>				<u> </u>	
2003 Refunding						
Certificates of Participation	n \$3,475,000	-	(1,110,000)	2,365,000	1,155,000	1,210,000
Public Financing Authority						
2006 Revenue						
Refunding Bonds	1,125,000	-	(165,000)	960,000	175,000	785,000
Public Financing Authority						
2007 Certificates of	10.775.000		(1, 400, 000)	10.205.000	1 520 000	16765000
Participation	19,775,000		(1,480,000)	<u>18,295,000</u>	1,530,000	16,765,000
Total bonds payable	24,375,000		(2,755,000)	21,620,000	2,860,000	18,760,000
Other liabilities (Note 9):						
Claims payable	10,593,740	10,718,819	(5,604,413)	15,708,146	1,120,815	14,587,331
Employee leave	, ,		, , , ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
benefits payable	4,107,428	3,257,684	(3,354,360)	4,010,752	3,000,000	1,010,752
Net OPEB obligation	3,946,563	2,735,755	(2,401,708)	4,280,610	-	4,280,610
Police Retirement						
1% Supplemental	2,766,672	<u>77,214</u>	(316,160)	2,527,726		2,527,726
Total other liabilities	21,414,403	12,289,472	(11,676,641)	22,027,234	4,120,815	17,906,419
Total	\$45,789,403	16,789,472	(14,431,641)	48,147,234	6.980.815	41,166,419
***			× + - + +			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(8) Bonds Payable

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority Bonds

2007 Certificates of Participation

On January 18, 2007, the Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority issued \$29,960,000 of 2007 Certificates of Participation. The Certificates are to provide funding for the construction and equipping of certain improvements to the Civic Center complex particularly the expansion of the police facility. The Certificates mature from October 1, 2007 through October 1, 2026 in annual installments ranging from \$745,000 to \$2,180,000. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing on April 1, 2007 at a rate ranging from 3.75% to 4.30%.

There is a reserve requirement of \$2,297,204 on the 2007 Certificate of Participation. The City has \$2,298,646 on reserve with the fiscal agent at June 30, 2017. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$18,295,000.

2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds

On June 1, 2006, Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority issued \$2,365,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A, to advance refund the outstanding portion of the \$3,225,000 of the 1991 Lease Revenue Bonds issued on November 1, 1991. The bonds were issued to provide monies to enable the Authority to acquire the City of Costa Mesa Community Facilities District 91-1 (Plaza Tower Public Improvements) 1991 Special Tax Bonds, issued under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The \$2,365,000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, which consists of \$1,955,000 of serial bonds and \$410,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds mature from August 1, 2007 through August 1, 2019 in annual installments ranging from \$120,000 to \$190,000. The term bonds mature from August 1, 2020 through August 1, 2021 in annual installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$210,000. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing on February 1, 2007 at rates ranging from 3.85% to 5.10%.

There is a reserve requirement of \$224,755 on the 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds. The City has \$224,854 on reserve with the fiscal agent at June 30, 2017. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$960,000.

The bonds are secured by special tax levied within CFD 91-1 Plaza Tower Public Improvements. The special taxes are levied and collected for debt service on the bonds are required to be remitted to the fiscal agent for the bonds within ten business days of receipt. The County remitted taxes on December 22, 2016 and April 21, 2017; the City remitted payments 10 and 5 days later, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(8) Bonds Payable, (Continued)

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority Bonds, (Continued)

2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation

On October 1, 2003, the Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority issued a \$14,340,000 refunding Certificates of Participation (COP), Series 2003 to refund the \$18,970,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1993A, to advance refund \$640,000 of outstanding 1966 Bonds and \$16,430,000 of outstanding 1988 Lease Revenue Bonds. The 1966 Bonds were issued to finance construction of the Municipal Center and the 1988 Lease Revenue Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition of right-of-way property on Victoria Street. The certificates issued start maturing on 2004 to 2018 in semi-annual installments ranging from \$805,000 to \$1,210,000. Interest is payable on April 1 and October 1, commencing on April 1, 2004 at rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.2%. Certificates maturing on or after October 1, 2014 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part from among maturities as selected by the Authority on October 1, 2013. The certificates are subject to mandatory redemption on any date from the net proceeds deposited in the prepayment fund.

The amount required for the bond reserve for the 2003 Refunding Certificate of Participation is \$1,273,442. The City has \$1,274,050 on reserve with the fiscal agent at June 30, 2017. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2017 is \$2,365,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(8) Bonds Payable, (Continued)

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority Bonds, (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements for the Public Financing Authority Bonds as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

			<u>200</u>	<u>)3</u>	<u>2007</u>		
Year	200	<u>6</u>	Refunding C	Certificates	<u>Certifi</u>	<u>cates</u>	
Ending	Refunding	Revenue	Of Partic	ipation .	of Partic	<u>ipation</u>	
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
• • • • •	4 4 7 7 8 8 9 1	44.006			4		
2018	\$ 175,000	44,086	1,155,000	89,375	1,530,000	727,404	
2019	185,000	35,130	1,210,000	30,250	1,590,000	665,004	
2020	190,000	25,708	-	-	1,640,000	600,404	
2021	200,000	15,810	=	=	1,710,000	533,404	
2022	210,000	5,355	-	-	1,775,000	462,594	
2023	-	-	-	-	1,850,000	387,829	
2024	-	-	-	-	1,925,000	309,248	
2025	-	-	-	-	2,005,000	226,216	
2026	-	-	-	-	2,090,000	138,675	
2027					2,180,000	46,870	
Total	\$ 960,000	126,089	2,365,000	119,625	18,295,000	4,097,648	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(9) Other Liabilities

Claims and Judgments

The City retains the risk of loss for general liability and workers' compensation claims as described in note 19. These amounts represent estimates of amounts to be paid for reported general liability and workers' compensation claims including incurred-but-not-reported claims based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2017, is dependent on future developments, based upon information from the City's attorneys, the City's claims administrators and others involved with the administration of the programs, City management believes the accrual is adequate to cover such losses. The estimated liability at June 30, 2017 for general liability amounted to \$5,605,804 and workers' compensation was \$10,102,342.

\$ 15,708,146

Employee Leave Balances Payable

The City's policies relating to compensated absences are described in note 1. The following liability at June 30, 2017 is expected to be paid primarily by the general fund in future years, consistent with prior year treatment.

4,010,752

OPEB

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan, which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as described in note 16. The plan covers employees hired before January 1, 2004 who retire directly from the City with 10 years of City service. The City provides a contribution up to a percentage of the lesser of \$500 per month or the premium for the most popular medical plan elected by the employees. The net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2017 was \$4,280,610. This amount is expected to be paid primarily by the general fund in future years, consistent with prior year treatment.

4,280,610

Police Retirement 1% Supplemental

The City of Costa Mesa joined the CalPERS 3%@age 50 plan for police employees on December 31, 2000. Prior to that date, the City sponsored the retirement plan providing a 2%@age 50 benefit and the Police Officer Separation Incentive Plan providing an additional 1%@age 50 benefit as described in note 14. This Plan currently has only retired participants as all active employees were transferred to the CalPERS 3%@age 50 plan. The net pension obligation at June 30, 2017 for the 1% enhancement was \$2,527,726. This amount is expected to be paid primarily by the general fund in future years consistent with prior year treatment.

2,527,726

Total other liabilities

\$ 26,527,234

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(10) Debt Without Government Commitment

The following issues of bonds are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position since they are obligations of private parties (with no government commitment) payable entirely from and secured by non-City resources as described in the bond resolutions and statements of the various issues:

The City of Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1, issued \$2,965,000 of District 91-1 Special Tax Bonds on November 1, 1991. All of the bonds were acquired by the Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority. The bonds mature from August 1, 1992 through August 1, 2021 in annual principal payments ranging from \$25,000 to \$265,000 and bear an interest rate of 8.30%. The bonds were issued to acquire certain improvements to the Anton/Bristol intersection, street improvements to Anton Boulevard and repay certain costs incurred by third parties with respect to the construction of the Metro Fire Station and the I-405 Access Study. The City is not liable for repayment of these bonds, but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to the bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 was \$800,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

Major

(11) Fund Balances

Fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2017:

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capit	al Projects Funds		
	General	Housing Authority	HOME Program	Park Development	Capital Improvements	Measure "M2"	Non- Major <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$ 47,978	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	43,956	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advance to other funds	2,161,909	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:							
Protection of persons and property	-	-	-	-	_	-	89,505
Community programs	-	5,064,767	116,456	3,119,362	-	-	189,122
Public services (1)	-	_	-	-	-	5,433,243	8,857,894
Debt service	-	-	_	-	-	_	5,186,549
Committed for:							
Declared disasters (2)	14,125,000	-	_	-	-	-	-
Self insurance (3)	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for:							
Compensated absences	4,010,752	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police Retirement 1% Supplemental	2,527,726	_	_	_	_	_	_
OPEB	4,280,610	_	_	_	_	_	_
Economics reserves	3,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
Protection of persons	2,000,000						
and property	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,655
Public services	-	-	_	-	21,299,215		5,962,610
Unassigned	30,867,198						(248,979)
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$63,065,129</u>	<u>5,064,767</u>	<u>116,456</u>	<u>3,119,362</u>	<u>21,299,215</u>	5,433,243	20,394,356

Major

- 1. Restricted fund balances in the Public Services category consist of fund balances in the Special Gas Tax, Air Quality Improvement, and Measure "M2" Construction funds. Revenues received in these funds are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as transportation related capital projects.
- 2. The fund balance committed for declared disasters was approved through Ordinance No. 2-206 to provide required funding as a result of a declared emergency by the City Council for an unanticipated but urgent event threatening the pubic health, safety and welfare of the City. Any fund balance utilized has to be replenished.
- 3. The fund balance committed for self insurance was codified in the Ordinance No. 96-14 to provide a self-insurance reserve to be used to pay actual losses not covered by insurance policies or insurance pools. Any fund balance utilized has to be replenished.

The following governmental fund had a deficit at June 30, 2017:

Nonmajor Fund: Special Revenue Fund: Proposition 172 Fund

\$(248,979)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(12) Property Tax Calendar

Property tax revenues are reported on a modified accrual basis. Accordingly, they are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied, provided this accrual meets the available criteria. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Orange collects property taxes for the City tax liens attached annually as of 12:01 a.m. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1st to June 30th. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1st. The second installment is due February 1st. All taxes are delinquent if not paid as of December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent if not paid as of August 31st.

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

(a) General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous and Police Safety Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and the Fire Safety cost sharing plans, administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5% at 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. Safety members can receive a special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. Fire members may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the Basic Death Benefit or the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(a) General Information about the Pension Plans, (Continued)

Benefits Provided, (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous (Agent Multiple-Employer)				
	Prior to	On or After	On or After		
Hire date	March 11, 2012	March 11, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5%@55	2.0%@60	2%@62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of					
eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%	6.75%		
Required employer contribution rates	32.762%	32.762%	5.75%		

	Police Safety (Agent	Multiple-Employer)
	Prior to	On or After
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3%@50	2.7%@57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	11.50%
Required employer contribution rates	55.611%	11.66%

	Fire Safety (Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer)					
		Prior to	Oı	n or After		On or After
Hire date	Dece	mber 30, 2012	Decen	nber 30, 2012	Ja	nuary 1, 2013
Benefit formula		3.0%@50		2.0%@50		2.7%@57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 ye	ars of service	5 yea	ars of service	5	years of service
Benefit payments	me	onthly for life	mo	nthly for life	1	monthly for life
Retirement age		50		50 - 55		50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of						
eligible compensation		3%	2	.0% to 2.7%		2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates		9%		9%		11.50%
Required employer contribution rates:						
Normal cost rate		21.230%		14.785%		11.50%
Payment of unfunded liability	\$	3,598,366	\$	416	\$	416

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(a) General Information about the Pension Plans, (Continued)

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the agent multiple-employer Plans:

	Miscellaneous	Police Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	475	178
Inactive employees entitled to but		
not yet receiving benefits	628	72
Active employees	316	112
Total	1,419	362

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. City contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

(b) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2016, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(b) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2015 total pension liability determined in the June 30, 2015 actuarial accounting valuation. The June 30, 2016 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

		Police &
	Miscellaneous	Fire Safety
Valuation Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal	Entry-Age Normal
	Cost Method	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)	(1)
Mortality Rate Table	(2)	(2)
Post Retirement Benefit Income	(3)	(3)

- (1) Varies by age, service and type of employment.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the April 2014 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2011) available on the CalPERS website.
- (3) Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions during the measurement period June 30, 2016. Deferred inflows of resources for changes of assumptions presented in the financial statements represent the unamortized portion of the changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(b) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the Plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(b) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Discount Rate, Continued

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS Board effective on July 1, 2015.

	New Strategic	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class	Allocation	1 - 10 (a)	11+ (b)
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Subsequent Events

In December 2016, CalPERS' Board of Directors voted to lower the discount rate used in its actuarial valuations from 7.5% to 7.0% over three fiscal years, beginning in fiscal year 2018. The change in the discount rate will affect the contribution rates for employers beginning in fiscal year 2019, and result in increases to employers' normal costs and unfunded actuarial liabilities. For the GASB Statement 68 accounting valuations, the discount rate will move straight to 7% starting with the June 30, 2017 measurement date reports and will result in an increase to employer's total pension liabilities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous (Agent Multiple-Employer) Plan, using the measurement date of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	I	ncrease (Decrease))
	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2015	_		
(Measurement Date)	\$ 251,837,852	\$ 171,902,350	\$ 79,935,502
	<u>.</u>		
Changes in the Year:			
Service cost	3,269,125	-	3,269,125
Interest on the total pension liability	18,633,944	-	18,633,944
Differences between actual and			
expected experience	(2,818,846)	-	(2,818,846)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Plan to Pan resource movement	-	3,064	(3,064)
Contributions - employer	-	6,226,072	(6,226,072)
Contributions - employees	-	1,966,557	(1,966,557)
Net investment income	-	897,287	(897,287)
Administrative expenses	-	(104,766)	104,766
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(14,145,202)	(14,145,202)	
Net Changes	4,939,021	(5,156,988)	10,096,009
Balance at June 30, 2016			
(Measurement Date)	\$ 256,776,873	\$ 166,745,362	\$ 90,031,511
•			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

The changes in the net pension liability for the Police Safety (Agent Multiple-Employer) Plan, using the measurement date of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total	Plan	Net Pension	
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability	
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2015				
(Measurement Date)	\$ 255,373,714	\$ 162,430,581	\$ 92,943,133	
Changes in the Year:				
Service cost	4,011,055		4,011,055	
201121	19,519,447	-	19,519,447	
Interest on the total pension liability Differences between actual and	19,319,447	-	19,319,447	
	1 126 621		1 126 621	
expected experience	4,436,634	-	4,436,634	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	(72)	
Plan to Pan resource movement	-	72	(72)	
Contributions - employer	-	5,992,098	(5,992,098)	
Contributions - employees	-	1,988,684	(1,988,684)	
Net investment income	-	825,770	(825,770)	
Administrative expenses	-	(98,993)	98,993	
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(13,319,431)	(13,319,431)		
Net Changes	14,647,705	(4,611,800)	19,259,505	
D. I				
Balance at June 30, 2016	¢ 270 021 410	Ф 1 <i>57</i> 010 701	¢ 112 202 (20	
(Measurement Date)	\$ 270,021,419	\$ 157,818,781	\$ 112,202,638	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for the Fire Safety Plan

