

FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2020

City of the Arts





CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by: Finance Department

www.costamesaca.gov



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Letter of Transmittal List of Principal Officials Organizational Chart GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	i vii viii ix
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	4
Basic Financial Statements: Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	15 16
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of	18
Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	20
Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	21
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	23
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	24 25 26
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position	27 28
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	29

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information: Miscellaneous Plan:	
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Contributions Police Safety Plan:	71 72
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Contributions	73 74
Fire Safety Plan: Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions	75 76
Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan: Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	77
Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan: Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	78
General Fund Gas Tax Fund Government Grants Fund	80 82 83
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	84
Supplementary Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	88
Changes in Fund Balances	92
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Major and Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds HOME Program Fund Proposition 172 Fund Air Quality Improvement Fund	96 97 98
Community Development Fund Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund Rental Rehabilitation Fund	99 100 101
Narcotics Forfeiture Fund Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund	102 103
Office of Traffic Safety Fund Housing Authority Fund	104 105

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

Major and Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:		<u>Page</u>
Measure "M2" Fund Parking Districts Fund Golf Course Improvements Fund Park Development Drainage Fees Fund Traffic Impact Fees Fund Fire System Development Fees Fund Jack Hammett Sports Complex Fund Lions Park Capital Improvements Fund Capital Improvements Fund		106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115
Internal Service Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in		117
Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows		118 119
Agency Funds: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and		121
Liabilities	.	122
STATISTICAL SECTION:	<u>Table</u>	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	1	125
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	2	126
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	3	127
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	4	128
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	5	129
Taxable Sales by Category – Last Ten Calendar Years	6	130
Principal Sales Tax Remitters by Category – Current Year and Nine Years	Ago7	131
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	8	132
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	9	133
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	10	134

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

	<u>Table</u>	<u>Page</u>
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	11	135
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	12	136
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Fiscal Years	13	137
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	14	138
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	15	139
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Calendar Years	16	140
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	17	141
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	18	142
Full Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	19	143
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	20	144



FINANCIAL REPORT
INTRODUCTORY SECTION





CITY OF COSTA MESA

77 FAIR DRIVE, P.O. BOX 1200, COSTA MESA, CA 92628-1200

FROM THE OFFICE OF THE FINANCE DIRECTOR —CITY TREASURER

December 21, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Councilmembers:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Costa Mesa (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted. These statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning finances of the City. Responsibility for both accuracy of the data, and completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of various funds and component units of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, have been audited by Davis Farr LLP, an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and that the statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City, incorporated in 1953, has an estimated population of 114,778 and a land area of 16.8 square miles. It is located in the southern coastal area of Orange County, California, and is bordered by the cities of Santa Ana, Newport Beach, Huntington Beach, Fountain Valley, and Irvine. The City is approximately 35 miles southeast of Los Angeles and 85 miles northwest of San Diego. At its nearest point, the City is approximately 1.5 miles from the Pacific Ocean. The City is also home to the world-renowned Henry and Renee Segerstrom Concert Hall, the Segerstrom Center for the Arts, and the Orange County Fairgrounds.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Mayor and City Council. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances approved by the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing department heads.

In November 2016, voters approved Measure EE Voting District Formation and six voting districts were formed. Beginning in December 2018, the City Council transitioned from five Council Members to seven Council Members. Each of the six districts elects one Council Member and the Mayor is elected at-large every two years. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms.

The City is a "full service city" and provides a wide range of services. These services include: police and fire protection; animal control; emergency medical aid; building safety regulation and inspection; street lighting; land use planning and zoning; housing and community development; maintenance and improvement of streets and related structures; traffic safety, maintenance, and improvement; homeless shelter; and a full range of recreational and cultural programs. A "full-service city" is defined as a city that is financially responsible for the full set of basic tax-dependent municipal services within its jurisdiction including police, fire, parks and recreation, streets, and land-use planning.

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with GAAP, except for certain special revenue and debt service funds for which annual budgets are not adopted. Budgetary control for management purposes is maintained as authorized by City Council at the department functional level within individual funds.

The City Manager submits the budget to the City Council, who adopts it prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to budget adoption. Supplemental appropriations, when required during the fiscal year, are also approved by the City Council. Intra-functional and interfund budgetary amendments are approved by the City Manager subject to the total amount authorized by City Council.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

Fiscal year 2019-2020 was the beginning of an unprecedented time in our nation. Our country was faced with a novel and infectious virus, known as the coronavirus (COVID-19), leading to a worldwide pandemic that has collapsed the global economy and battered our public health care system in a manner previously unseen. Its adverse impact on the United States economy

has resulted in business closures and job losses for over 18 million Americans and an unemployment rate of 10.5 percent. The economic impact of COVID-19 is unparalleled in its scale and scope of damage.

As a result of the speed and severity of the economic downturn resulting from COVID-19, the City is experiencing a significant decrease in its major General Fund revenue sources comprised of local tax revenues, fees, fines and other charges.

In fiscal year 2019-20, General Fund sales tax revenue decreased by \$9 million or 13.9 percent, primarily due to the pandemic. Large number of layoffs has significantly affected consumer spending. Costa Mesa is primarily based on retail commercial business. Shopping trends were thriving before COVID-19. The State's shelter-in-place orders resulting from COVID-19 has drastically impacted sales tax revenue.

The City's hotel taxes (transient occupancy tax) decreased by \$2 million or 23.4 percent. Business closure and shelter-in-place orders led to sharp decline in tourism, travel, conferences, and conventions worldwide.

The General Fund expenditures (before net other financing uses) increased by 1.7 percent compared to the prior year. For fiscal year 2019-20, the General Fund ended with an operating surplus of \$9.7 million before net other financing uses of \$9.5 million. Net financing uses decreased by 54.8% compared to the prior year as fiscal year 2018-19 amount reflected several one-time transfers for the permanent bridge shelter, sober living litigations and Information Technology systems. After net other financing uses, the General Fund ended with net increase of \$0.2 million to the fund balance for fiscal year 2019-20.

The City expects the local economy to continue to be negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in the next several years. However, the ultimate financial impact and duration cannot be estimated at this time. While the City of Costa Mesa continues to face financial challenges brought on by a worldwide pandemic, the City enjoys many advantages that empowers it to rise to the challenge. These advantages include a strong, diverse local economy, well-funded emergency reserves, and a fervent commitment to deliver robust services to the community.