As of June 30, 2017, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Fire Safety Plan as follows:

	I	Proportionate		
		Share of		
		Net Pension		
		Liability		
Fire Safety	\$	68,144,130		

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the measurement dates of June 30, 2015 and 2016 was as follows:

	Fire Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2015	1.43234%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	1.31572%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.11662%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	\mathbf{N}	Miscellaneous		Police Safety		Fire Safety	
1% Decrease		6.65%		6.65%		6.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	123,053,521	\$	150,077,752	\$	93,450,444	
Current Discount Rate		7.65%		7.65%		7.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	90,031,511	\$	112,202,638	\$	68,144,130	
1% Increase		8.65%		8.65%		8.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	62,816,506	\$	81,359,864	\$	47,370,239	

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(d) Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,182,004, \$11,016,683 and \$4,365,609 for the Miscellaneous, Police Safety, and Fire Safety Plans, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous				
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	0	of Resources	of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	6,522,784	\$	_	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(1,689,267)	
Change in assumptions		-		(209,516)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		8,949,423			
Total	\$	15,472,207	\$	(1,898,783)	
		Police Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows f Resources	
		7 Resources		Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	7,592,899	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,818,972		-	
Change in assumptions		-		(1,869,173)	
Net differences between projected and actual		0.606.504			
earnings on plan investments		8,606,524			
Total		20,018,395	_	(1,869,173)	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(13) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

(d) <u>Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

	Fire Safety			
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows		Inflows
	0	f Resources	0	f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	3,598,782	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(369,127)
Change in assumptions		-		(1,609,425)
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate share of contributions		1,074,082		(746,916)
Net differences between projected and actual				, , , ,
earnings on plan investments		7,907,030		
Total	\$	12,579,894	\$	(2,725,468)

\$6,522,784, \$7,592,899, and \$3,598,782 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Miscellaneous, Police Safety and Fire Safety Plans, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year			
Ending			
June 30,	Miscellaenous	Police Safety	Fire Safety
2018	\$ (335,017)	\$ 1,558,501	\$ 392,100
2019	828,412	2,194,932	387,752
2020	4,182,401	4,531,531	3,417,360
2021	2,374,844	2,271,359	2,058,432
2022	-	-	-
Thereafter	_	-	_

(e) Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2017, the City had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(14) Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan

(a) General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The plan was effective on July 1, 1993 for sworn members of the City of Costa Mesa Police Department. The plan was originally a 1% supplemental plan to the City's 2%@50 benefit. Under the Retirement Plan for Safety Employees of the City of Costa Mesa, the City joined CalPERS with 3%@50 Safety benefit as of December 31, 2000 and transferred active members to CalPERS. Employees who retired prior to July 1, 1999 were not transferred to CalPERS.

The Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan. This Plan currently has only retired participants as all active employees were transferred to the CalPERS 3%@age 50 benefit plan. The number of participants at June 30, 2017 was 19. The average monthly benefit being paid is \$929.75. The retirement benefit is 1% of the highest 12-month earnings for credited services up to 25 years. Maximum benefit is 75% of the highest 12-month earnings for service retirement including all public plan pension benefits but not including Social Security. The 75% is proportionately reduced for less than 25 years of Costa Mesa Police Department service.

Contributions

The City has not adopted a funding policy for this supplemental retirement plan and accordingly plan benefits impact financial resources as benefits are paid.

(b) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(14) Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan, (Continued)

(b) Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 3.4% per annum. This discount rate is the average,

rounded to 5 basis posints, of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bon Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, fidelity GO

AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Payroll Growth N/A; all participants have retired

Inflation Rate 2.75% per year

Cost Method Entry Age Normal as a level percentage of payroll

Employer Funding Policy Pay-as-you-go

Census Data

Census information was provided by the Plan Sponsor as

of June 2016.

Mortality Rates are based on CalPERS Safety Police Plan of the

City of Costa Mesa annual valuation report as of June 30,

2014. Annual sample rate are as shown below:

	Healthy 1	Retirees	Non-Duty Disal	bled Retirees
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
50	0.50%	0.47%	1.68%	1.16%
60	0.71%	0.44%	2.29%	1.24%
70	1.31%	0.99%	2.88%	2.21%
80	3.90%	2.90%	6.08%	4.73%
90	12.97%	9.88%	14.80%	9.89%
100	32.54%	30.02%	32.54%	30.02%
110	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Retirement

Disability/Turnover Rate N/A; all participants have retired

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(14) Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan, (Continued)

(b) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.40%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the differences between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted for current members during the fiscal year.

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 2,766,672
Changes in the Year:	
Service cost	-
Interest on the total pension liability	77,214
Differences between actual and	
expected experience	_
Changes in assumptions	(107,900)
Changes in benefit terms	-
Plan to Pan resource movement	-
Contributions - employer	-
Contributions - employees	-
Net investment income	-
Administrative expenses	_
Benefit payments, including refunds	
of employee contributions	 (208,260)
Net Changes	(238,946)
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 2,527,726

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(14) Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan, (Continued)

(c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 3.40%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$ 2.40% 2,751,492
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 3.40% 2,527,726
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 4.40% 2,333,153

(d) Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension income of \$30,686. At June 30, 2017, the City did not report any deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan.

(15) Defined Contribution Plan

On January 1, 2000, the City adopted a Defined Contribution Plan (Plan) for part-time employees that work under 1,000 hours during the fiscal year and do not meet the eligibility requirements to be enrolled in the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan is administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). As of June 30, 2017, there were 98 active participants in the Plan. Both the City and employees are required to each contribute 3.75% of gross wages. The City's contribution to the defined contribution plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$54,423.

(16) Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Defined Benefit)

Plan Description: The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan, which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various labor agreements. The plan covers employees hired before January 1, 2004 who retire directly from the City with 10 years of City service. The City provides a contribution up to a percentage of the lesser of \$500 per month or the premium for the most popular medical plan elected by the employees. The percentage varies by retirement date and years of City service. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2004, the City will only pay for the PEMHCA subsidy once they meet the definition of a retiree under CalPERS. The City provides retiree life insurance of \$1,000 for the retiree and \$500 for the retiree's spouse. As of June 30, 2017, the plan covered 324 active participants and 382 retiree participants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(16) Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Defined Benefit), (Continued)

City's Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$2,401,708 to the plan. The City has not established a trust that is administered by the City for the purpose of holding assets accumulated for plan benefits. There are no trust financial statements applicable to this plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years based on an open group. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$2,712,574
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)	177,595
NOO amortization adjustment to ARC	(154,414)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,735,755
Annual contributions (including premiums paid)	<u>(2,401,708)</u>
Increase in net OPEB cost (expense)	334,047
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	3,946,563
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$4,280,610</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Schedule of Employer Postemployment Benefit Contributions

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Annual Required <u>Contribution</u>	Actual <u>Contribution</u>	Percentage Contributed
6/30/2015	\$ 2,134,522	\$ 1,828,896	85.7%
6/30/2016	2,712,574	2,397,397	88.4%
6/30/2017	2,712,574	2,401,708	88.5%
Annual OPEB Cost		_,,	
Fiscal	Annual	% of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB
<u>Year</u>	<u>OPEB Cost</u>		Obligation
6/30/2015	\$ 2,141,410	85.4%	\$ 3,622,775
6/30/2016	2,721,185	88.1%	3,946,563
6/30/2017	2,735,755	87.8%	4,280,610

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(16) Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (Defined Benefit), (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$45,889,693
Actuarial value of plan assets	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>\$45,889,693</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	00.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$30,578,088
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	150.1%

Actuarial valuations for the OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial cost method used for this valuation is the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method. Under the EAN cost method, the Normal Cost for each participant is determined as a level percent of payroll throughout the participant's working lifetime. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability was amortized over a fixed 30-year period as a level percentage of payroll beginning July 1, 2015. The City, with guidance from Actuary, has selected the discount rate (4.5%) and future medical benefit cost increase (various ranging from 5.0% to 10.10%), with a 2.75% inflation rate. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.0% per year. The Actuarial Valuation report can be obtained from the City's Finance department upon request.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(17) Post Employment Benefits-RHS (Defined Contribution)

On January 1, 2004, the City adopted a new Retirement Health Savings Plan (RHS) for all full-time active employees. This benefit was ratified in the City's contractual agreements (MOU) with the Costa Mesa Employees Association (CMCEA), Costa Mesa Police Association (CMPA), Costa Mesa Police Management Association (CMPMA), and the Costa Mesa Firefighters Association (CMFA). This post-employment medical benefit is to assist employees with their qualifying medical expenses or premiums upon retirement or separation from the City with no minimum age requirement. The RHS plan is a defined contribution plan for all full time employees at the City. Under this plan, the employee and the City each make a mandatory 1% of base pay contribution. If the employee separates from the City prior to the 10-year vesting period, the employee forfeits his or her share of the City's contribution. The City has no payment obligations once the employee separates from the City. Per a side letter agreement with employees, the RHS program was suspended starting November 7, 2010. For the Costa Mesa Police Association, effective July 2014, a 1% employee contribution is required to the plan but no employer contribution is required. The City's contribution to the defined contribution post retirement plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.

(18) Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds at the function level (level of budgetary control) are as follows at June 30, 2017:

	<u>Function</u>	Expenditures	<u>Appropriations</u>	<u>Excess</u>
General Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	General Government	\$26,518,266	25,261,447	1,256,819
Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Proposition 172	Protection of Persons and Property Protection of Persons	338,071	264,944	73,127
F	and Property	1,144,937	1,141,341	3,596

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(19) Risk Management

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City participated in the California Municipal Excess Liability ("CAMEL") Program. The membership of CAMEL consists of approximately 21 cities with similar interests and needs regarding liability insurance. Premiums are based upon the losses incurred. The Board of Directors sets the premiums for each participant and each participant is represented on the Board. Premiums are based upon the losses incurred by each member and are not affected by losses incurred by other members.

In the Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation/General Liability/Unemployment Internal Service Fund, the City has recorded liabilities of \$15,708,146 for lawsuits and other claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The City is self-insured for the first \$2,000,000 of each claim arising for workers' compensation and has purchased outside insurance coverage in excess of the \$2,000,000 up to an unlimited maximum. The City is self-insured for the first \$2,000,000 of each claim arising for general liability. The City has purchased outside insurance coverage in excess of the \$2,000,000 up to a maximum of \$25,000,000 per occurrence. For the past three years, claim payments have not exceeded the amount of applicable insurance coverage. The City has estimated losses for claims and judgments and has established liabilities of \$10,102,342 for workers' compensation and \$5,605,804 for general liability. Losses for claims incurred but not reported are recorded when the probable amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. These amounts represent estimates of amounts to be paid for reported claims and incurred but not yet reported claims based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2017 is dependent on future developments, based upon information from the City Attorney, the City's claims administrators and others involved with the administration of the programs, City management believes the accrual is adequate to cover such losses. The City is contingently liable for additional losses not reported in the accompanying financial statements in the range of approximately \$25,000 to \$2,000,000 for which the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is only reasonably possible, as determined by legal counsel.

Changes in claims payable for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
2015-16	\$10,879,484	\$ 868,530	\$ (1,154,274)	\$ 10,593,740
2016-17	10,593,740	10,718,819	(5,604,413)	15,708,146

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(20) Pledged Revenue

The City and its component units have one debt issuance outstanding that is collateralized by the pledging of certain revenues. The amount and term of the remainder of this commitment is indicated in the debt service to maturity table presented in the accompanying notes. The purpose for which the proceeds of the related debt issuance was utilized is disclosed in the debt description in Note 8. For the current year, debt service payments as a percentage of the pledged gross revenue (or net of certain expense where so required by the debt agreement) are indicated in the table below. This percentage also approximates the relationship of debt service to pledged revenue for the remainder of the term of the commitment:

Description of Pledged Revenue	Annual Amount of Pledged Revenue (net of expenses)	Annual Debt Service Payments (of all debt secured by this revenue)	Debt Service as a Percentage of <u>Pledged Revenue</u>
Mello-Roos CFD 91	-1 \$ 250,135	\$ 217,439	86.91 %

(21) Golf Course Lease Agreement

The City has entered into an agreement with Mesa Verde Partners (MVP) under which MVP will operate and collect user fees from the Costa Mesa Country Club through August 31, 2029. The agreement requires MVP to pay a percentage of gross receipts that MVP receives from green fees, driving range, cart rental, sale from proshop, food beverages, and the rental of banquet and meeting rooms, or a flat minimum monthly rate, whichever is greater. The percentage of gross receipts varies from 6 percent to 35 percent depending on the revenue type, and the minimum rent is adjusted every two years. The minimum rent for the period of September 1, 2016 to August 31, 2017 is \$147,000 per month. In fiscal year 2017, the City received a total of \$2,205,239 from the golf course operations, \$2,108,432 of which is reported in the General Fund and the remaining \$96,807 in the Golf Course Improvements Capital Projects Fund. The City reports the golf course and related equipment under capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.

(22) Legislation and Litigation Affecting the Successor Agency

In fiscal year 2011-12, Assembly Bills 1x 26 (the "Dissolution Act") and 1x 27 were enacted to dissolve all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. The Legislature subsequently passed and the Governor signed AB 1484 making technical and substantive amendments to the Dissolution Act based on experience at the state and local level in implementing the Dissolution Act. In September 2015, the Legislature passed and the Governor signed SB 107, which made additional changes to the Dissolution Act.

Under the Dissolution Act, California redevelopment agencies were dissolved as of February 1, 2012. Sponsoring communities that had the dissolved redevelopment agencies ("Dissolved Agencies") and other designated entities were required to initiate the process of unwinding the affairs of the Dissolved Agencies. Successor Agencies were created by sponsoring communities of Dissolved Agencies unless the communities elected not to create the Successor Agencies. On February 1, 2012, the City elected to create a Successor Agency as authorized by City Council Resolution 12-12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(22) Legislation and Litigation Affecting the Successor Agency, (Continued)

The Dissolution Act also allowed the sponsoring communities that formed the redevelopment agencies to assume housing functions and take over certain housing assets of the Dissolved Agencies. On January 17, 2012, the City elected to create a Housing Successor Agency pursuant to City Council Resolution 12-3.

As of February 1, 2012, housing assets and obligations of the former RDA were transferred to the Costa Mesa Housing Authority, activities of which are reported in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund in the City's financial statements. All other assets and obligations of the former RDA were transferred to the Successor Agency of the City of Costa Mesa Private Purpose Trust Fund, activities of which can be found under the fiduciary funds in the City's financial statements.

Earlier in the dissolution process, the DOF disallowed a loan in the amount of \$9,278,545 from the City's General Fund to the former Redevelopment Agency as an enforceable obligation. The DOF's Finding of Completion on May 24, 2013 allowed the placement of these loan agreements on the recognized obligation payment schedule (the "ROPS"), provided the oversight board made a finding that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34191.4. On October 9, 2013, the City filed a lawsuit in the Sacramento Superior Court, Case No. 34-2013-80001675, against the DOF and the Orange County Auditor-Controller. The lawsuit sought, among other relief, orders requiring the DOF to approve annual loan repayments to the City on future ROPS submitted by the Successor Agency and requiring the Orange County Auditor-Controller to refund the \$2,492,747 payment the City made on May 1, 2013. Based on the uncertainty of DOF reinstatement of the loan, the City wrote off the outstanding balance of the loan in the fiscal year 2012-13. At this time, the status of the lawsuit is still active.

On April 17, 2014, the oversight board approved the finding that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purposes pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 34191.4. On May 6, 2014, the DOF sent a letter affirming the Oversight Board's decision that the loan was for legitimate redevelopment purpose and reestablishing the loan under certain Amended and Restated Agreement. Subsequent to the write-off of the loan, the City has adjusted the loan for principal additions, interest additions and principal received after the loan was recognized as an enforceable obligation. At June 30, 2017, the loan balance is estimated to be \$9,112,290. The loan balance continues to be excluded from the fiscal year 2016-17 financial statements as certain assurances from the DOF need to occur before the City will formally reinstate the loan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(23) Successor Agency Bonds Payable Reporting in Fiduciary Funds

The liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency from the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency (see note 22).

On October 1, 2003, the Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency issued \$7,470,000 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds to refund the \$9,955,000 Downtown Redevelopment Project 1993 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The original bonds were issued to finance a portion of costs associated with implementing the Redevelopment Plan, which included the refurbishment of the Downtown Redevelopment Project Area.

The remaining principal balance of \$1,305,000 was paid off during the year ended June 30, 2017.

(24) Restatement of Prior Year Financial Statements

Restatement of the Governmental Activities net position as of July 1, 2016 is as follows:

	Government-Wide <u>Financials</u> Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Net position at beginning of the year as previously reported	\$	86,149,353	
Increase in net position for capital assets not reported previously		1,585,409	
Decrease in net position for adjusting amounts reported as available revenue to liabilities		(3,547,787)	
Net position at beginning of the year as restated	<u>\$</u>	84,186,975	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2017

(24) Restatement of Prior Year Financial Statements (Continued)

Restatement of the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund (governmental fund) fund balance as of July 1, 2016 is as follows:

	Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		
Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund - fund balance at beginning of the year as previously reported	\$ 1,148,308		
Increase in fund balance for incorrectly reporting notes receivable as deferred inflows in the prior year	3,464,592		
Fund balance beginning of the year as restated	<u>\$ 4,612,900</u>		

(25) Subsequent Events

In October 2017, the City of Costa Mesa through the Costa Mesa Financing Authority issued the 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$29,735,000. The 2017 Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance certain capital improvements, refund all of the outstanding 2007 Certificates of Participation and pay the costs of issuing the bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year commencing April 1, 20128 with principal payments due annually on October 1 commencing October 1, 2018.

Other events occurring after June 30, 2017, have been evaluated for possible adjustments to the financial statements or disclosure as of January 26, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FIRE SAFETY PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017			
Measurement period	Ju	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2014		ine 30, 2015	June 30, 20	
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability		0.86630%		0.85980%		0.78750%		
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	53,906,245	\$	59,018,969	\$	68,144,130		
Plan's covered - employee payroll	\$	9,348,967	\$	8,616,507	\$	9,235,056		
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		576.60%		684.95%		737.89%		
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability		70.20%		78.40%		74.06%		
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$	4,567,080	\$	4,600,229	\$	4,087,020		

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIRE SAFETY PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2017	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	3,877,163	\$	3,286,280	\$	3,598,782	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(4,603,714)		(3,786,280)		(3,598,782)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(726,551)	\$	(500,000)	\$		
Covered - employee payroll	\$	8,616,507	\$	9,235,056	\$	9,116,708	
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		53.43%		41.00%		39.47%	
Notes to Schedule:							
Valuation Date		6/30/2012		6/30/2013		6/30/2014	
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Single and agent employers Entry age**							

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed**

Asset valuation method Market Value***

Inflation 2.75%**

Salary increases Depending on age, service, and type of employment**

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation**

Retirement age 50 years for 3.00%@50, 2.0%50 and 2.7%@57**

Mortality Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent

CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.**

- * Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.
- ** The valuation for June 30, 2012 and 2013 (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016, respectively) included the same actuarial assumptions.
- *** The valuation for June 30, 2012 (applicable to fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) valued assets using a 15 Year Smoothed Market method. The market value asset valuation method was utilized for the June 30, 2013 and 2014 valuations (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Period	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 3,366,560 17,792,384 - - (12,853,585)	\$ 3,187,235 18,262,096 (2,016,112) (4,399,842) - (13,476,175)	\$ 3,269,125 18,633,944 (2,818,846) - (14,145,202)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,305,359	1,557,202	4,939,021
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	241,975,291	250,280,650	251,837,852
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	\$ 250,280,650	\$ 251,837,852	\$ 256,776,873
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Plan to plan resource movement Administrative Expense Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 4,903,142 2,137,933 26,075,603 (12,853,585) - - 20,263,093	\$ 5,768,827 1,978,052 3,881,685 (13,476,175) 13,634 (193,607) (2,027,584)	\$ 6,226,072 1,966,557 897,287 (14,145,202) 3,064 (104,766) (5,156,988)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	153,666,841	173,929,934	171,902,350
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	\$ 173,929,934	\$ 171,902,350	\$ 166,745,362
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 76,350,716	\$ 79,935,502	\$ 90,031,511
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.49%	68.26%	64.94%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 18,366,435	\$ 17,928,997	\$ 19,890,931
Net pension liability as percentage of covered- employee payroll	415.71%	445.84%	452.63%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

20 2015

20 2016

1 20 2017

Fiscal year ended	Ju	ine 30, 2015	Jı	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,221,083	\$	6,056,123	\$	6,522,784
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(5,221,083)		(6,056,123)		(6,522,784)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	17,928,997	\$	19,890,931	\$	19,532,886
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		29.12%		30.45%		33.39%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date		6/30/2012		6/30/2013		6/30/2014
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Single and agent employers Entry age**		0,30,2012		0,30,2013		0,30,2011

Level percentage of payroll, closed** Amortization method

Asset valuation method Market Value***

2.75%** Inflation

Salary increases Depending on age, service, and type of employment**

7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation** Investment rate of return

2.5%@55, 2.0%@60, 2%@62** Retirement age

Mortality Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent

CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.**

- Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.
- ** The valuation for June 30, 2012 and 2013 (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016, respectively) included the same actuarial assumptions.
- *** The valuation for June 30, 2012 (applicable to fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) valued assets using a 15 Year Smoothed Market method. The market value asset valuation method was utilized for the June 30, 2013 and 2014 valuations (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE SAFETY PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ended	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017
Measurement Period	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 4,675,505 17,563,332 - - (11,159,179)	\$ 4,048,034 18,452,568 1,744,508 (4,744,823) - (12,625,831)	\$ 4,011,055 19,519,447 4,436,634 - (13,319,431)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	11,079,658	6,874,456	14,647,705
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year	237,419,600	248,499,258	255,373,714
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	\$ 248,499,258	\$ 255,373,714	\$ 270,021,419
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Plan to plan resource movement Administrative Expense	\$ 5,066,147 2,204,590 24,794,991 (11,159,179)	\$ 5,228,944 2,191,295 3,618,253 (12,625,831) - (182,933)	\$ 5,992,098 1,988,684 825,770 (13,319,431) 72 (98,993)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	20,906,549	(1,770,272)	(4,611,800)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year	143,294,304	164,200,853	162,430,581
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	\$ 164,200,853	\$ 162,430,581	\$ 157,818,781
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 84,298,405	\$ 92,943,133	\$ 112,202,638
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.08%	63.61%	58.45%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 14,884,359	\$ 13,714,558	\$ 14,161,162
Net pension liability as percentage of covered- employee payroll	566.36%	677.70%	792.33%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE SAFETY PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	Ju	ine 30, 2015	Jı	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,237,595	\$	5,994,277	\$	7,592,899
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(5,237,595)		(5,994,277)		(7,592,899)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	13,714,558	\$	14,161,162	\$	14,696,132
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		38.19%		42.33%		51.67%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date		6/30/2012		6/30/2013		6/30/2014
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Single and agent employers Entry age**		5. 5 3, - 4 1 -		5.2 <i>3</i> , 20 20		

Single and agent employers

Level percentage of payroll, closed** Amortization method

Asset valuation method Market Value***

Inflation 2.75%**

Salary increases Depending on age, service, and type of employment**

7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation** Investment rate of return

Retirement age 3%@50 and 2.7%@57**

Mortality Motrality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent

CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.**

- * Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.
- ** The valuation for June 30, 2012 and 2013 (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2016, respectively) included the same actuarial assumptions.
- *** The valuation for June 30, 2012 (applicable to fiscal year ended June 30, 2015) valued assets using a 15 Year Smoothed Market method. The market value asset valuation method was utilized for the June 30, 2013 and 2014 valuations (applicable to fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2017, respectively).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE 1% SUPPLEMENTAL RETREMENT PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal Year Ended	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2017
Measurement Period	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2017
Total Pension Liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	80,950 (19) - (211,287) (130,356)	\$	77,214 - (107,900) - (208,260) (238,946)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year		2,897,028		2,766,672
Total Pension Liability - End of Year (a)	\$	2,766,672	\$	2,527,726
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Plan to plan resource movement Administrative Expense Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	211,287 - - (211,287) - -	\$	208,260 - - (208,260) - -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year (b)	\$		\$	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	2,766,672	\$	2,527,726
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.00%		0.00%
Covered - employee payroll	N/A	A	N/A	Λ
Net pension liability as percentage of covered- employee payroll	N/A		N/A	

^{* -} Fiscal year 2016 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE 1% SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT PLAN

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	June 30, 20	016 June	June 30, 2017	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	- \$	-	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		<u>-</u>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$		
Covered - employee payroll	N/A	N/A		
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	N/A	N/A		

Notes to Schedule:

Measurement Date 6/30/2017

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 3.4% per annum. This discount rate is the average, rounded to 5 basis points, of 30-

20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, Fidelity GO AA20 Year Bond Index.

Payroll Growth N/A; all participants have retired

Inflation Rate 2.75% per year

Cost Method Entry Age Normal as a level percentage of payroll

Employer Funding Policy Pay-as-you-go

Census Data Census information was provided by the Plan Sponsor as of June 2016.

Mortality Rates are based on CalPERS Safety Police Plan of the City of Costa Mesa annual

valuation report as of June 30, 2014. Annual sample rate are as shown below:

Healthy Retirees			Non-Duty Disabled Retirees			
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female		
50	0.50%	0.47%	1.68%	1.16%		
60	0.71%	0.44%	2.29%	1.24%		
70	1.31%	0.99%	2.88%	2.21%		
80	3.90%	2.90%	6.08%	4.73%		
90	12.97%	9.88%	14.80%	9.89%		
100	32.54%	30.02%	32.54%	30.02%		
110	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		

Retirement Disability/Turnover Rate N/A; all participants have retired

^{* -} Fiscal year 2016 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Entry Age		Unfunded			
Actuarial	Normal	Actuarial	Liability/		Annual	UAAL*
Valuation	Accrued	Value	(Excess	Funded	Covered	As a % of
<u>Date</u>	<u>Liability</u>	of Assets	Assets)	<u>Status</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
7/1/12	\$36,429	\$ -	\$36,429	00.0%	\$38,315	95.1%
7/1/13	35,828	-	35,828	00.0%	35,330	101.4%
7/1/15	45,890	-	45,890	00.0%	30,578	150.1%

^{*}UAAL refers to unfunded actuarial accrued liability.



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for special purposes, and for expenditures related to the provision of general services by the City. The General Fund is used to account for all resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Housing Authority Fund

Established pursuant to the Health and Safety Code, Section 34176(a). The primary purpose of the Housing Authority is to promote affordable housing for families of low and moderate income within the City.

HOME Program Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the Federal Home Investment Partnership Program of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These revenues must be expended for acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction of rental housing.

General Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Sales tax	\$ 54,600,000	\$ 54,600,000	\$ 56,556,867	\$ 1,956,867	\$ 57,593,561
Property tax	25,925,102	25,925,102	27,286,121	1,361,019	25,998,070
Transient occupancy tax	8,531,000	8,531,000	8,924,854	393,854	8,622,505
Franchise tax Business license tax	4,961,156	4,961,156	4,593,631 918,928	(367,525)	5,060,402
	953,052	953,052		(34,124)	973,521
Total taxes	94,970,310	94,970,310	98,280,401	3,310,091	98,248,059
Licenses and permits	2,583,973	2,583,973	2,933,305	349,332	2,983,081
Fines and forfeitures	1,475,000	1,475,000	1,352,205	(122,795)	1,530,046
Intergovernmental: Motor vehicle in-lieu Grants and other reimbursements	9,954,688 740,730	9,954,688 800,629	10,541,299 537,164	586,611 (263,465)	9,982,948 465,881
Total intergovernmental	10,695,418	10,755,317	11,078,463	323,146	10,448,829
Charges for services	3,513,268	3,513,268	3,718,787	205,519	3,634,255
Rental	2,983,221	2,983,221	2,791,744	(191,477)	2,890,731
Investment income	180,800	180,800	(161,368)	(342,168)	1,199,813
Miscellaneous	999,107	1,049,107	1,475,498	426,391	1,067,367
Total revenues	117,401,097	117,510,996	121,469,035	3,958,039	122,002,181
Expenditures: Current: General government:					
City council City manager:	369,993	419,993	373,305	46,688	364,710
Administration	3,700,378	3,972,617	3,976,241	(3,624)	3,482,382
City clerk	1,085,855	1,217,714	1,107,754	109,960	696,121
Personnel services	1,388,164	1,437,914	1,495,274	(57,360)	1,425,178
Risk management services	2,421,217	2,421,217	2,519,532	(98,315)	2,457,798
City attorney	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,281,304	(281,304)	1,223,132
Financial services	2,966,946	2,989,946	2,640,724	349,222	2,608,271
Information technology	3,397,359	3,923,847	2,941,696	982,151	2,684,491
Development services	5.45 .05.6	504140	605.004	(100.050)	641.662
administration	747,856	594,142	695,094	(100,952)	641,663
Facilities and equipment maintenance	10 710 656	10 700 970	0 207 174	1 402 606	0 220 050
Non-departmental	10,710,656 (2,921,857)	10,709,870 (3,425,813)	9,307,174 180,168	1,402,696 (3,605,981)	9,339,858 178,463
Total general government	24,866,567	25,261,447	26,518,266	(1,256,819)	25,102,067
rotai generai governinelit	<u></u>	23,201,44/	20,310,200	(1,230,019)	
					(Continued)

(Continued)