MAJOR AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES

Major Developments:

The Place and 17 West (671 W. 17th Street) – 177-unit live/work and loft development approved on a 9.1-acre site is currently under construction by Meritage Homes and Intracorp; the project was completed in summer of 2020.

The Press (1375 Sunflower Street- former LA Times) – The master plan for the 665,000 square foot office project was approved in August 2017. Construction for rehabilitation of the first two phases of the project is under way. The first phase is near completion and the second phase is expected to be completed by June/ July 2021. Phase 3, which includes a 51,600 square foot market hall with indoor and outdoor restaurants is also under construction and expected to be completed by August 2021.

Independent and Assisted Living Facility (1650 Monrovia Ave) – This project consists of 111 units of independent and assisted living facility in a 4-story building to include amenities such as a fitness center, dance studio, cafe, bar/lounge in addition to a small event space and ancillary office space. The project just completed this year and is occupied.

Audi Fletcher Jones Auto Dealership (1275 Bristol Street) – This project involves demolition of the former Ganahl Lumber retail and storage buildings and construction and operation of a

new two-story, 50,971-square-foot Audi Fletcher Jones automotive dealership sales and service center. The project has just completed.

Harbor / Hamilton (2095 Harbor Blvd. and Hamilton Street) – This 1.53 acre site is approved for construction of a detached single-family condominium development. This project will consist of 28 two and three-bedroom, three story, detached homes including seven units with ground level work space. The grading has been completed and the model homes are under construction.

Vanguard University (55 Fair Drive) – The university has submitted a master plan amendment to replace some of the existing buildings with more modern facilities, provide additional student housing, and replace some surface parking with a parking structure. This amendment reflects long range plans for the university and will take several years to complete. The 42,687 square foot 2-story student center is complete.

Halcyon House (former Symphony Apartments located at 595 Anton Blvd.) – The five-story project consisting of 393 units of luxury apartment at the corner of Anton Boulevard and Avenue of the Arts was approved in 2015. Construction of the underground parking and the podium structures are well on the way. The project is anticipated to be completed in 2022.

Newport & Ford (1957 Newport Blvd.) – The 38-unit three-story condominium project was approved by the City Council in October 2018. The first phase is now occupied. Construction phases two through six that include 17 units are expected to be completed in spring of 2021.

Orange County Museum of Art (3333 Avenue of the Arts) – The project consists of 53,875 square-foot two-story structure which will become the new home to the Orange County Museum of Art on the existing vacant site within the Theater Arts District. Construction is well underway and the project is expected to be completed in 2021.

LUX Apartments (2277 Harbor Boulevard) – The grading permit for the multi-level parking garage has started and the first and second floor framing was completed. The project developer is currently seeking a new construction manager and expected to restart the construction by early 2021.

Avenue of the Arts Hotel Expansion (3350 Avenue of the Arts) – The master plan amendment for the project that included a new building design of the approved hotel expansion was approved in November 2019. The new master plan includes a two-level underground parking structure, a new restaurant and hotel lobby, and six levels of 150 new hotel rooms. Construction drawings for the project is anticipated to be submitted in 2021.

The Plant (765-767 Baker Street and 2972 Century Place) – This project consists of the proposed renovation of three existing commercial buildings (containing the former Car Mart and Plant Stand) totaling 19,100 square feet, for retail and restaurant uses surrounding a central courtyard area. In addition, new buildings are proposed consisting of two greenhouse structures which will contain food stall uses, and a four-story mixed use building with 48 residential units, 14 live/work units, and 2,570 square feet of workshop/maker office space above a two-level parking structure containing 170 parking spaces. Additionally, 39 on-site open parking spaces and 34 open parking spaces accessible from Century Place are proposed, for a total of 243 proposed parking spaces. This project was approved by the City Council; submittal of development plans are anticipated in 2021.

Education First – The proposed project would develop an EF Education First: International Language Campus ("EF"). The proposed project would include the following: 1) renovation of the existing three-story building (approximately 44-feet tall) modified to 57,700 square feet in area, including approximately 50 classrooms, a student services area, cafeteria, and faculty/staff offices; 2) development of a three-story, 49,800-square-foot dormitory to the north of the existing building; 3) development of two two-story, 23,000-square-foot

dormitories; 4) surface parking areas; 5) outdoor recreational facilities including a pool with a pool house; and 6) landscaping. The project includes the addition of 87,000 square feet of new buildings on the project site. Therefore, the total existing and proposed building square footage on the project site would be 155,000 square feet. The proposed project could serve up to 1,374 students and would have approximately 70 employees. The project was approved by the Planning Commission but has been on hold due to COVID-19. Construction is expected to commence in the first half of 2021.

Vans Headquarter Expansion - The Vans Building Expansion Project proposes to construct a three-story, 91,032 square foot office building approximately 40-feet north of the existing Vans Headquarter building on the Vans Headquarters Campus (Campus) located at 1588 South Coast Drive, Costa Mesa. The proposed project would also construct a three-story parking structure accommodating 358 parking spaces in the northeast quadrant of the Campus. Ancillary improvements include a small amphitheater/seating area just east of the proposed office building and south of the proposed parking structure, and a half pipe skate ramp just west of the proposed office building. A project design feature is a traffic signal on Hyland Avenue at the Vans north driveway. The project has been entitled, plan approved, and construction has commenced onsite.

Future Development (not approved but in the process):

One Metro West (1683 Sunflower Avenue) – The proposed Project is a mixed-use development and consists of residential, specialty retail, creative office, and recreational uses. The Project is proposed to include up to 1,057 dwelling units (anticipated to be rental units), 25,000 square feet of commercial creative office, 6,000 square feet of specialty retail, and 1.5-acres of public open space. All existing buildings, structures, parking areas, drive aisles, and hardscape/landscape improvements are proposed to be demolished. The proposed development includes three multi-family residential structures with a maximum building height of seven stories; one stand-alone office building up to four stories in height; tenant-serving commercial retail space integrated into one of the residential structures; open space; landscaping; streetscape improvements; and a Class-I bike trail system on Sunflower Avenue providing access to the Santa Ana River Trail. The proposed Project is subject to Measure Y, as codified in Article 22, Chapter IX of Title 13 (Zoning) of the Costa Mesa Municipal Code. Pursuant to Measure Y, after final approval by the City Council, including all CEQA review, the voters must then approve the Project.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City accounts for general debt service under the following funds in the financial statements: the Public Financing Authority (PFA) Debt Service Fund and the Financing Authority (FA) Debt Service Fund. Sources of revenues for retirement of outstanding bonded indebtedness include general property and sales taxes.

In October 2017, the FA issued the 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds that refinanced the PFA Series 2007 Certificates of Participation (COP) and provided partial funding for the Lion's Park, Donald Dungan Library and Neighborhood Community Center project. Standard & Poor's rated the 2017 bonds AA+ upon initial issuance. On November 3, 2020, Standards and Poor's affirmed the 2017 bonds' AA+ long-term rating with a stable outlook. According to the final report, S&P "reviewed governance risks and consider them better than the sector standard because of the City's very strong management profile with strong financial policies and practices, and successful economic development efforts."

The City continuously reviews existing debt for refunding possibilities to lower total debt service requirements. The City has also adopted a comprehensive set of debt policies covering all aspects of debt issuance in order to consolidate information for debt obligations and maintain or improve its good credit standing.

FINANCIAL REPORTING AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the 22nd consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our June 30, 2020 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Special recognition is extended to the entire Finance Department staff for their ongoing dedication and efficient services provided to all City departments and citizens on a daily basis. Special appreciation is also extended specifically to Accounting Division staff who contributed to and participated in the coordination and preparation of this CAFR. In addition, our deepest appreciation is also extended to the Central Services Division staff for their assistance in the design of the report cover and printing of this document. Further, thanks are also extended to our independent auditors, Davis Farr LLP, for their expertise and advice.

Respectfully submitted,

LORI ANN FARRELL HARRISON

an au Dance It.

City Manager

CAROL MOLINA

Finance Director



City of Costa Mesa List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2020

Mayor

Katrina Foley

City Council

Andrea Marr Manuel Chavez Loren Gameros Jeff Harlan Don Harper Arlis Reynolds

City Manager	Lori Ann Farrell Harrison
Assistant City Manager	Susan Price
City Attorney (Contract)	Kimberly Hall Barlow
Economic and Development Services Director	Jennifer Le
Finance Director	Carol Molina
Information Technology Director	Steve Ely
Parks and Community Services Director	Jason Minter
Public Services Director	Raja Sethuraman
Fire Chief	Dan Stefano
Police Chief	Bryan Glass

City of Costa Mesa, California **Organization Chart** Citizens of Costa Mesa **City Council** Mayor and Council Members -0.48" 53 0 0.02" Council Appointed Committees **City Attorney Planning** Parks, Arts & Community City Manager Commission Administration Contracted **Services Commission** and Commissions City Clerk Human Resources Risk Management **Public Services Police Fire** Administration Administration Police Administration Engineering Services Transportation Services Maintenance Services Operations/EMS Police Field Operations Prevention Police Support Services Information **Development Services Finance Parks & Community Technology Services** Administration Administration Recreation **Financial Operations** Planning **Animal Services**

Visit our website at www.costamesaca.gov

Successor Agency

Homeless Program

Building Safety

Housing and Community Development Community Improvement



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Costa Mesa California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Costa Mesa Costa Mesa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Costa Mesa (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Costa Mesa, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City of Costa Mesa's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated, December 13, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension and OPEB schedules, and the budgetary comparison schedules identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial

statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary section is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Irvine, California December 21, 2020

Jaus fan ut







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Costa Mesa (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage all readers to consider information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i–vi of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City's primary government exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$21.8 million (net position). Of this amount, \$251.4 million (unrestricted net position deficit) primarily resulted from implementations of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 68, 71 and 73 for pensions, and GASB Statement No. 75 for Postemployment Benefit Other than Pensions (OPEB). These statements established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities for defined benefit plans.
- In the government-wide financial statements, total net position decreased by \$6.9 million from the prior fiscal year total of \$28.7 million primarily due to pension and OPEB accounting.
- In the fund financial statements, the governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$102.3 million, an increase of \$2.9 million in comparison with the prior year total of \$99.4 million.
- At the end of fiscal year 2020, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$18.8 million or 15 percent of general fund expenditures of \$126.8 million. Unassigned fund balance may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.
- At June 30, 2020, the City reported \$304.7 million in pension liabilities and \$58.9 million in OPEB liabilities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information to show how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both *government-wide financial statements* distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities include general government, protection of persons and property, community programs, public services, and interest on long-term debt. The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units.

The basic government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 26 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Capital Improvements, Gas Tax, Disaster, and Government Grants funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 21 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual operating and capital budget for its General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these fund types to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, *internal service funds*. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various City functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for equipment replacement, self-insurance (workers' compensation, general liability, unemployment), and information technology replacement functions. Because there are no business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Equipment Replacement, Self-Insurance, and Information Technology Replacement funds, all of which are considered to be nonmajor funds. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for each nonmajor internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplementary schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of these funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs and services. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 27-28 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-70 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 71-84 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information section. Combined and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 88-119 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

City assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21.8 million at June 30, 2020, a decrease of \$6.9 million from 2019.

As in previous years, the City's net position continued to reflect the impact from implementations of GASB Statements No. 68, 71 and 73 for pension and GASB 75 for OPEB, all of which account for the City's defined benefit liabilities. The City's total defined benefit liability is estimated at \$363.6 million on the Statement of Net Position, an increase of \$14.8 million comparing to the previous year.