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

General Fund

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Protection of persons and property: Police protection Fire protection Building and safety	\$ 42,808,280 21,152,202 2,161,653	\$ 43,449,381 21,312,029 2,266,297	\$ 39,789,936 22,109,184 1,875,497	\$ 3,659,445 (797,155) 390,800	\$ 36,750,805 22,493,950 2,454,178
Total protection of persons and property	66,122,135	67,027,707	63,774,617	3,253,090	61,698,933
Community programs: Community recreation Planning Community improvement	5,444,331 1,586,338 1,473,163	5,483,630 1,860,833 1,723,224	5,124,464 1,604,503 1,424,410	359,166 256,330 298,814	4,700,459 1,749,481 505,532
Total community programs	8,503,832	9,067,687	8,153,377	914,310	6,955,472
Public services: Administration Engineering Transportation Total public services	1,534,734 2,085,444 2,747,906 6,368,084	1,573,564 2,829,672 2,758,189 7,161,425	1,459,129 2,295,948 2,344,881 6,099,958	114,435 533,724 413,308 1,061,467	1,509,074 1,556,832 2,471,363 5,537,269
Total expenditures	105,860,618	108,518,266	104,546,218	3,972,048	99,293,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	s 11,540,479	8,992,730	16,922,817	7,930,087	22,708,440
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(11,532,279)	(18,475,432)	935 (18,331,084)	935 144,348	400,505 (12,452,435)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,532,279)	(18,475,432)	(18,330,149)	145,283	(12,051,930)
Net change in fund balance	8,200	(9,482,702)	(1,407,332)	8,075,370	10,656,510
Fund balance at beginning of year	64,472,461	64,472,461	64,472,461		53,815,951
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 64,480,661	\$ 54,989,759	\$ 63,065,129	\$ 8,075,370	\$ 64,472,461

Housing Authority Fund

				Variance with		
				Final Budget		
	Original	Final		Positive	Prior Year	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 162,275	\$ 139,212	\$ (23,063)	\$ 162,275	
Rental	-	383,000	400,671	17,671	343,791	
Investment income	-	4,450	31,035	26,585	10,479	
Miscellaneous		15,000	352,076	337,076	405,715	
Total revenues		564,725	922,994	358,269	922,260	
Expenditures:						
Current:	560 505	570.005	471 107	00.750	606 100	
Community programs	568,725	570,885	471,127	99,758	686,192	
Total expenditures	568,725	570,885	471,127	99,758	686,192	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(568,725)	(6,160)	451,867	458,027	236,068	
Net change in fund balance	(568,725)	(6,160)	451,867	458,027	236,068	
Fund balance at beginning of year (Restated)	4,612,900	4,612,900	4,612,900		912,240	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,044,175	\$ 4,606,740	\$ 5,064,767	\$ 458,027	\$ 1,148,308	

HOME Program Fund

						Va	riance with			
						Fii	nal Budget			
	(Original	Final			Positive		Prior Year		
		Budget	 Budget		Actual		(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$	480,017	\$ 480,017	\$	232,746	\$	(247,271)	\$	158,765	
Investment income		1,000	1,000		488		(512)		1,123	
Miscellaneous			 		41,000		41,000		160,205	
Total revenues		481,017	 481,017		274,234		(206,783)		320,093	
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Community programs		480,018	 483,078		255,032		228,046		294,729	
Total expenditures		480,018	 483,078		255,032		228,046		294,729	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		999	(2,061)		19,202		21,263		25,364	
Net change in fund balance		999	(2,061)		19,202		21,263		25,364	
Fund balance at beginning of year		97,254	97,254		97,254				71,890	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	98,253	\$ 95,193	\$	116,456	\$	21,263	\$	97,254	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(1) Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the following funds for which annual budgets were not adopted:

Special Revenue Fund:
Rental Rehabilitation Program Fund
Debt Service Fund:
Financing Authority Debt Service Fund
Capital Project Fund:
Golf Course Improvements Fund

The City Council adopts an annual budget submitted by the Chief Executive Officer prior to the beginning of each new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to budget adoption by the Council. Supplemental appropriations, when required during the period, are also approved by the City Council. Interfunctional budget adjustments are approved by the Chief Executive Officer. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the function level. During the year ended June 30, 2017, supplementary appropriations were made totaling \$36,197,298. At fiscal year-end all operating budget appropriations lapse.



SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Special	Debt	Capital	Totals		
	Revenue	Service	Projects	2017	2016	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Due from other governments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Loans receivable	\$ 9,899,219 280,165 27,109 491,050	\$ 800,000 4,386,549 - - - -	\$ 6,375,877 9 10,253 17,543	\$ 17,075,096 4,386,549 280,174 10,253 44,652 491,050	\$ 17,573,047 4,356,813 416,272 21,789 30,649 541,521	
Total assets	\$ 10,697,543	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 6,403,682	\$ 22,287,774	\$ 22,940,091	
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Retentions payable Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$ 457,596 395,273 86,011 491,050 333,155	\$ - - - -	\$ 80,676 - 2,741 -	\$ 538,272 395,273 88,752 491,050 333,155	\$ 646,664 396,417 67,573 - 279,539	
Total liabilities	1,763,085		83,417	1,846,502	1,390,193	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues	46,916			46,916	581,665	
Fund Balances						
Restricted for: Protection of persons and property Community programs Public services Debt service Assigned for:	89,505 189,122 8,857,894	5,186,549	- - - -	89,505 189,122 8,857,894 5,186,549	791,187 147,286 9,244,035 5,321,813	
Protection of persons and property Public services Unassigned	(248,979)	- - -	357,655 5,962,610	357,655 5,962,610 (248,979)	354,346 5,248,630 (139,064)	
Total fund balances	8,887,542	5,186,549	6,320,265	20,394,356	20,968,233	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 10,697,543	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 6,403,682	\$ 22,287,774		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Special	Debt	Capital		tals
	Revenue	Service	Projects	2017	2016
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,035,022	\$ -	\$ 10,094	\$ 1,045,116	\$ 938,868
Fines and forfeitures	477	-	-	477	79,088
Intergovernmental	3,226,855	-	-	3,226,855	3,700,051
Charges for services	-	-	649,287	649,287	1,082,176
Rental	-	-	96,807	96,807	101,531
Investment income	93,101	82,186	57,402	232,689	277,277
Miscellaneous	168,337		117,373	285,710	46,630
Total revenues	4,523,792	82,186	930,963	5,536,941	6,225,621
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Protection of persons and property	2,367,086	-	-	2,367,086	2,727,443
Community programs	517,020	-	-	517,020	697,087
Public services	2,912,759	-	213,203	3,125,962	2,742,421
Debt service:					
Principal	-	2,755,000	-	2,755,000	2,650,000
Interest and fiscal charges		980,504		980,504	1,088,632
Total expenditures	5,796,865	3,735,504	213,203	9,745,572	9,905,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,273,073)	(3,653,318)	717,760	(4,208,631)	(3,679,962)
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Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	117,635	3,518,054	-	3,635,689	3,624,899
Transfers out	(464)		(471)	(935)	(400,505)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	117,171	3,518,054	(471)	3,634,754	3,224,394
sources (uses)		3,210,021	(171)	3,031,731	3,221,371
Net change in fund balances	(1,155,902)	(135,264)	717,289	(573,877)	(455,568)
Fund balances at beginning of year	10,043,444	5,321,813	5,602,976	20,968,233	21,423,801
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 8,887,542	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 6,320,265	\$ 20,394,356	\$ 20,968,233

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenues sources (other than expendable trust or for major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes. The following funds have been classified as nonmajor governmental funds in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Special Gas Tax Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds required to be used for construction and maintenance of the City's road network system. Financing is provided by the City's share of State gasoline taxes.

Proposition 172 Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of voter-approved one-half cent permanent increase in the state sales tax in November 1993. These revenues must be expended for public safety purposes.

Air Quality Improvement Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of the City's share of funds received under Health & Safety Code 44223 (AB 2766) to finance mobile source air pollution reduction programs consistent with the California Clean Air Act of 1988.

Community Development Fund

This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of Department of Housing and Urban Development grants. These revenues must be expended to accomplish one of the following objectives: elimination of slum or blighted areas of benefit to low and moderate income persons, or to meet certain urgent community development needs.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF)

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the State Citizen's Option for Public Safety (COPS) Program allocated pursuant to Government Code Section 30061 enacted by Assembly Bill 3229, Chapter 134 of the 1996 Statutes. These COPS/SLESF funds are allocated based on population and can only be spent for "front line municipal police services" as per Government Code Section 30061(c)(2).

Rental Rehabilitation Program Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development under Section 17 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937. These revenues must be expended to provide assistance to rehabilitate primarily privately-owned residential rental property.

Narcotics Forfeiture Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of narcotic forfeitures received from County, State, and Federal agencies pursuant to Section 11470 of State Health and Safety Code and Federal Statute 21USC Section 881.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal grant monies provided by the 1998 Appropriations Act, Public Law 105-119. These funds are restricted for projects utilized to reduce crime and improve public safety.

Office of Traffic Safety Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal grant monies received through the State Office of Traffic Safety. These funds are restricted for operations utilized to enhance traffic safety and to reduce drunk driving within the City.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Special Gas Tax	Proposition 172	Air Quality Improvement	Community Development		
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 9,032,923	\$ - 88,218	\$ 235,530 37,202	\$ 62,664 83,934		
Accounts receivable Interest receivable Loans receivable	24,769	- - -	647	132 251,052		
Total assets	\$ 9,057,692	\$ 88,218	\$ 273,379	\$ 397,782		
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 350,931	\$ 41,899	\$ 8,441	\$ 56,325		
Accrued liabilities Retentions payable	- 85,415	-	596	-		
Due to other governments	-	-	-	251,052		
Due to other funds		295,298				
Total liabilities	436,346	337,197	9,037	307,377		
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>						
Unavailable revenues	27,794					
Fund Balances Restricted for:						
Protection of persons or property	-	-	-	-		
Community programs Public services	8,593,552	-	264,342	90,405		
Unassigned	6,393,332	(248,979)				
Total fund balances (deficit)	8,593,552	(248,979)	264,342	90,405		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 9,057,692	\$ 88,218	\$ 273,379	\$ 397,782		
or resources, and rund barances	Ψ 2,031,022	ψ 00,210	Ψ 213,319	Ψ 371,102		

Supple La Enforc Serv	aw cement	Rental habilitation Program	Narcotics Forfeiture	Enf	ocal Law forcement Block Grant	,	Office of Traffic Safety	2017	Γotals	otals 2016	
\$	-	\$ 98,446	\$ 469,656	\$	34,465	\$	36,346	\$ 9,899,219 280,165	\$	10,975,619 416,265	
	-	-	-		54,405 -		30,340	200,103		12,000	
	-	271	1,290		-		-	27,109		20,255	
		239,998			-		-	491,050	_	541,521	
\$		\$ 338,715	\$ 470,946	\$	34,465	\$	36,346	\$ 10,697,543	\$	11,965,660	
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 457,596	\$	609,533	
	-	-	394,132		-		1,141	395,273		396,417	
	-	239,998	-		-		-	86,011 491,050		55,062	
	<u>-</u>	 239,996	<u>-</u>		2,652		35,205	333,155		279,539	
		 239,998	 394,132		2,652		36,346	1,763,085		1,340,551	
		-	 19,122					46,916	_	581,665	
	-	-	57,692		31,813		-	89,505		791,187	
	-	98,717	-		-		-	189,122		147,286	
	-	-	-		-		-	8,857,894 (248,979))	9,244,035 (139,064)	
		98,717	57,692		31,813			8,887,542		10,043,444	
		70,717	31,032		31,013			0,007,342	_	10,073,444	
\$		\$ 338,715	\$ 470,946	\$	34,465	\$	36,346	\$ 10,697,543	\$	11,965,660	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(With Comparative)	Data for	Prior	Year)
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	Special Gas Tax	Proposition 172	Air Quality Improvement	Community Development
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,035,022	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	2,194,782	-	146,347	488,435
Investment income	84,427	-	1,725	463
Miscellaneous	99,337			29,000
Total revenues	2,378,546	1,035,022	148,072	517,898
Expenditures: Current:				
Protection of persons and property	_	1,144,937	_	_
Community programs	_	1,144,737	_	517,020
Public services	2,877,643	_	35,116	-
Total expenditures	2,877,643	1,144,937	35,116	517,020
Europe (deficience) of management				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(499,097)	(109,915)	112,956	878
over (under) experiantures	(499,097)	(109,913)	112,930	878
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other francisco				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	(499,097)	(109,915)	112,956	878
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	9,092,649	(139,064)	151,386	89,527
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 8,593,552	\$ (248,979)	\$ 264,342	\$ 90,405

Supplement Law Enforcement Services		Reha					Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		Office of Traffic Safety		Totals 2017		2016
Services			ogram		<u> </u>		Grant		, arety		2017		2010
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,035,022	\$	930,601
	-		-		477		-		-		477		79,088
220,43	36		-		-		34,465		142,390		3,226,855		3,700,051
	-		958		5,418		110		-		93,101		125,409
			40,000								168,337		46,630
220,43	36		40,958		5,895		34,575		142,390		4,523,792		4,881,779
338,07	71		_		706,307		34,464		143,307		2,367,086		2,727,443
	_		_		-		-		-		517,020		697,087
-											2,912,759		2,266,141
338,07	71_				706,307		34,464		143,307		5,796,865		5,690,671
(117,63	35)		40,958	(700,412)		111		(917)		(1,273,073)		(808,892)
117,63	35		_		_		_		_		117,635		106,583
					_				(464)		(464)		
117,63	35_								(464)		117,171		106,583
	-		40,958	(700,412)		111		(1,381)		(1,155,902)		(702,309)
	_		57,759		758,104		31,702		1,381		10,043,444		10,745,753
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	98,717	\$	57,692	\$	31,813	\$		\$	8,887,542	\$	10,043,444

Special Gas Tax Fund

				Variance with	
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive	Prior Year
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,340,881	\$ 2,340,881	\$ 2,194,782	\$ (146,099)	\$ 2,534,697
Investment income	20,000	20,000	84,427	64,427	103,192
Miscellaneous			99,337	99,337	
Total revenues	2,360,881	2,360,881	2,378,546	17,665	2,637,889
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public services	2,888,439	5,839,051	2,877,643	2,961,408	1,891,737
Total expenditures	2,888,439	5,839,051	2,877,643	2,961,408	1,891,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(527,558)	(3,478,170)	(499,097)	2,979,073	746,152
Net change in fund balance	(527,558)	(3,478,170)	(499,097)	2,979,073	746,152
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,092,649	9,092,649	9,092,649		8,346,497
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,565,091	\$ 5,614,479	\$ 8,593,552	\$ 2,979,073	\$ 9,092,649

Proposition 172 Fund

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	P	rior Year Actual
Revenues:	¢.	1.006.252	¢ 1 007 252	¢ 1 025 022	¢.	(51.021)	Φ	020 (01
Taxes	7	1,086,253	\$ 1,086,253	\$ 1,035,022	\$	(51,231)	\$	930,601
Total revenues		1,086,253	1,086,253	1,035,022		(51,231)		930,601
Expenditures: Current:								
Protection of persons and property		1,106,269	1,141,341	1,144,937		(3,596)		1,210,435
Total expenditures		1,106,269	1,141,341	1,144,937		(3,596)		1,210,435
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(20,016)	(55,088)	(109,915)		(54,827)		(279,834)
Net change in fund balance		(20,016)	(55,088)	(109,915)		(54,827)		(279,834)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(139,064)	(139,064)	(139,064)				140,770
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(159,080)	\$ (194,152)	\$ (248,979)	\$	(54,827)	\$	(139,064)

Air Quality Improvement Fund

								iance with al Budget	
	(Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		I	Positive legative)	rior Year Actual
Revenues:		8		8					
Intergovernmental	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	146,347	\$	21,347	\$ 144,554
Investment income		2,500		2,500		1,725		(775)	3,829
Total revenues		127,500		127,500		148,072		20,572	148,383
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public services		319,990		516,141		35,116		481,025	 374,404
Total expenditures		319,990		516,141		35,116		481,025	374,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(192,490)		(388,641)		112,956		501,597	 (226,021)
Net change in fund balance		(192,490)		(388,641)		112,956		501,597	(226,021)
Fund balance at beginning of year		151,386		151,386		151,386			 377,407
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(41,104)	\$	(237,255)	\$	264,342	\$	501,597	\$ 151,386

Community Development Fund

						riance with nal Budget			
	Original	Final	Final Positive				Prior Year		
	 Budget	Budget		Actual	[]	Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,220,347	\$ 1,220,347	\$	488,435	\$	(731,912)	\$	690,451	
Investment income	-	-		463		463		33	
Miscellaneous	 			29,000		29,000		6,630	
Total revenues	 1,220,347	1,220,347		517,898		(702,449)		697,114	
Expenditures:									
Current:	1 220 247	1 0 (2 000		517.020		1 246 070		607.007	
Community programs	 1,220,347	1,863,099		517,020		1,346,079		697,087	
Total expenditures	1,220,347	1,863,099		517,020		1,346,079		697,087	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 	(642,752)		878		643,630		27	
Net change in fund balance	-	(642,752)		878		643,630		27	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 89,527	89,527		89,527				89,500	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 89,527	\$ (553,225)	\$	90,405	\$	643,630	\$	89,527	

Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund

	Original Final						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	Prior Year		
		Budget Budget Actual (Negative)		Actual							
Revenues:							(118.11)				
Intergovernmental	\$	203,404	\$	203,404	\$	220,436	\$	17,032	\$	186,555	
Total revenues		203,404		203,404		220,436		17,032		186,555	
Expenditures: Current:											
Protection of persons and property		264,944		264,944		338,071		(73,127)		310,134	
Total expenditures		264,944		264,944		338,071		(73,127)		310,134	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(61,540)		(61,540)		(117,635)		(56,095)		(123,579)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		44,544		44,544		117,635		73,091		106,583	
Total other financing sources (uses)		44,544		44,544		117,635		73,091		106,583	
Net change in fund balance		(16,996)		(16,996)		-		16,996		(16,996)	
Fund balance at beginning of year										16,996	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(16,996)	\$	(16,996)	\$		\$	16,996	\$	_	

Narcotics Forfeiture Fund

					iance with al Budget				
	(Original	Final			F	Positive	Pı	rior Year
		Budget	Budget	Actual		(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$ -	\$	477	\$	477	\$	79,088
Investment income		12,000	12,000		5,418		(6,582)		17,516
Total revenues		12,000	12,000		5,895		(6,105)		96,604
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Protection of persons and property			1,100,574		706,307		394,267		1,111,488
Total expenditures			1,100,574		706,307		394,267		1,111,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		12,000	(1,088,574)		(700,412)		388,162	(1,014,884)
Net change in fund balance		12,000	(1,088,574)		(700,412)		388,162	(1,014,884)
Fund balance at beginning of year		758,104	758,104		758,104				1,772,988
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	770,104	\$ (330,470)	\$	57,692	\$	388,162	\$	758,104

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		ior Year Actual
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	20,004	\$	34,465	\$	14,461	\$ 15,529
Investment income						110		110	 285
Total revenues				20,004		34,575		14,571	 15,814
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Protection of persons and property				37,294		34,464		2,830	 601
Total expenditures				37,294		34,464		2,830	 601
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures				(17,290)		111		17,401	 15,213
Net change in fund balance		-		(17,290)		111		17,401	15,213
Fund balance at beginning of year		31,072		31,072		31,702	-	630	 16,489
Fund balance at end of year	\$	31,072	\$	13,782	\$	31,813	\$	18,031	\$ 31,702

Office of Traffic Safety Fund

								iance with al Budget		
	Oı	riginal		Final Positive				Prior Year		
	В	udget]	Budget	Α	Actual	(Negative)			Actual
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	165,000	\$	142,390	\$	(22,610)	\$	128,265
Total revenues				165,000		142,390		(22,610)		128,265
Expenditures: Current:										
Protection of persons and property				165,000		143,307		21,693		94,785
Total expenditures				165,000		143,307		21,693		94,785
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures						(917)		(917)		33,480
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers out						(464)		(464)		
Total other financing sources (uses)						(464)		(464)		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(1,381)		(1,381)		33,480
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		1,381		1,381		1,381				(32,099)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	1,381	\$	1,381	\$		\$	(1,381)	\$	1,381



NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds are used to account for accumulated resources for and payment of general long-term debt.

The following fund has been classified as a nonmajor fund in the accompanying fund financial statements:

Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

To accumulate monies for payment of the 2007 Certificates of Participation (COP), 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds, and 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation. The 2007 COP provided funding for expansion of the police facility. The 2006 Revenue Refunding bonds refunded 1991 Local Agency Revenues Bonds that provided monies for the purchase of the Costa Mesa Community Facilities 1991 Special Tax Bonds. The 2003 Refunding COP refunded 1993 Refunding Revenue Bonds that provided for the refunding of the Costa Mesa City Hall and Public Safety Facilities, Inc. 1966 and 1988 Lease Revenue Bond issues.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Financing Authority Debt	To	tals	
	Service	2017	2016	
<u>Assets</u>	Service	2017	2010	
Cash and investments	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 965,000	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	4,386,549	4,386,549	4,356,813	
Total assets	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,321,813	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Advances from other funds				
Total liabilities				
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Debt service	5,186,549	5,186,549	5,321,813	
Total fund balances	5,186,549	5,186,549	5,321,813	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,321,813	

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Financing Authority	T	4-1-		
	Debt Service	2017	2016		
Revenues:	Service	2017	2010		
Investment income	\$ 82,186	\$ 82,186	\$ 92,919		
Total revenues	82,186	82,186	92,919		
Expenditures:					
Debt service:	2 775 000	2 7 7 7 0 0 0	2 (50 000		
Principal	2,755,000	2,755,000	2,650,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	980,504	980,504	1,088,632		
Total expenditures	3,735,504	3,735,504	3,738,632		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(2 (52 210)	(2 (52 210)	(2 (45 712)		
over (under) expenditures	(3,653,318)	(3,653,318)	(3,645,713)		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	3,518,054	3,518,054	3,518,316		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,518,054	3,518,054	3,518,316		
Net change in fund balances	(135,264)	(135,264)	(127,397)		
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,321,813	5,321,813	5,449,210		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,186,549	\$ 5,321,813		



MAJOR AND NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for financial resources segregated for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The following have been classified as major funds in the accompanying government-wide financial statements:

Park Development Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for development and maintenance of the City's park system. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Capital Improvements Fund

Established to account for construction of capital facilities funded by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

Measure "M2" Fund

Established to account for the receipt and expenditure of the 2006 voter-approved one-half percent sales tax for local transportation improvements. Measure M2 is a 30-year extension of the earlier Measure M program.

The following have been classified as nonmajor funds in the accompanying fund financial statements:

Parking Districts Fund

Established under the Vehicle Parking District Law of 1943 to provide vehicle facilities in the downtown area. Funding is provided through specific property tax levies.

Golf Course Improvements Fund

Established to account the receipt and disbursement of funds for Costa Mesa Country Club capital improvements. Funding is provided by the receipt of two and one-half percent of monthly gross receipts of green and tournament fees.

Drainage Fees Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for construction and maintenance of the City's drainage system. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Traffic Impact Fees Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for transportation improvements Citywide. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Fire System Development Fees Fund

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of development impact fees established by Ordinance 89-1 for future construction of fire protection facilities and equipment for the north Costa Mesa area.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Parking Districts	olf Course provements	Drainage Fees		
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and investments	\$ 61,979	\$ 405,937	\$	2,174,896	
Due from other governments	9	-		-	
Accounts receivable	-	10,253		-	
Interest receivable	 170	 1,115		5,973	
Total assets	\$ 62,158	\$ 417,305	\$	2,180,869	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ _	\$ 75,000	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities	-	-		-	
Retentions payable	_	 -		130	
Total liabilities		75,000		130	
Fund Balances					
Assigned for:					
Protection of persons and property	-	-		-	
Public services	 62,158	 342,305		2,180,739	
Total fund balances	62,158	 342,305		2,180,739	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 62,158	\$ 417,305	\$	2,180,869	

Traffic		re System velopment		Tot	als
Impact Fees		Fees		2017	2016
\$ 3,376,389	\$	356,676	\$	6,375,877	\$5,632,428
-		-		9	7
-		-		10,253	9,789
9,306		979		17,543	10,394
\$ 3,385,695	\$	357,655	\$	6,403,682	\$5,652,618
\$ 5,676	\$	-	\$	80,676	\$ 37,131
-		-		-	-
2,611				2,741	12,511
8,287				83,417	49,642
-		357,655		357,655	354,346
3,377,408				5,962,610	5,248,630
3,377,408		357,655		6,320,265	5,602,976
© 2.205.605	•	257 655	¢	6 402 692	¢ 5 (52 (10
\$ 3,385,695	\$	357,655	Þ	6,403,682	\$5,652,618

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Parking Districts		f Course ovements	I	Orainage Fees
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	10,094	\$ -	\$	-
Charges for services		-	-		549,871
Rental		-	96,807		-
Investment income		545	3,616		18,965
Miscellaneous			 		117,373
Total revenues		10,639	 100,423		686,209
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public services			84,105		66,950
Total expenditures			 84,105		66,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		10,639	16,318		619,259
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out		(471)	 		
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		(471)	 		
N. 1		10.160	16210		(10.250
Net change in fund balance		10,168	16,318		619,259
Fund balance at beginning of year		51,990	 325,987		1,561,480
Fund balance at end of year	\$	62,158	\$ 342,305	\$	2,180,739

Fi	ire System			
De	evelopment		Tot	als
	-			2016
	1005	. —	2017	2010
- \$	-	\$	10,094	\$ 8,267
5	-		649,287	1,082,176
_	_		96,807	101,531
7	3,309		57,402	58,949
_	_			, -
			,	
3	3,309		930,963	1,250,923
8	-		213,203	476,280
2	_		213 203	476,280
		. —	213,203	470,200
5	3,309		717,760	774,643
_	_		(471)	(400,505)
			(1/1)	(100,505)
			(451)	(400.505)
	-	. —	(4/1)	(400,505)
5	3,309		717,289	374,138
	,		,	, -
3	354,346		5,602,976	5,228,838
8 \$	357,655	\$	6,320,265	\$5,602,976
	De	\$ - \$ - 6 - 7 3,309 - 3 3,309 - 5 3,309 - 5 3,309 - 5 3,309 - 5 3,309 - 5 3,309 - 5 3,309	Development Fees	Development Fees 2017 - \$ - \$ 10,094 - 6 - 649,287 - 96,807 - 3,309 57,402 - 117,373 3 3,309 930,963 - 213,203 - 213,203 - (471) - (471) - (471) 5 3,309 717,289 3 354,346 5,602,976

Parking Districts Fund

								ance with		
							Final Budget			Prior
		riginal		Final			Positive		Year	
	I	Budget	E	Budget		Actual	(Ne	egative)		Actual
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	6,223	\$	6,223	\$	10,094	\$	3,871	\$	8,267
Investment income		355		355		545		190		539
Total revenues		6,578		6,578		10,639		4,061		8,806
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		6,578		6,578		10,639		4,061		8,806
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out						(471)		(471)		(505)
Total other financing sources (use	s)	-		-		(471)		(471)		(505)
Net change in fund balance		6,578		6,578		10,168		3,590		8,301
Fund balance at beginning of year		51,990		51,990		51,990				43,689
Fund balance at end of year	\$	58,568	\$	58,568	\$	62,158	\$	3,590	\$	51,990

Drainage Fees Fund

								iance with		
	Original Final						al Budget Positive	D.	rior Year	
		Budget		Budget			(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:		ruaget		Daaget		Tietuui		(eguilve)		Tiotaai
Charges for services	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	549,871	\$	149,871	\$	636,820
Investment income		9,000		9,000		18,965		9,965		16,034
Miscellaneous						117,373		117,373		
Total revenues		409,000		409,000		686,209		277,209		652,854
Expenditures:										
Current: Public services		365,000		1 100 202		66,950	1	1 022 442		245 701
Fuolic services		303,000		1,100,392		00,930		1,033,442		245,701
Total expenditures		365,000		1,100,392		66,950	1	1,033,442		245,701
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		44,000		(691,392)		619,259	1	1,310,651		407,153
Net change in fund balance		44,000		(691,392)		619,259	1	1,310,651		407,153
Fund balance at beginning of year	1	,561,480		1,561,480		1,561,480				1,154,327
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1	,605,480	\$	870,088	\$	2,180,739	\$ 1	1,310,651	\$	1,561,480

Traffic Impact Fees Fund

				Variance with Final Budget					
	Original	Final		Positive	Prior Year				
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual				
Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 99,416	\$ (50,584)	\$ 445,356				
Investment income	20,000	20,000	30,967	10,967	35,481				
Total revenues	170,000	170,000	130,383	(39,617)	480,837				
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public services	725,000	1,704,879	62,148	1,642,731	176,372				
Total expenditures	725,000	1,704,879	62,148	1,642,731	176,372				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(555,000)	(1,534,879)	68,235	1,603,114	304,465				
Net change in fund balance	(555,000)	(1,534,879)	68,235	1,603,114	304,465				
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,309,173	3,309,173	3,309,173		3,004,708				
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,754,173	\$ 1,774,294	\$ 3,377,408	\$ 1,603,114	\$ 3,309,173				

Fire System Development Fees Fund

						ince with	
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Po	l Budget ositive egative)	rior Year Actual
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$	2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 3,309	\$	609	\$ 3,416
Total revenues		2,700	 2,700	 3,309		609	 3,416
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out			 			<u>-</u>	 (400,000)
Total other financing sources (use	es)		 	 			 (400,000)
Net change in fund balance		2,700	2,700	3,309		609	(396,584)
Fund balance at beginning of year		354,346	354,346	354,346			750,930
Fund balance at end of year	\$	357,046	\$ 357,046	\$ 357,655	\$	609	\$ 354,346

Park Development Fund - Major Fund

				Variance with	
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive	Prior Year
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,761,117	\$ 1,761,117	\$ 1,541,038	\$ (220,079)	\$ 1,952,014
Investment income	15,000	15,000	47,040	32,040	33,218
Total revenues	1,776,117	1,776,117	1,588,078	(188,039)	1,985,232
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community programs	2,370,965	4,497,352	13,612	4,483,740	72,068
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	225,199	225,199	11,879	213,320	20,405
Total expenditures	2,596,164	4,722,551	25,491	4,697,060	92,473
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(820,047)	(2,946,434)	1,562,587	4,509,021	1,892,759
Net change in fund balance	(820,047)	(2,946,434)	1,562,587	4,509,021	1,892,759
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	1,556,775	1,556,775	1,556,775		(335,984)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 736,728	\$(1,389,659)	\$ 3,119,362	\$ 4,509,021	\$ 1,556,775