Another significant portion of the City's total net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less related outstanding debt used to acquire assets that are still in service. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

			Increase/	Percent Increase/
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
ASSETS:				
Current and other assets	\$139,065,874	\$129,997,146	\$ 9,068,728	6.98%
Capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation	277,554,449	279,007,696	(1,453,247)	-0.52%
Total assets	416,620,323	409,004,842	7,615,481	1.86%
Deferred outflows of resources	47,770,801	47,571,214	199,587	0.42%
LIABILITIES:				
Current and other liabilities	16,028,238	12,579,329	3,448,909	27.42%
Long-term liabilities	414,825,401	402,067,074	12,758,327	3.17%
Total liabilities	430,853,639	414,646,403	16,207,236	3.91%
Deferred inflows of resources	11,771,635	13,271,587	(1,499,952)	-11.30%
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	248,815,081	248,255,931	559,150	0.23%
Restricted	24,367,869	21,880,398	2,487,471	11.37%
Unrestricted	(251,417,100)	(241,478,263)	(9,938,837)	4.12%
Total net position	\$ 21,765,850	\$ 28,658,066	\$ (6,892,216)	-24.05%

At the end of fiscal year 2019-20, the City continued to report positive balances in two out of three categories of net position for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities. However, the unrestricted net position reported a negative balance of \$251.4 million primarily due to implementations of pension and OPEB accounting standards.

During the fiscal year 2019-20, the City's total net position decreased by \$6.9 million.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION				
		Governmental Activities 2020 2019		
REVENUES:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	19,374,347	\$ 21,654,008	
Operating contributions and grants		10,576,719	9,339,283	
Capital contributions and grants		6,251,484	9,142,040	
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes		45,548,585	43,226,688	
Sales and use taxes		55,866,831	62,689,811	
Transient occupancy tax		6,587,224	8,595,417	
Franchise taxes		4,822,964	5,042,551	
Business tax		1,663,100	1,093,154	
Other intergovernmental, unrestricted		91,674	55,343	
Investment income		4,075,623	4,264,987	
Miscellaneous		1,638,221	1,380,413	
Total revenues		156,496,772	166,483,695	
EXPENSES:				
General government activities:		32,124,703	34,008,731	
Protection of persons and property		96,625,585	86,440,751	
Community programs		17,285,898	16,363,506	
Public services		16,269,612	27,937,004	
Interest on long-term debt		1,083,190	1,138,694	
Total expenses		163,388,988	165,888,686	
Change in net position		(6,892,216)	595,009	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		28,658,066	28,063,057	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	21,765,850	\$ 28,658,066	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$6.9 million. The Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic that started at the beginning of 2020 forced government agencies worldwide to issue business closure and shelter-at-home orders to protect life and safety. As a result, many of the City's revenue suffered unprecedented losses. Key factors to the decrease in net position included:

- Sales tax decreased by \$6.8 million or 10.9 percent. The worldwide pandemic has resulted in large number of layoffs and significantly curtailed consumer spending. Costa Mesa is primarily based on retail commercial business, sales tax from which is the City's largest revenue source. The State's shelter-in-place orders resulting from COVID-19 has drastically affected sales tax revenue.
- Transient occupancy tax decreased by \$2 million or 23.4 percent. This is due to a decline in tourism, travel, conferences, and conventions directly correlated to the worldwide pandemic.
- Charges for services decreased by \$2.3 million or 10.5 percent. The pandemic triggered business closures and state-mandated restrictions. As a result, certain service requests decreased and some City program and activities were cancelled.
- Other one-time revenue decrease that was not pandemic-related is capital contributions and grants. The decrease totaled \$2.9 million or 31.6 percent primarily due to timing of Measure M regional grants.
- Operating contributions and grants increased by \$1.2 million or 13.2 percent primarily due to one-time CARES Act grants for pandemic related mitigation and preventions.
- Other revenue increase that is not pandemic-related is property tax revenue, which increased by \$2.3 million or 5.4 percent as local housing market value continues to appreciate.
- Overall revenue decreased by \$10 million or 6 percent compared to fiscal year 2018-19.
- Overall expenses decreased by \$2.5 million or 1.5 percent from fiscal year 2018-19. In response to COVID revenue losses, the City implemented multi-pronged operating cost reduction measures. At the same time, the City incurred significant expenses for COVID related protection and safety actions, resulting in a slight decrease to overall expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As was noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with professional standards promulgated by oversight agencies and also due to finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2019-20, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$102.3 million, an increase of \$2.9 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year fund balance of \$99.4 million. Of this total amount:

- \$0.4 million represents *nonspendable fund balance* which includes amounts that cannot be used because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- \$25.7 million represents *restricted fund balance which* includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external sources or through enabling legislation.
- \$25.1 million represents committed fund balance which includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council. It includes legislation (City Council action) that can only be overturned by a subsequent council action requiring a voting consensus.
- \$34.6 million represents assigned fund balance which includes amounts that are designated or expressed by the City Council for certain purposes but do not require formal actions like resolutions or ordinances.
- The remaining \$16.5 million constitutes *unassigned fund balance*.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2019-20, the General Fund's fund balance increased by \$0.2 million. While the total fund balance amounted to \$53.5 million, the unassigned fund balance was \$18.8 million. As discussed in previous sections, the worldwide COVID pandemic significantly impacted City key revenues and expenditures:

- Sales tax revenues decreased by \$9 million or 14 percent from fiscal year 2018-19. Of this amount, \$6.8 million decrease was attributed to COVID impact. The remaining variance was due to an one-time \$2 million sales tax revenue catch-up received in 2018-19.
- Transient occupancy tax decreased by \$2 million or 23.4 percent as a result of the pandemic.
- Property tax increased by \$2.4 million or 5.5 percent.
- Overall, total revenues in the General Fund decreased by \$7.3 million or 5.1 percent.
- Protection of person and property expenditures increased by \$4.4 million or 5.7 percent from fiscal year 2018-19. This increase is primarily due to public safety responses and mitigation costs resulting from the pandemic.
- Community programs and public services expenditures decreased by \$2.2 million in total as the City implemented cost reduction measures in response to revenue losses from COVID.
- Overall, total expenditures in the General Fund increased by \$2.2 million or 1.7 percent.

Major Funds Other Than the General Fund

The <u>Capital Improvements Fund</u> had \$11.5 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net decrease of \$0.2 million or 1.9 percent from the prior fiscal year.

The <u>Gas Tax Fund</u> had \$11.8 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year which represents a net increase of \$2.8 million or 30.8 percent from the prior fiscal year.

The <u>Disaster Fund</u> had (\$2.3) million in deficit fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. This fund is established to account for appropriations directly related to efforts in coordinating, managing and funding eligible response and recovery efforts associated with domestic major disasters and emergencies. This fund was triggered in February 2020, when the City first experienced COVID

related events. The City continues to track all COVID mitigation expenditures and related federal and state grants in this fund.