Capital Improvements Fund - Major Fund

				Variance with	
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive	Prior Year
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:	Budget	Buaget	7 Ictuar	(Tregutive)	7 Ictuar
Intergovernmental	\$ 63,000	\$ 1,163,000	\$ 3,046,662	\$ 1,883,662	\$ 958,896
Investment income	140,000	140,000	220,057	80,057	203,760
Total revenues	203,000	1,303,000	3,266,719	1,963,719	1,162,656
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public services	7,815,242	28,581,124	11,198,303	17,382,821	5,773,755
Total expenditures	7,815,242	28,581,124	11,198,303	17,382,821	5,773,755
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(7,612,242)	(27,278,124)	(7,931,584)	19,346,540	(4,611,099)
Other Consideration and the Consideration					
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	7,752,242	11,445,395	12,421,395	976,000	8,827,536
Transfers out	-	-	(1,326,000)	(1,326,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,752,242	11,445,395	11,095,395	(350,000)	8,827,536
Net change in fund balance	140,000	(15,832,729)	3,163,811	18,996,540	4,216,437
Fund balance at beginning of year	18,135,404	18,135,404	18,135,404		13,918,967
Fund balance at end of year	\$18,275,404	\$ 2,302,675	\$21,299,215	\$18,996,540	\$18,135,404

Measure "M2" Fund - Major Fund

				Variance with	
				Final Budget	Prior
	Original	Final		Positive	Year
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,879,250	\$ 3,450,830	\$ 5,620,539	\$ 2,169,709	\$ 2,345,747
Investment income	12,000	12,000	50,620	38,620	50,095
Miscellaneous income	-	-	15,931	15,931	-
Total revenues	2,891,250	3,462,830	5,687,090	2,224,260	2,395,842
		_			_
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public services	1,812,125	5,611,560	1,256,272	4,355,288	5,096,996
Total expenditures	1,812,125	5,611,560	1,256,272	4,355,288	5,096,996
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,079,125	(2,148,730)	4,430,818	6,579,548	(2,701,154)
Net change in fund balance	1,079,125	(2,148,730)	4,430,818	6,579,548	(2,701,154)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,002,425	1,002,425	1,002,425		3,703,579
	A 001 550	0 (1 1 4 6 2 6 7)	ф. 5. 1 22 2. 12	ф. с 55 0 5 10	Ф. 1.00 2.4 6.7
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 2,081,550	\$(1,146,305)	\$ 5,433,243	\$ 6,579,548	\$ 1,002,425

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department to others, or of other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Replacement Fund

Established to account for all motorized equipment used by City departments.

Self Insurance Fund – Workers' Compensation/General Liability/Unemployment

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of funds used to pay worker's compensation, general liability, and unemployment premiums and claims filed against the City.

Information Technology Replacement Fund

Established to provide funds for future replacements and upgrades to City computer equipment, systems, and supporting infrastructure.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Self-Insurance-Workers' Compensation/ General Information Technology Liability/ Equipment Totals Replacement Unemployment Replacement 2017 2016 **Assets** Current assets: 1,525,945 3,059,069 9,973,387 7,496,829 Cash and investments 5,388,373 Accounts receivable 2,034 2,034 895 Interest receivable 4,220 14,721 8,401 27,342 13,856 Prepaid expenses 4,612 93,297 93,297 Inventories 108,705 Total current assets 1,625,496 5,403,094 3,067,470 10,096,060 7,624,897 Capital assets: Motorized equipment 12,815,959 12,815,959 12,518,827 Other equipment 1,895,810 2,332,987 2,332,987 Accumulated depreciation (8,087,209)(8,087,209)(7,924,282)Net capital assets 7,061,737 7,061,737 6,490,355 5,403,094 3,067,470 Total assets 8,687,233 17,157,797 14,115,252 **Liabilities** Current liabilities: Accounts payable 33,251 340,184 23,688 397,123 377,529 Accrued liabilities 11,878 Claims payable 1,120,815 1,120,815 1,154,274 Total current liabilities 33,251 1,460,999 23,688 1,517,938 1,543,681 Long-term liabilities: 9,439,466 Claims payable 14,587,331 14,587,331 Total long-term liabilities 14,587,331 14,587,331 9,439,466 Total liabilities 33,251 16,048,330 23,688 16,105,269 10,983,147 **Net Position** Net investment in capital assets 7,061,737 7,061,737 6,490,355 Unrestricted (deficit) 1,592,245 (10,645,236)3,043,782 (6,009,209)(3,358,250)

\$ (10,645,236)

3,043,782

1,052,528

3,132,105

\$ 8,653,982

Total net position (deficit)

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Equipment Replacement	Self-Insurance- Workers' Compensation/ General Liability/ Unemployment	Information Technology Replacement	Tot	tals
Operating revenues:	Replacement	Onemployment	Replacement	2017	2010
Charges for services	\$ 1,752,782	\$ 5,473,958	\$ 200,000	\$ 7,426,740	\$ 6,372,792
Total operating revenues	1,752,782	5,473,958	200,000	7,426,740	6,372,792
Operating expenses: Allocated administrative costs Depreciation Consulting costs Fuel and repair parts Claims and premiums	675,196 847,266 - 962,611	566,206 - - - - 10,104,413	27,713	1,241,402 847,266 27,713 962,611 10,104,413	1,425,942 616,963 - 1,002,713 4,002,807
Total operating expenses	2,485,073	10,670,619	27,713	13,183,405	7,048,425
Operating income (loss)	(732,291)	(5,196,661)	172,287	(5,756,665)	(675,633)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Contributions Loss on sale of equipment	12,202 32,232 (31,232)	44,988 - -	18,898	76,088 32,232 (31,232)	95,452 - 13,100
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	13,202	44,988	18,898	77,088	108,552
Income (loss) before transfers	(719,089)	(5,151,673)	191,185	(5,679,577)	(567,081)
Transfers in Transfers out	1,326,000 (1,326,000)	1,000,000	2,600,000	4,926,000 (1,326,000)	<u>-</u>
Total transfers		1,000,000	2,600,000	3,600,000	
Change in net position	(719,089)	(4,151,673)	2,791,185	(2,079,577)	(567,081)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	9,373,071	(6,493,563)	252,597	3,132,105	3,699,186
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 8,653,982	\$ (10,645,236)	\$ 3,043,782	\$ 1,052,528	\$ 3,132,105

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Self-Insurance-Workers' Compensation/

	Equipment	General Liability/	IT	То	tals
	Replacement	Unemployment		2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and user departments Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 1,750,748 (953,496) (687,074)	\$ 5,474,853 (5,549,402)	\$ 200,000 (4,025)	\$ 7,425,601 (6,506,923) (687,074)	\$ 6,390,125 (5,793,218) (675,151)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	110,178	(74,549)	195,975	231,604	(78,244)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds	1,326,000 (1,326,000)	1,000,000	2,600,000	4,926,000 (1,326,000)	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		1,000,000	2,600,000	3,600,000	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from disposal of assets Acquisition of capital assets	106,344 (1,523,992)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	106,344 (1,523,992)	42,633 (2,556,060)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1,417,648)			(1,417,648)	(2,513,427)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received	13,259	38,381	10,962	62,602	96,117
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	13,259	38,381	10,962	62,602	96,117
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,294,211)	963,832	2,806,937	2,476,558	(2,495,554)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,820,156	4,424,541	252,132	7,496,829	9,992,383
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,525,945	\$ 5,388,373	\$ 3,059,069	\$ 9,973,387	\$ 7,496,829
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (732,291)	\$ (5,196,661)	\$ 172,287	\$ (5,756,665)	\$ (675,633)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items	847,266 15,408 (2,034)	- 895 4,612	- - -	847,266 15,408 (1,139) 4,612	616,963 (10,729) 17,333 (4,612)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in claims payable	(6,293) (11,878)	2,199 - 5,114,406	23,688	19,594 (11,878) 5,114,406	264,310 (132) (285,744)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 110,178	\$ (74,549)	\$ 195,975	\$ 231,604	\$ (78,244)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, government entities, and others. Such funds are operated by carrying out specifications of trust indentures, statutes, ordinances, or other governing regulations.

Deposits Fund

Established to account for various other funds held by the City in an agent or trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Community Facilities District Fund

Established to account for special taxes received under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. Bonds were issued to provide for improvements within the District.

Costa Mesa Foundation Fund

Established for the purpose of providing opportunities for donors to contribute assets for the benefit of the Community.

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2017

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Commu Facilit	-	Сс	sta Mesa	Tota	als
	Deposits	Distri	ct	Fo	undation	2017	2016
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and investments	\$ 2,879,233	\$	_	\$	119,772	\$ 2,999,005	\$3,475,707
Accounts receivable	12,671		-		-	12,671	16,238
Interest receivable	-		-		329	329	217
Prepaid items	1,189		-		13,725	 14,914	1,471
Total assets	\$ 2,893,093	\$		\$	133,826	\$ 3,026,919	\$3,493,633
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$ 553,518	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 553,518	\$ 844,745
Deposits payable	2,339,575				133,826	 2,473,401	2,648,888
Total liabilities	\$ 2,893,093	\$		\$	133,826	\$ 3,026,919	\$3,493,633

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

	Balance at July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2017
<u>DEPOSITS</u>				
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Prepaid items	\$ 3,358,306 16,238 1,471	\$48,491,037 48,254 1,565	\$48,970,110 51,821 1,847	\$ 2,879,233 12,671 1,189
Total assets	\$ 3,376,015	\$48,540,856	\$49,023,778	\$ 2,893,093
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$ 840,691 2,535,324	\$ 5,620,567 44,799,615	\$ 5,907,740 44,995,364	\$ 553,518 2,339,575
Total liabilities	\$ 3,376,015	\$50,420,182	\$50,903,104	\$ 2,893,093
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT <u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 250,135	\$ 250,135	\$ -
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 250,135	\$ 250,135	\$ -
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Held for bondholders	\$ - -	\$ 245,095 250,135	\$ 245,095 250,135	\$ -
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 495,230	\$ 495,230	\$ -
COSTA MESA FOUNDATION				
Assets Cash and investments Interest receivable Prepaid Items	\$ 117,401 217	\$ 57,403 329 13,725	\$ 55,032 217	\$ 119,772 329 13,725
Total assets	\$ 117,618	\$ 71,457	\$ 55,249	\$ 133,826
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$ 4,054 113,564	\$ 48,578 70,453	\$ 52,632 50,191	\$ - 133,826
Total liabilities	\$ 117,618	\$ 119,031	\$ 102,823	\$ 133,826
				(Continued)

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance at July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2017
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items	\$ 3,475,707 16,238 217 1,471	\$48,798,575 48,254 329 15,290	\$49,275,277 51,821 217 1,847	\$ 2,999,005 12,671 329 14,914
Total assets	\$ 3,493,633	\$48,862,448	\$49,329,162	\$ 3,026,919
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Deposits payable Held for bondholders	\$ 844,745 2,648,888	\$ 5,914,240 44,870,068 245,095	\$ 6,205,467 45,045,555 245,095	\$ 553,518 2,473,401
Total liabilities	\$ 3,493,633	\$51,029,403	\$51,496,117	\$ 3,026,919



STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS TABLES 1 - 4

These schedules contain financial trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY TABLES 5 - 12

These schedules contain revenue information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source.

DEBT CAPACITY TABLES 13 - 15

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION TABLES 16 - 17

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION TABLES 18 - 20

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Years				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 231,078,900	\$ 231,078,900 \$ 238,167,532 \$ 232,204,195	\$ 232,204,195	\$ 209,554,571	\$ 207,954,876	\$ 204,884,524	€	211,291,261 \$ 211,133,458	\$ 216,195,466	\$ 219,280,752
Restricted										
Protection of Persons and										217,303
Property	431,303	407,718	1,040,371	1,303,260	2,519,015	2,329,840	1,441,906	552,573	1,022,546	866'885'6
Community programs	10,601,709	5,909,972	6,475,370	2,292,260	10,262,006	8,713,244	9,622,339	8,892,751	12,793,475	20,253,747
Public services	18,781,762	18,531,911	18,083,105	26,299,602	28,568,791	26,485,938	21,642,345	17,660,289	15,495,090	
Redevelopment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(161,805,274)
Unrestricted	67,546,727	50,034,265	40,025,930	42,251,930	44,741,840	43,798,620	51,403,839	(170,836,260)	(159,357,224)	
Total governmental activities										
net position	\$ 328,440,401	\$ 328,440,401 \$ 313,051,398 \$ 297,828,971	\$ 297,828,971	\$ 281,701,623	\$ 294,046,528	\$ 286,212,166	\$ 295,401,690	\$ 67,402,811	\$ 86,149,353	\$ 87,535,526