The <u>Government Grants Fund</u> has \$0.06 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. This fund is established to account for receipt and disbursement of grant monies provided by federal, state and county governmental agencies for various programs.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City also utilizes Internal Service Funds which are a propriety fund type.

The unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Funds at the end of the year was \$3.4 million. Total net position increased by \$2.6 million from the prior fiscal year. This increase was primarily due to lower claims liability estimates.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2019-20, actual revenues were \$4.1 million or 2.9 percent lower than the originally estimated and \$4.4 million or 3.1 percent lower than the final adjusted budget. This is due to the effects of the worldwide COVID pandemic.

Actual expenditures were \$6.1 million or 4.6 percent less than originally estimated and \$4.2 million or 3.2 percent less than the final adjusted budget. The variance was due to cost reduction measures implemented in response to revenue loss from COVID.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities (the City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units) as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$277.6 million net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The investment in capital assets includes land, building improvements and structures, landscaping and sprinklers, machinery and equipment, intangible assets, park system and facilities, and road and storm drain infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased by \$1.5 million. Major infrastructure asset additions during fiscal year 2019-20 were citywide street rehabilitation for Zones 2 and 5, Bristol Street Storm Drain Drivers, and other ongoing capital projects. Other assets capitalized included vehicle replacements and a variety of equipment purchases. During the fiscal year, capital assets not being depreciated increased by \$4.4 million and capital assets being depreciated decreased by \$5.9 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS

(NET OF DEPRECIATION)

	Governmental Activities				
		2020		2019	
Land	\$	34,579,306	\$	34,579,306	
Land rights related to streets		29,821,224		29,821,224	
Construction in progress		16,985,950		12,588,527	
Building improvements and structures		59,748,311		63,096,506	
Machinery and equipment		12,920,546		14,541,568	
Intangibles		587,320		787,199	
Park system and facilities		6,616,992		7,431,039	
Infrastructure- roads		100,823,445		101,117,444	
Infrastructure- storm drains		15,471,355		15,044,883	
TOTALS	\$	277,554,449	\$ 2	279,007,696	

Construction in progress as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$17 million and included some of the following projects with significant commitment balances:

CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT		TAL BUDGET	SPEND TO DATE			REMAINING COMMITMENT		
Bridge Shelter at Airway	\$	10,050,000	\$	7,255,220	\$	2,794,780		
Lions Park Projects (Library, Community Center and Park)		38,923,100		34,025,896		4,897,204		
Citywide Street Maintenance		7,712,298		2,998,332		4,713,966		
Citywide Storm Drain Improvements		2,484,388		185,708		2,298,680		
Merrimac Way Bicycle Facilities		2,030,000		-		2,030,000		
TOTALS	\$	61,199,786	\$	44,465,156	\$	16,734,630		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 47-48 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City had two outstanding bond issues: the Public Financing Authority 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds with an outstanding balance of \$410,000; the Financing Authority 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds with an outstanding balance of \$26.5 million. Additionally, the City had \$21 million in other outstanding liabilities related to loans, claims and employee benefits.

Long-term liabilities had a net decrease of \$2 million, primarily due to scheduled debt service payments.

OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Governmental Activities					
	2020 2019					
Bonds Payable	\$ 30,222,813	\$ 32,170,580				
Other Liabilities	21,019,797	21,102,059				
TOTALS	\$ 51,242,610	\$ 53,272,639				

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in notes 7 through 8 on pages 48-50 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

During fiscal year 2019-20, the local economy was confronted with the COVID-19 pandemic, leading to business closures and job losses. As a result, the City is experiencing a significant decrease in revenue sources, as well as increased expenditures in order to protect the residents and City staff from the infectious virus. Although the City continues to be impacted by the reduction of sales tax and other related revenues associated with the various stages of the State's stay-at-home order due to the worldwide pandemic, the mentioned on-going developments and continued businesses innovations will continue to offset some of the losses. Therefore, the City is well poised to continue to proactively manage the financial challenges, as demonstrated with the immediate implementation of the FY 2019-20 year-end cost containment measures that were put into place at the end of March 2020 that resulted in an essentially positive year-end balance in the General Fund. Further, the fiscal year 2020-21 budget reflects a multi-faceted approach for addressing the estimated deficit, which defunds 13.75 full-time vacant positions citywide for all or a portion of next fiscal year, reduces certain non-essential services, includes the establishment of a five percent employee furlough, and utilizes emergency reserves.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all who have an interest in the government's funding streams and overall fiscal conditions. This report and other financial related information can be found on the City's website www.costamesaca.gov. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should contact:

 by mail: Finance Department, City of Costa Mesa, P.O. Box 1200, Costa Mesa, California, 92628-1200

• by e-mail: <u>financeadmin@costamesaca.gov</u>

• by phone: 714-754-5243





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information to show how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Assets:	± 440 404 40 7	·		
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 119,401,427	\$ 106,378,857		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)	2,011,305	3,008,453		
Due from other governments	13,093,504	16,006,001		
Accounts receivable	2,284,298	2,460,897		
Interest receivable	529,414	620,482		
Loans receivable, net (note 5)	862,534	862,533		
Rent receivable	425,221	260,189		
Inventories	164,782	158,366		
Prepaid items	293,389	241,368		
Capital assets (note 6):				
Nondepreciable	81,386,480	76,989,057		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	196,167,969	202,018,639		
Total assets	416,620,323	409,004,842		
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred outflows related to pensions (note 11)	41,239,600	45,738,895		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (note 11)	6,531,201	1,832,319		
Total deferred outflows of resources	47,770,801	47,571,214		
	47,770,001	47,371,214		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	7,432,608	6,643,856		
Accrued liabilities	3,080,801	3,207,448		
Accrued interest payable	301,975	322,072		
Retentions payable	1,734,890	1,798,816		
Deposits payable	644,495	607,137		
Unearned revenue	2,833,469	-		
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due within one year (note 7)	7,666,000	6,322,365		
Portion due beyond one year (note 7)	43,576,610	46,950,274		
OPEB liability (note 14)	58,917,480	53,202,676		
Police retirement 1% supplemental liability (note 12)	2,364,522	2,297,253		
Net pension liability (note 11) Total liabilities	302,300,789 430,853,639	293,294,506 414,646,403		
Total liabilities	430,633,039	414,040,403		
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Deferred inflows related to pensions (note 11)	11,548,022	11,504,588		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (note 14)	223,613	1,766,999		
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,771,635	13,271,587		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	248,815,081	248,255,931		
Restricted for:	240,013,001	240,233,331		
Protection of persons and property	1,628,892	872,898		
Community programs	5,687,227	6,162,341		
Public services	17,051,750	14,845,159		
Unrestricted	(251,417,100)			
Total net position	\$ 21,765,850	(241,478,263) \$ 28,658,066		
וטנמו ווכנ איטונוטוו	φ <u>∠1,/03,030</u>	\$ 28,658,066		