Source: Government-Wide Financial Statements

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Years				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 29,508,603	\$ 29,708,604	\$ 24,640,217	\$ 22,942,186	\$ 19,977,655	\$ 22,655,452	\$ 23,396,581	\$ 25,225,607	\$ 24,631,010	28,474,037
Protection of persons and property	57,655,181	64.718.615	65,999,456		61.788.930	63,383,715	62,634,432	64.184.047	63.956.413	70,786,483
Community programs	7 704 374	10 953 425	6 957 413		4 310 750	6 519 916	6 784 867	10 189 480	4 639 743	12 069 675
Duklia gaminaa	0.00.000.00	22, 62,61	30 339 480	-	10 073 545	710,003,00	702,107,0	21,502,103	30 406 405	21,555,51
Fublic services	78,/0/,870	77,008,099	20,338,489	81	18,8/2,545	717,800,07	767, 108, 197	180,645,12	77,438,432	190,514,17
Redevelopment	1,168,763	375,499	1,225,993		911,704	•	•	•		
Interest on long-term debt	3,651,584	3,426,155	3,243,198	3,043,559	2,683,598	1,726,008	1,273,152	1,210,723	1,081,605	974,233
Total primary government expenses	128,396,325	131,250,997	122,404,766	109,085,508	108,546,182	114,793,308	116,857,229	122,359,538	116,807,266	133,719,489
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Destrotion of monages and monages	007 (33 (017 200 0	CV 1 33C C	000 033 6	000 3030	1 730 001	010 900 0	257 000 0	010 505 6	000 010 0
riotection of persons and property	0,555,000	3,230,412	3,200,143		2,033,000	100,657,2	016,926,910	0/4,667,7	610,101,2	2,619,609
Community programs	5,554,124	166,670,9	2,017,827	5,290,235	5,268,839	7,01,068,6	0,773,017	/,498,548	8,232,995	8/8///5/
Public services	2,822,877	1,839,433	1,974,779	2,626,032	2,861,971	2,646,611	2,680,625	3,089,801	3,721,366	3,232,506
Redevelopment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Operating grants and contributions	8.948.635	10.276,030	5.699.857	6.717.009	8.832.089	8,443,327	8,534,673	8.562.955	4,907,815	4,487,089
Canital grants and contributions	10 594 837	8 938 881	6 441 397		4 555 065	5 140 960	6 148 876	5 143 592	3 370 260	7 114 471
Total arimary government rayanise	31 474 153	30 366 707	23,000,003	,	27 153 844	38 90 8 70	25 032 761	26,611,5	22,070,00	25 231 753
Total printary government revenues		,	00,000,000	€	6	000,020,420		211,470,02		- 1
Total primary government net expense	\$ (96,922,172)	\$ (100,884,290)	\$ (99,404,763)	(85,558,009)	\$ (84,392,338)	\$ (89,966,422)	\$ (90,924,468)	\$ (95,765,366)	\$ (93,867,011)	\$ (108,487,736)
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Not Position										
III MELLI OSHIGII										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 24,715,336	\$ 25,327,904	\$ 23,885,560	\$ 24,626,634	\$ 21,564,340	\$ 23,192,755	\$ 22,984,093	\$ 24,139,297	\$ 26,168,612	37,925,385
Sales and use taxes	46,917,845	39,488,414	35,267,341	40,953,224	43,077,849	46,743,795	50,329,310	52,117,128	58,524,162	57,591,889
Transient occupancy tax	5.791.004	4.719.158	4.268.984	5.344.968	6.524.510	7.257.695	7.676.090	7.995.154	8.622.505	8.924.854
Franchise taxes	4 046 517	4,174,172	3,945,159		4.471.326	4.818.972	4 891 465	4.885.925	5.060.402	4.593.631
Duringer Licence tox	977, 020	107 098	195 050		270 000	017 623	016.205	007 750	0.73 5.71	010 010
Dusiness income and	0.12,27.0	104,000	707,000		000,000	00,117	030,000	901,100	120,000	710,720
Other Intergovernmental, unrestricted	4,133,604	7,413,921	9,11,,400		117,44,00	0,014,044	4,229,039	5,000,500	11,209,969	21,540
Investment income	6,659,736	1,649,319	4,016,384	,2	1,377,209	640,159	1,772,900	1,692,528	1,871,216	496,650
Miscellaneous	862,648	820,080	1,784,618	860,972	978,394	181,943	495,154	949,533	913,351	1,333,610
Settlements		•	•	•	•	1,452,623	121,971	•	•	
Extraordinary items:										
Gain on transfer of assets to										•
Successor Agency	•	•	•	•	9,260,371	•	•	•	•	
(Loss) on advance to Successor										
Agency	•					(11,888,159)	•		•	
Total primary government	99,081,228	86,285,465	83,144,079	88,504,285	96,737,243	82,132,060	98,416,327	98,394,278	113,343,758	111,836,287
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,159,056	\$ (14,598,825)	\$ (16,260,684)	3 2,946,276	\$ 12,344,905	\$ (7,834,362)	\$ 7,491,859	\$ 2,628,912	\$ 19,476,747	\$ 3,348,551

Source: Government-Wide Financial Statements

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

									Fiscal Years	ears					
		2008		2009		2010	2011 (1)		2012	2013		2014	2015	2	2016
General fund]]			 	
Reserved	€9	15,768,661	8	15,140,564	<u>~</u>	14,421,676	~	∽	•	∽	-	•	∞	\$	•
Unreserved		50,467,786	60	33,716,155		27,098,389	'		•			•			•
Nonspendable		•		•		•	13,334,328		13,917,262	3,137,794	4	3,430,104	4,165,795		2,486,085
Restricted		•		•		٠	•		٠			•			٠
Committed		•		•		•	16,125,000		16,125,000	16,125,000	0	16,125,000	16,125,000		16,125,000
Assigned		•		٠		•	9,900,467		10,347,804	10,131,615	5	10,016,092	11,325,819		13,820,663
Unassigned		•		1		ı	5,915,735		7,419,860	16,252,032	2	20,629,130	22,199,337		32,040,713
Total general fund	€	66,236,447	\$	48,856,719	\$	41,520,065	\$ 45,275,530	s	47,809,926	\$ 45,646,441	1.	50,200,326	\$ 53,815,951	s	64,472,461
All other governmental funds															
Reserved	S	23,661,322	\$	10,576,691	s	9,357,430	\$	\$	•	\$	\$	•	\$	\$	
Unreserved, reported in:															
Special revenue funds		7,904,617	_	3,042,672	_	14,952,556	•		•			•			•
Capital projects funds		18,759,882	_	15,658,912		10,780,360	•		•			•			
Debt services funds		(10,400,263)	Ŭ	(9,579,072)	⊃	10,136,674)	•		•			•			
Nonspendable		•		•		•	12,849		•			•			
Restricted		•		•		•	34,165,657		31,441,902	29,302,059	6	25,097,114	20,914,771		19,309,083
Committed		•		•		•	•		•			•			
Assigned		•		•		•	7,146,775		7,095,166	9,162,682	2	11,741,220	19,147,805		23,738,380
Unassigned		•		•		•	(12,177,382)		(2,572,973)	(2,892,237)	5	(2,288,538)	(368,083)	<u> </u>	(139,064)
Total primary government net expense	s	39,925,558	\$	29,699,203	\$	24,953,672	\$ 29,147,899	s	35,964,095	\$ 35,572,504	8	34,549,796	\$ 39,694,493	s	42,908,399

16,125,000 13,819,088 30,867,198 63,065,129

28,056,898 -27,619,480 (248,979)

2,253,843

2017

Source: Fund Financial Statements

and replaced them with five new categories (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned). Fund balance amounts as of June 30, 2011 have been restated to (1) City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This statement eliminated previous reserved and unreserved fund balance categories, present the new categories; however, all previous fiscal years are presented using the old categories.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Years				
Revenues	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Taxes Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits	\$ 82,402,980 1,876,959 3,066,355	\$ 74,570,140 1,168,026 2,965,960		\$ 76,031,925 1,557,797 2,104,816	\$ 76,526,993 1,903,361 3,508,181	\$ 82,930,849 1,997,057 4,483,240	\$ 86,797,242 2,085,348 3,614,144	\$ 90,091,915 2,313,296 1,367,190	\$ 99,349,202 2,983,081 1,609,134	\$ 99,464,729 2,933,305 1,352,682
intergoverimental Charges for services Rental Investment income	27,088,736 4,355,738 3,128,271 5,869,106	26,359,128 4,179,547 3,189,975 1,627,547	21,137,881 4,156,944 2,838,744 3,537,379	21,681,418 4,478,711 2,900,049 2,284,183	19,838,941 4,167,896 3,054,100 1,189,168	19,213,168 4,320,932 2,987,055 533,469	21,769,293 4,721,191 3,021,585 1,712,058	22,010,125 6,117,030 3,113,662 1,771,527	17,612,288 6,668,445 3,336,053 1,775,765	23,203,263 5,909,112 3,289,222 420,561
Return on equity Settlements Miscellaneous Total revenues	- 1,182,749.00 128,970,894	2,342,611 116,402,934	2,566,138 106,620,366	1,069,225 112,108,124	- 1,376,946 111,565,586	2,551,815 1,452,623 892,970 121,363,178	121,971 1,177,245 125,020,077	2,206,428 128,991,173	- 1,679,917 135,013,885	2,170,215 138,745,091
Expenditures										
General government Protection of persons and property Community programs Public services Redevelopment	28,723,990 66,889,007 9,622,552 33,343,249 1,168,763	29,619,695 68,691,164 11,550,616 27,954,239 375,499	25,276,998 61,884,416 6,296,711 17,216,338 1,225,993	21,739,252 56,207,290 6,259,971 11,849,471 862,541	20,974,387 59,993,364 6,125,337 13,613,312 911,704	21,982,783 60,468,091 6,166,791 16,781,751	23,893,450 64,047,209 6,442,241 22,863,385	24,699,226 61,096,404 8,821,298 21,860,252	25,102,067 64,426,376 8,019,356 19,836,633	26,518,266 66,141,703 9,410,168 21,680,495
Debt service: Principal Interest Other charges	5,486,427 3,683,198	4,393,687	4,064,842 3,244,528	4,395,904 3,082,508	4,525,739 2,734,050	3,872,050 1,741,101	2,450,000 1,296,111	2,540,000 1,213,671	2,650,000 1,109,037	2,755,000 992,383
Total expenditures	148,917,186	146,045,455	119,209,826	104,396,937	108,877,893	111,012,567	120,992,396	120,230,851	121,143,469	127,498,015
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(19,946,292)	(29,642,521)	(12,589,460)	7,711,187	2,687,693	10,350,611	4,027,681	8,760,322	13,870,416	11,247,076
Transfers in Transfers out Extraordinary Gain (loss) Issuance of long-term debt Premium on debt issue Bond proceeds	9,014,877 (8,195,611)	7,123,168 (7,158,081)	9,160,286 (8,653,011)	8,460,300 (8,221,795)	5,099,168 (5,099,168) 5,645,371	6,212,460 (6,212,460) (11,888,159)	8,597,756 (9,094,260)	14,253,945 (14,253,945)	12,852,940 (12,852,940)	16,058,019 (19,658,019) - -
Total other financing sources (uses)	819,266	(34,913)	507,275	238,505	5,645,371	(11,888,159)	(496,504)	•	•	(3,600,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (19,127,026)	\$ (29,677,434)	\$ (12,082,185)	\$ 7,949,692	\$ 8,333,064	\$ (1,537,548)	\$ 3,531,177	\$ 8,760,322	\$ 13,870,416	\$ 7,647,076
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.73%	6.25%	6.43%	7.45%	7.03%	5.40%	3.44%	3.37%	3.38%	3.37%

Source: Fund Financial Statements

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Total	82,402,980 74,570,140 68,225,611 76,031,523 76,526,993 82,930,850 86,797,243 90,091,914 99,349,202
Ţ	\$ 28 4 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Proposition 172	927,417 829,159 750,513 779,510 843,542 913,688 1,064,676 1,002,064 930,601
Pr	≪
Business License	\$ 932,278 860,491 858,567 866,442 888,967 917,633 916,285 954,408 973,521
Franchise	\$ 4,046,517 4,174,172 3,945,159 4,240,255 4,471,326 4,818,972 4,891,465 4,885,926 5,060,402 4,593,631
Transient Occupancy	\$ 5,791,004 4,719,158 4,268,984 5,344,968 6,524,510 7,257,695 7,676,090 7,995,154 8,622,505 8,622,505
Property	\$ 24,715,336 25,327,904 23,885,560 24,626,634 21,564,340 23,192,755 22,984,093 24,139,297 26,168,612 27,435,427
Sales	45,990,428 38,659,256 34,516,828 40,173,714 42,234,307 45,830,107 49,264,634 51,115,064 57,593,561 56,556,867
	⇔
Fiscal Years	2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016

Source: Required Supplementary Information

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

										Fiscal Years	Year	7.0								
		2007		2008		5009	20	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Apparel stores	\$	482,249	8	432,965	S	383,716	8	136,980	S	484,036	S	604,936	S	681,348	8	715,097	S	727,073	S	754,197
General merchandise		639,878		582,091		534,936	5	40,920		568,293		591,832		599,163		615,702		618,702		582,500
Food stores		101,762		102,519		96,251		92,575		93,721		94,377		87,225		88,872		103,225		90,941
Eating and drinking establishments		379,604		358,069		325,087	3	37,684		371,523		387,667		421,830		443,384		469,465		496,041
Building materials		222,523		192,021		143,602	_	45,342		142,575		150,604		180,198		193,248		205,343		224,225
Auto dealers and supplies		659,095		560,317		488,122	5	36,390		577,755		613,669		926,029		753,804		858,187		924,641
Service stations		183,362		203,309		157,149	_	96,497		240,892		269,067		263,352		245,432		215,707		190,969
Other retail stores	_	1,030,546		918,095		797,163	∞	53,264		924,979		961,488		972,383		1,025,424		1,047,009		1,050,063
All other outlets		928,733		822,086		697,731	7	58,854		778,329		839,005		914,501		1,015,134		1,112,851		1,206,829
	\$	4,627,752	\$	4,171,472	S	3,623,757	\$ 3,8	3,898,506	\$ 4	,182,103	S	4,512,645	S	4,790,976	S	5,096,097	S	5,357,562	s	5,520,406
City direct sales tax rate		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%

Source: State of California Board of Equalization and The HdL Companies

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

PRINCIPAL SALES TAX REMITTERS BY CATEGORY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016			2007	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total City			of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
Category	Sales	Rank	Sales	Sales	Rank	Sales
All other outlets	\$ 1,206,829		21.86%	\$ 928,733	2	20.07%
Other retail stores	1,050,063	7	19.02%	1,030,546	1	22.27%
Auto dealers and supplies	924,641	κ	16.75%	659,095	33	14.24%
Apparel stores	754,197	4	13.66%	482,249	5	10.42%
General merchandise	582,500	5	10.55%	639,878	4	13.83%
Eating and drinking establishments	496,041	9	8.99%	379,604	9	8.20%
Building materials	224,225	7	4.06%	222,523	7	4.81%
Service stations	190,969	∞	3.46%	183,362	∞	3.96%
Food stores	90,941	6	1.65%	101,762	6	2.20%

Source: State of California Board of Equalization and The HdL Companies

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Sales Tax Rate	7.75	8.75	8.75	7.75	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.75
State of California Rate	6.25	7.25	7.25	6.25	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	00.9
Orange County Rate	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
City Local Rate	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.25
Fiscal Years	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Source: State of California Board of Equalization

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the	ons to Date	Percentage	of Levy(1)	98.29%	100.03%	85.50%	99.92%	%66'86	99.38%	99.28%	%98.86	97.95%	98.20%
	Total Collections to Date		Amount	\$ 20,530,575	21,283,534	18,034,072	20,653,684	20,367,111	20,981,960	22,018,251	23,139,805	24,449,817	25,857,308
	Collected for	Subsequent	Years (2)	5 532,478	920,531	911,902	594,003	408,220	382,281	285,325	242,634	227,104	216,963
	Fiscal Year of the Levy	Percentage	ofLevy	95.74%	95.71%	81.18%	97.05%	97.01%	97.57%	%66.76	97.83%	97.04%	97.38%
		Fiscal Year (Amount	\$ 19,998,097	20,363,004	17,122,170	20,059,681	19,958,891	20,599,679	21,732,926	22,897,171	24,222,713	25,640,344
	Taxes Levied	for the	Fiscal Year	\$ 20,888,474	21,276,710	21,092,684	20,670,091	20,574,309	21,112,082	22,178,464	23,405,838	24,960,369	26,330,538
	Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

⁽¹⁾ The Percentage of Levy may exceed 100% if the amounts collected for subsequent years exceed the delinquency.

Source: Orange County Assessor 2016/2017 Combined Tax Rolls

⁽²⁾ The County of Orange only makes this data available by collection year. Data by levy year is not available.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Estimated Actual Taxable Value (1)	\$ 13,824,233,517	14,366,107,839	14,432,675,049	14,116,462,882	14,117,917,712	14,377,053,503	14,926,307,046	15,711,723,908	16,532,734,533	17,470,054,913
Total Direct Tax Rate	0.17276%	0.17342%	0.17241%	0.17154%	0.17226%	0.17288%	0.15040%	0.15035%	0.15038%	0.15014%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 13,824,233,517	14,366,107,839	14,432,675,049	14,116,462,882	14,117,917,712	14,377,053,503	14,926,307,046	15,711,723,908	16,532,734,533	17,470,054,913
Less: Tax-Exempt Property	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						•	•		•
Miscellaneous Property	\$ 2,404,008,712	2,518,888,713	1,682,015,788	1,163,583,656	1,065,596,839	1,070,250,329	1,140,508,581	1,206,217,946	1,118,171,362	1,180,683,099
Industrial Property	\$ 1,049,297,119	1,129,832,358	1,196,215,357	1,138,864,468	1,100,996,492	1,122,815,201	1,117,794,289	1,126,437,386	1,190,970,066	1,336,961,702
Commercial Property	\$ 2,358,236,884	2,553,080,097	3,383,235,481	3,466,364,532	3,394,223,104	3,479,681,880	3,566,114,710	3,633,678,888	3,766,616,981	3,918,807,590
Residential Property	\$ 8,012,690,802	8,164,306,671	8,171,208,423	8,347,650,226	8,557,101,277	8,704,306,093	9,101,889,466	9,745,389,688	10,456,976,124	11,033,602,522
Fiscal Years	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

shown above, represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. Therefore, the estimated actual taxable value equals the total taxable assessed by an inflation factor (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of he property sold. The assessed valuation data based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, Ξ

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2007/2008- 2016/2017 Combined Tax Rolls.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Special Districts	Debt	0.00615	0.00615	0.00595	0.00535	0.00535	0.00535	0.00535	0.00515	0.00515	0.00515
Overlapping Rates	School District	Debt	0.51452	0.67550	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300	0.48300
0	County of Orange	Debt	0.36657	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649	0.36649
	Total Direct	Rate (1)	0.17276	0.17342	0.17241	0.17154	0.17226	0.17288	0.15040	0.15035	0.15038	0.15014
	Redevelopment	Program	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	•	•	•	•	•
City Direct Rates	Redevelopment	Debt Service (2)	0.00450	0.00430	0.00430	0.00370	0.00370	•	•	•	•	1
	General Obligation	Debt Service	ı	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•
	Basic	Rate	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879	0.14879
l	ı	Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

[&]quot;The weighted average of all individual rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section" The "total direct rate" for the City of Costa Mesa is a weighted average derived by dividing total City Per the Government Finance Officers Association the definition of "total direct rate" is as follows: revenue by taxable assessed value. \equiv

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2007/2008 - 2016/2017 Combined Tax Rolls.

As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt. 6

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		20	2016-2017		20	2007-2008	
				Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
		Property		Property	Property		Property
E		ıax T	-	I ax	I ax	-	1 ax
Taxpayer		Kevenue	Kank	Kevenue	Kevenue	Kank	Kevenue
Trust Costa Mesa Courtyards LLC	\$	427,397	1	1.42%	∽		
South Coast Plaza		420,470	7	1.40%	377,017	4	1.59%
Irvine Company LLC		355,857	∞	1.18%	•		0.00%
PR II of MCC South Coast Properties Owner		349,281	4	1.16%	ı		0.00%
1901 Newport LLC Royal Street		341,895	5	1.14%	382,622	3	1.61%
United Dominion Realty LP		289,640	9	%96.0			0.00%
Behringer Harvard Pacifica Proj Owner		276,333	7	0.92%	•		0.00%
WWG TSQ Owner LLC		275,583	∞	0.92%	•		0.00%
BRE LLC		267,193	6	0.89%	•		0.00%
Marjack LLC Irvine Company LLC		230,343	10	0.77%	•		0.00%
CFRI Greenlaw Triangle Square LLC		ı		0.00%	445,246	_	1.88%
RREEF America Reit II Corp. CCCC2		ı		0.00%	399,912	2	1.69%
Maguire Properties Pacific Arts Plaza LLP		ı		0.00%	376,662	S	1.59%
Teachers Retirement System		1		0.00%	283,810	9	1.20%
Automobile Club of Southern California		1		0.00%	204,684	7	0.86%
Casden Lakes LP		1		0.00%	166,827	~	0.70%
Center Tower Associates		1		0.00%	161,014	6	0.68%
JKS-CMFV LLC Experian Information		-		0.00%	158,368	10	0.67%
Total	S	3,233,991		10.76%	\$ 2,956,161		12.46%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2016/2017 & 2007/2008 Combined Tax Rolls.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA
RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009		2010	2011	11	2	Fiscal Years	ears 2013		2014	2015	15	2016		2017	
General bonded debt outstanding General obligation bonds Redevelopment bonds (1) Total	\$ 5,630,000 \$ 5,630,000	\$ 5,145,000 \$ 5,145,000	e e	- 4,650,000 4,650,000	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	- 4,140,000 4,140,000	e e	3,615,000 3,615,000	sa sa	s s		⇔ ⇔		ss ss		.0	
Percentage of taxable assessed value	0.0392%	0.0356%		0.0329%		0.0293%		0.0256%	0.0000%	%	0.0000%	Ŭ	0.0000%	0.0	0.0000%	0.0000%	%0
Per capita	\$ 7.18	\$ 6.53	\$	06.6	\$	8.85	\$	8.43	€	\$	•	€	•	€	,		
Less: Amounts set aside to repay general debt	706,045	704,300	_	704,300	`	704,300		704,300			•						
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	4,923,955	4,440,700		3,945,700	3,6	3,435,700	7	2,910,700			•		•				
Legal debt limit (3.75% of Assessed Value)	556,242,642	583,264,697		585,910,407	574,	574,243,802	575	575,152,015	585,780,638	~	607,508,126	637,3	637,377,201	669,713,004	3,004	705,606,516	16
Legal debt margin	551,318,687	578,823,997		581,964,707	570,8	570,808,102	572	572,241,315	585,780,638	~	607,508,126	637,3	637,377,201	669,713,004	3,004	705,606,516	16
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	99.11%	99.24%	 	99.33%		99.40%		99.49%	100.00%	%	100.00%		100.00%	10	100.00%	100.00%	%0

⁽¹⁾ As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Per	Capita	\$ 3,105.81	1,745.60	1,636.85	1,491.22	1,224.86	999.53	886.84	832.10	732.66	649.85
		Percentage	of Personal	Income	2.73%	1.50%	1.40%	1.27%	1.11%	0.89%	0.79%	0.73%	0.64%	0.57%
		Total	Primary	Government	\$ 56,882,222	52,488,535	49,406,737	45,010,834	40,302,907	32,626,729	29,980,395	27,025,000	24,375,000	21,620,000
vities Debt			Lease Purchase	Financing	\$ 3,037,222	1,898,535	2,341,737	1,780,834	1,057,907	611,729	415,395	•	•	•
Other Governmental Activities Debt		Certificates	Jo	Participation	29,215,000	28,465,000	27,525,000	26,355,000	25,140,000	23,875,000	22,560,000	21,195,000	19,775,000	18,295,000
Other Go			Revenue	Bonds	19,000,000	16,980,000	14,890,000	12,735,000	10,490,000	8,140,000	7,005,000	5,830,000	4,600,000	3,325,000
•			Per	Capita	\$ 7.18	10.72	9.94	8.85	8.43		•	•		1
	Percentage	of Total	Taxable	Assessed Value	0.0392%	0.0356%	0.0329%	0.0293%	0.0256%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
General Bonded Debt			Redevelopment	Bond (1)	\$ 5,630,000	5,145,000	4,650,000	4,140,000	3,615,000	•			•	•
General B		General	Obligation	Bonds	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

(1) As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt.

Source: City of Costa Mesa Finance Department

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

		Estimated	Estimated Share of Direct and
Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable	Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Tax and Assessment debt repaid with property taxes)		
City of Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1	000,096	100%	\$ 960,000
Newport Mesa Unified School District	217,659,150	26.542%	57,771,092
Coast Community College District	805,844,504	13.280%	107,016,150
Santa Ana Unified School District	265,510,216	3.146%	8,352,951
Rancho Santiago Community College District	258,096,533	1.332%	3,437,846
Rancho Santiago Community College District SFID No. 1	57,025,000	2.546%	1,451,857
Metropolitan Water District	74,905,000	0.678%	507,856
Subtotal overlapping Tax and Assessment debt repaid with property taxes			179,497,752
Overlapping general fund debt repaid with property taxes			
Coast Community College District General Fund Obligations	3,610,000	13.280%	479,408
Santa Ana Unified School District Certificates of Participation	60,937,067	3.146%	1,917,080
Orange County General Fund Obligations	227,516,000	3.336%	7,589,934
Orange County Pension Obligations	386,762,539	3.336%	12,902,398
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	14,440,000	3.336%	481,718
Subtotal overlapping general fund debt repaid with property taxes			23,370,538
City direct debt			
City of Costa Mesa General Fund Obligations (1)	20,660,000	100%	20,660,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 223,528,290

⁽¹⁾ See Note 7 in Finance Statement for more information about the City's direct debt.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Orange County Unemployment	Kale	5.30%	9.30%	8.50%	9.20%	7.90%	6.10%	5.20%	4.30%	4.40%	3.80%	
School Frank (3)	Emoniment	20,920	21,178	21,353	21,444	21,619	21,944	21,683	21,540	21,392	20,801	
Median	Age	32	32	33	33	33	33	34	34	34	34	
Per Capita Personal	Income	27,329	18,315	30,069	30,184	32,904	33,326	32,642	33,806	32,478	33,269	
Fersonal Income (thousands	or dollars)	\$ 3,114,221	2,087,063	3,498,258	3,536,901	3,644,348	3,711,117	3,650,877	3,780,694	3,722,083	3,794,132	
D. 2011.104.02 (2)	Fopulation	113,955	113,955	116,341	117,178	110,757	111,358	111,846	111,835	114,603	114,044	
	Y ear	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	

Source:

(1) - City of Costa Mesa Finance Department / and The HdL Companies
(2) - California State Department of Finance
(3) - Newport-Mesa Unified School District
(4) - State of California Employment Development Department as of June 30th each year

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016-2017	17		2007-2008	80
			Percentage			Percentage
			of I otal City			of I otal City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
F-1 L-4	000 6	-	/0/0/2			\000 O
Epi miennediale, mc.	5,770	-	3.90%	•		0.00%
Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	3,700	7	5.51%	1,000	8	1.53%
Coast Community College District Foundation	2,900	3	4.32%	3,044	1	4.66%
Orange Coast Community College	1,900	4	2.83%	2,500	2	3.83%
California State Hospital- Fairview Develop. Center	1,500	5	2.24%	1,500	5	2.30%
Stearns Lending, LLC	1,500	2	2.24%			
Auto Club Enterprises	1,200	7	1.79%			
Westar Capital Associates II, LLC	1,184	∞	1.76%			
Deloitte Consulting LLP	800	6	1.19%			
Dynamic Cooking Systems, Inc.	700	10	1.04%			
Coast Community College				2,500	2	3.83%
Ctc Direct Inc.				2,000	4	3.06%
Interinsurance Exchange				1,200	9	1.84%
First Team Real Estate Inc.				1,025	7	1.57%
Los Angeles Times				1,000	∞	1.53%
Macy's Department Stores Inc.				750	10	1.23%

Source: Dunn & Bradstreet, State of California Employment Development Department

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Years	ears				
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government Number of residents served via public services programs Accounts payable checks issued Total printshop photocopies produced	3,250 12,000 5,250,000	2,800 12,500 4,965,000	3,250 12,500 2,260,000	3,000 10,187 2,528,476	2,023 9,634 2,746,559	1,500 9,561 1,554,927	1,000 9,506 1,691,606	1,500 9,764 1,806,965	785 9,182 1,619,784	750 9,031 1,749,460
Protection of persons and property Police protection Emergency calls Calls responded to within 5 minutes	1,450	1,350	1,350	1,230	1,128	1,160	1,180	1,330	N/A N/A	1,000
Assigned theft cases Percentage of theft cases cleared	1,000 25%	2,055 25%	2,000 25%	2,055 25%	1,951 34%	1,900 25%	1,000	400 40%	900 40%	1,200 60%
Assigned burglary cases Percentage of burglary cases cleared	1,600 25%	1,425 25%	1,600 25%	1,425 25%	1,452 21%	1,460 25%	800 40%	350 40%	400 40%	200 70%
Case and arrest reports processed	24,603	24,603	24,603	19,814	15,324	21,921	18,133	15,128	14,584	19,310
Fire protection Number of calls for service Fire related responses Emergency medical aid responses	9,400 188 6,700	9,450 283 6,700	9,500 285 6,700	9,500 238 7,200	9,800 110 6,400	10,000 200 7,000	11,300 218 7,818	11,100 214 7,250	12,955 238 9,366	12,721 271 9,374
Community Programs Number of program participants at the Downtown Recreation Center Over-the-counter plan checks reviewed within five (5) working days	67,134	33,843	33,357	30,903	32,404	42,411	31,018	31,521	33,446	34,939
Inspection requests with 24 hours Complaint response within two (2) working days	28,000	14,850	14,850	14,250	14,345	14,345	17,460	22,560	29,100	31,040
Public services Number of trees trimmed annually Number of catch basins cleaned annually	6,435 1,200	8,007	7,980	4,504	7,206	7,882 1,165	8,140	7,700	7,750	6,250

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

234.46 87.50 695.95 37.59 21.50 12.94 46.23 74.00 84.82 0.9 2017 43.50 33.30 12.50 589.36 70.70 232.63 87.25 81.77 2016 2015 (2) 53.43 84.75 83.37 570.33 38.41 10.50 37.25 236.41 20.21 29.75 27.00 237.68 95.75 124.43 547.82 6.027.21 2014 2013 (1) 27.59 114.99 22.00 235.60 95.44 528.83 27.21 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS Fiscal Years 5.0 15.75 17.75 96.47 26.50 220.68 96.44 79.25 557.84 2012 5.0 13.00 213.88 98.44 557.62 17.75 103.05 30.00 76.50 2011 686.79 119.86 254.63 112.92 16.00 44.50 108.96 24.42 2010 109 706.26 16.56 126.21 45.00 266.75 112.92 24.42 2009 124.66 45.00 262.73 112.92 700.69 5.5 16.56 24.42 108.90 2008 Chief Executive Officer's Office Protection of persons and property Park and community services Information technology Administrative services Development services Financial services Function/Program Police protection General Government Fire protection City attorney Public services

Central Services, and Risk Management were combined with the Chief Executive Officer's Department and the Information Technology Division was (1) City's Administrative Services Department was reorganized. Divisions previously allocated to that department such as Human Resources, combined with the Finance Department. In addition, the Recreation division was combined with Public Service Department.

⁽²⁾ The Information Technology was separated from Financial Service Department. and Park & Community Services Department was separated from Public Service Department.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Years	ears				
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police										
Stations/Substations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Fire stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Other public works										
Streets (lane miles)	525.0	525.0	525.0	525.0	525.0	525.0	529.0	529.0	529.0	529.0
Streetlights	699'9	6,669	699'9	699'9	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674
Traffic signals	122	122	122	124	124	123	123	124	124	124
Parks and recreation										
Acres of open space	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957	1 957
Park sites	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	31	31	31
Baseball/softball diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	S	S	9	9	9
Soccer/football fields	∞	8	∞	8	8	10	10	10	10	10
Community centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3
Wastewater (miles)										
Sanitary sewers	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7
Storm sewers	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5