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

			Program Revenue		Net (Ex Reven	(pense) ue and
		Operating Capital			Changes in	Net Position
Functions/programs	Expenses	Charges for Contributions Contributions Services and Grants and Grants		2020	2019	
Governmental activities: General government Protection of persons	\$ 32,124,703	\$ -	\$ 1,183,496	\$ -	\$ (30,941,207)	\$ (34,008,731)
and property Community programs Public services Interest on long-term debt	96,625,585 17,285,898 16,269,612 1,083,190	7,461,872 4,816,413 7,096,062	2,875,046 1,677,786 4,840,391	- 278,521 5,972,963 -	(86,288,667) (10,513,178) 1,639,804 (1,083,190)	(76,772,121) (5,480,882) (8,352,927) (1,138,694)
Total governmental activities	\$ 163,388,988	\$ 19,374,347	\$ 10,576,719	\$ 6,251,484	(127,186,438)	(125,753,355)
General revenues: Taxes:						
		Property taxe			45,548,585	43,226,688
		Sales and us Transient occ			55,866,831 6,587,224	62,689,811 8,595,417
		Franchise tax			4,822,964	5,042,551
		Business tax	(CS		1,663,100	1,093,154
		Other intergover	nmental, unrestrict	ed	91,674	55,343
		Investment incor	ne		4,075,623	4,264,987
		Miscellaneous			1,638,221	1,380,413
		Total genera	al revenues		120,294,222	126,348,364
		Change in net pos	sition		(6,892,216)	595,009
		Net position - begi	nning of year		28,658,066	28,063,057
		Net position - end	of year		\$ 21,765,850	\$ 28,658,066







GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Maior Governmental Funds

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund must be classified as a major fund in the accompanying fund financial statements and is used to account for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for some special purpose, and for expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the City. The General Fund is used to account for all resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Gas Tax Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds required to be used for construction and maintenance of the City's road network system. Financing is provided by the City's share of State gasoline taxes, including allocations from the Highway Users Tax Account (HUTA) and the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA).

Disaster Fund

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of Federal and State grant monies received for COVID-19 mitigation and relief efforts.

Government Grants Fund

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of grant monies provided by Federal, State, and County governmental agencies for various programs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvements Fund

Established to account for the construction of capital facilities financed by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

Nonmaior Governmental Funds

Nonmajor governmental funds constitute all other governmental funds which include ten Special Revenue Funds, two Debt Service Funds and nine Capital Projects Funds.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Special	Revenue		
			Disaster		
Accato	General	Gas Tax	Fund		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 44,734,647	\$ 11,575,696	\$ -		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	φ 44,754,047 -	22,524	Ψ -		
Due from other governments	9,387,795	308,552	1,111,022		
Accounts receivable, net	2,167,564	-	-		
Interest receivable	269,509	44,084	_		
Loans receivable, net	200,300	-	_		
Rent receivable	425,221	_	_		
Due from other funds (note 3)	2,966,367	_	_		
Inventories	68,800	_	_		
Prepaid items	293,389	_	_		
Frepaid items	293,369				
Total assets	\$ 60,313,292	\$ 11,950,856	\$ 1,111,022		
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 3,047,805	\$ 45,942	\$ 353,502		
Accrued liabilities	3,006,747	5,594	37,437		
Retentions payable	-	90,663	-		
Deposits payable	178,712	-	-		
Due to other funds (note 3)	-	-	2,914,057		
Unearned revenue					
Total liabilities	6,233,264	142,199	3,304,996		
<u>Deferred inflows of resources:</u>					
Unavailable revenue	616,360	30,837	115,406		
Fund balances (note 10):					
Non-spendable:					
Prepaid items	293,389	-	-		
Inventories	68,800	-	-		
Restricted:					
Protection of persons and property	-	-	-		
Community programs	-	-	-		
Public services	-	11,777,820	-		
Debt service	-	-	-		
Committed	25,125,000	-	-		
Assigned	9,151,062	-	-		
Unassigned	18,825,417	-	(2,309,380)		
Total fund balances	53,463,668	11,777,820	(2,309,380)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 60,313,292	\$ 11,950,856	\$ 1,111,022		

	cial Revenue	Ca	pital Projects		Nonmajor				
G	Government		Capital	G	Governmental			tals	
	Grants	In	nprovements		Funds		2020		2019
¢.	2,968,419	d-	12,842,134	¢.	27,645,943	đ	99,766,839	t.	89,628,306
\$	2,900,419	\$	17,460	\$	1,971,321	\$	2,011,305	\$	3,008,453
	_		1,398,787		887,348		13,093,504		16,006,001
	_		1,390,707		110,707		2,278,271		2,449,826
	11,283		25,436		104,221		454,533		535,004
	11,205		23,430		862,534		862,534		862,533
	_		_		-		425,221		260,189
	_		_		_		2,966,367		181,374
	_		_		_		68,800		44,655
	_		_		_				
-	<u>-</u>						293,389		235,540
\$	2,979,702	\$	14,283,817	\$	31,582,074	\$	122,220,763	\$	113,211,881
\$	82,818	\$	2,035,503	\$	1,314,309	\$	6,879,879	\$	6,190,242
4	-	т	_,000,000	т	18,448	7	3,068,226	т	3,198,793
	_		187,213		1,457,014		1,734,890		1,798,816
	_		-		465,783		644,495		607,137
	_		_		52,310		2,966,367		125,103
	2,833,469		-		-		2,833,469		-
			2 222 716		2 207 964				11 020 001
	2,916,287		2,222,716		3,307,864		18,127,326		11,920,091
	-		573,745		454,975		1,791,323		1,913,089
	_		_		_		293,389		235,540
	_		_		_		68,800		44,655
							00,000		,055
	63,415		-		1,446,931		1,510,346		755,560
	-		_		5,636,628		5,636,628		5,365,265
	_		_		5,985,821		17,763,641		14,694,320
	_		_		765,715		765,715		938,687
	_		-		-		25,125,000		23,625,000
	_		11,487,356		13,987,280		34,625,698		33,277,895
	_		_, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(3,140)		16,512,897		20,441,779
	63,415		11,487,356		27,819,235		102,302,114		99,378,701
	55, 15								
\$	2,979,702	\$	14,283,817	\$	31,582,074	\$	122,220,763	\$	113,211,881



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund	ba	lances	of	governmental	funds
------	----	--------	----	--------------	-------

\$ 102,302,114

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) for governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole:

Cost of capital assets	632,177,302
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(362,223,882)

Long-Term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position:

Bonds payable	(26,935,000)
Premium on bonds	(3,287,813)
Loans payable	(128,261)
Employee benefits leave payable	(5,036,540)

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds are due to accrued interest on outstanding debt payable.

(301,975)

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position because they primarily service governmental activities of the City.

10,992,207

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Certain unavailable revenues that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

1,791,323

Pension and OPEB

Amounts regarding the pension plans and OPEB are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	41,239,600
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	6,531,201
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(11,548,022)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(223,613)
CalPERS pension liability	(302,300,789)
OPEB liability	(58,917,480)
Police 1% supplemental retirement liability	(2,364,522)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 21,765,850

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Special Revenue				
	General		Gas Tax		Disaster Fund	
Revenues:					_	
Taxes	\$ 114,188,567	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits	5,496,049		-		-	
Charges for services	6,813,680		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures	1,400,807		-		-	
Intergovernmental	3,096,059		4,651,870		1,068,090	
Investment income	1,578,983		399,539		-	
Rental income	2,901,367		-		-	
Miscellaneous	974,524		10,780		-	
Total revenues	136,450,036		5,062,189		1,068,090	
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	29,156,496		_		1,598,046	
Protection of persons and property	81,472,603		_		499,974	
Community programs	9,564,688		_		709,914	
Public services	6,560,001		2,290,228		569,536	
Debt service:	2,200,000		_,,		222,223	
Principal	15,392		_		_	
Interest and fiscal charges	-		_		-	
Total expenditures	126,769,180		2,290,228		3,377,470	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	9,680,856		2,771,961		(2,309,380)	
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt	-		-		-	
Transfer in (note 4)	1,150,000		-		-	
Transfer out (note 4)	(10,663,687)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,513,687)				_	
Net change in fund balances	167,169		2,771,961		(2,309,380)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	53,296,499		9,005,859		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 53,463,668	\$	11,777,820	\$	(2,309,380)	

Speci	ial Revenue	Ca	pital Projects							
Government			Capital	G	Nonmajor overnmental		Tot	als		
Grants		In	Improvements		Funds		2020	2019		
<u> </u>	Grants		iprovenienes		T drid5		2020		2019	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	275,032	\$	114,463,599	\$	123,969,423	
	-		-		-		5,496,049		5,104,022	
	_		-		2,676,147		9,489,827		9,990,454	
	-		-		667,077		2,067,884		2,468,993	
	286,326		1,327,189		4,576,758		15,006,292		16,646,740	
	63,462		304,698		1,047,716		3,394,398		3,616,606	
	-		-		664,888		3,566,255		3,479,527	
	_		1,076,110		100,219		2,161,633		3,226,941	
	349,788		2,707,997		10,007,837		155,645,937		168,502,706	
	-		53,640		-		30,808,182		29,219,530	
	286,373		208,371		471,859		82,939,180		78,762,212	
	_		60,175		3,962,360	14,297,137		13,265,742		
	_		5,863,654		5,223,256	20,506,675			50,429,478	
	-		-		1,800,000	1,815,392			1,795,261	
	-		-		1,230,958	1,230,958			1,298,315	
	286,373		6,185,840		12,688,433	151,597,524		151,597,524 174,		
			_		_				_	
	63,415		(3,477,843)		(2,680,596)		4,048,413		(6,267,832)	
	-		-		-		-		153,914	
	_		4,402,680		5,258,547		10,811,227		15,899,228	
	-		(1,150,000)		(122,540)		(11,936,227)		(21,148,507)	
			2.252.626		E 126 007		(4.425.000)		(F.005.365)	
			3,252,680		5,136,007		(1,125,000)		(5,095,365)	
	63,415		(225,163)		2,455,411		2,923,413		(11,363,197)	
			11,712,519		25,363,824		99,378,701		110,741,898	
\$	63,415	\$	11,487,356	\$	27,819,235	\$	102,302,114	\$	99,378,701	



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Year ended June 30, 2020

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	\$	2,923,413
Capital Related Items When capital assets for governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated usefull lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources used, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Other capital asset related items		12,335,023 13,340,739) (3,300)
Long-Term Debt Transactions Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Repayment of debt service is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and, thus, has the effect of reducing fund balances because current financial resources have been used. For the City as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not result in an expense in the Statement of Activities. Net changes in employee benefits leave payable Principal payments - bonds Principal payments - loans payable		(143,721) 1,800,000 15,392
Amortization of bond premium Pension and OPEB Pension and OPEB expense reported in the governmental funds include the actual contributions. In the Statement of Activities, pension and OPEB expenses include the change in net pension and opeb liabilities and the related changes in pension and OPEB amounts for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Net change in pension liability Net change in OPEB liability	(147,767 13,616,281) 527,464
<u>Accrued Interest</u> Recording of the current year change of accrued interest on outstanding debt payable.		20,097
Internal Service Funds Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The adjustments for Internal Service Funds "close" those funds by charging additional amounts to participating governmental activities to completely cover the Internal Service Funds' costs for the year.		2,564,435
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Certain unavailable revenues that do not provide current financial		, , ==
Certain unavailable revenues triat do not provide current marical		(121 766)

(121,766)

\$ (6,892,216)

resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
	2020	2019			
<u>Assets:</u> Current assets:					
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 19,634,588 6,027 74,881	\$ 16,750,551 11,071 85,478 5,828			
Inventories	95,982	113,711			
Total current assets	19,811,478	16,966,639			
Capital Assets: Construction in progress Motorized equipment Other equipment Accumulated depreciation	391,214 14,323,172 2,846,895 (9,960,252)	- 14,194,370 2,836,671 (8,985,781)			
Net capital assets	7,601,029	8,045,260			
Total assets	27,412,507	25,011,899			
<u>Liabilities:</u> Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	552,729 12,575 -	453,614 8,655 56,271			
Claims payable	2,299,557	905,682			
Total current liabilities	2,864,861	1,424,222			
Long-term liabilities: Claims payable	13,555,439	15,159,905			
Total long-term liabilities	13,555,439	15,159,905			
Total liabilities	16,420,300	16,584,127			
Net Position: Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	7,601,029 3,391,178	8,045,260 382,512			
Total net position	\$ 10,992,207	\$ 8,427,772			

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
	2020	2019		
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 7,875,941	\$ 8,438,850		
Total operating revenues	7,875,941	8,438,850		
Operating expenses: Allocated administrative costs Depreciation Fuel and repair parts Materials and supplies Claims and premiums	1,488,451 1,279,612 1,061,932 30,602 3,550,804	1,034,256 1,052,361 1,282,424 270,346 10,576,593		
Total operating expenses	7,411,401	14,215,980		
Operating income (loss)	464,540	(5,777,130)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Contributions Gain/(loss) on sale of equipment	694,080 278,521 2,294	648,383 - (17,263)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	974,895	631,120		
Income (loss) before transfers	1,439,435	(5,146,010)		
Transfers in (note 4)	1,125,000	5,249,279		
Change in net position	2,564,435	103,269		
Net position at beginning of year	8,427,772	8,324,503		
Net position at end of year	\$ 10,992,207	\$ 8,427,772		

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Governmental Activities -

	Internal Service Funds		
	 2020	2019	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and user departments Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 7,880,985 (5,252,269) (1,206,551)	\$ 8,495,185 (10,499,735) (714,832)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,422,165	(2,719,382)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds	 1,125,000 (56,271)	5,305,550 <u>-</u>	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	 1,068,729	5,305,550	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from disposal of assets Acquisition of capital assets	 36,198 (347,732)	52,562 (1,733,088)	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(311,534)	(1,680,526)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received	704,677	598,850	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 704,677	598,850	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,884,037	1,504,492	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 16,750,551	15,246,059	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 19,634,588	\$ 16,750,551	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ 464,540	\$ (5,777,130)	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in claims payable	1,279,612 17,729 5,044 5,828 (143,917) 3,920 (210,591)	1,052,361 16,736 62,163 (5,828) (100,764) (2,846) 2,035,926	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 1,422,165	\$ (2,719,382)	

There were no noncash investing, capital and financing activities during fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, except for a donation of \$278,521 worth of trailers that was recorded in the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund in fiscal year 2020.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Successor Agency to the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency				
		vate Purpose	Agency		
Assets:		Trust Fund	<u>Funds</u>		
Cash and cash investments (note 2) Accounts receivable	\$	1,035,837 -	\$	2,396,350 49,965	
Total assets		1,035,837		2,446,315	
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Accounts payable Loan from City (note 20)		- 6,212,950		309,633	
Deposits payable				2,136,682	
Total liabilities		6,212,950	\$	2,446,315	
Net Position:					
Held in trust for Successor Agency		(5,177,113)			

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Successor Agency to the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund			
		2020		2019
Additions:				
Property tax	\$	1,270,135	\$	1,792,343
Total revenues	1,270,135 1,792			1,792,343
Deductions: Administrative expenses Interest expenses		1,500 156,085		5,250 195,866
Total expenses		157,585		201,116
Change in net position		1,112,550		1,591,227
Net position at beginning of year		(6,289,663)		(7,880,890)
Net position at end of year		(5,177,113)	\$	(6,289,663)



FINANCIAL REPORT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2020

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the City of Costa Mesa, California (City):

(a) Description of Reporting Entity

The City of Costa Mesa was incorporated on June 29, 1953 as a general law city under the Government Code of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Among services provided by the City are the following: public works, parks and recreation, planning, community development, fire, and law enforcement services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the City is either able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent upon the City (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

All of the City's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. The following organizations are considered to be component units of the City:

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority

The Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority (Public Financing Authority) was established on August 20, 1990 for the purpose of financing public capital improvements. Even though it is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Authority. Transactions of the Public Financing Authority are reported in the Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements of the Public Financing Authority can be obtained at City Hall.

Costa Mesa Housing Authority

The Costa Mesa Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was created pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 34176(a). The Housing Authority promotes affordable housing for low and moderate income households within the City, administers the homeless outreach program and operates the bridge shelter for homeless individuals. The Housing Authority is a separate entity primarily funded by housing loan repayments and transfers from the City. City Council members, in

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

separate session, serve as the governing board of the Housing Authority, and all accounting and administrative functions are performed by the City. Financial activity of the Housing Authority has been reported as if it were part of the City in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements of the Housing Authority can be obtained at City Hall.

Costa Mesa Financing Authority

The Costa Mesa Financing Authority (Financing Authority) was created by a joint powers agreement between the City of Costa Mesa (the City) and the Costa Mesa Housing Authority (the Housing Authority), dated August 1, 2017. It was created pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 5 of Division 7 of Title of the Government Code of the State of California (the "JPA Act"). Transactions of the Financing Authority are reported in the Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements of the Financing Authority can be obtained at City Hall.

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as its discretely presented component units. The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the *accrual basis of accounting*, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as expenditures.

Franchise fees and business license charges have been reported as general revenues because the fees are based on gross receipts, not charges for services.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying account system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, recording resources, related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Proprietary statements include financial information for internal service funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for agency and private purpose trust funds. Fiduciary funds of the City represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that generally only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on the balance sheet in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent fund balance.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by unavailable revenues are reported as deferred inflows of revenues.

Due to the nature of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *other financing sources*, rather than a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives us essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment income, gain or loss on sale of equipment and miscellaneous revenues result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than being reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the internal service fund financial statements, rather than being reported as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the internal service fund are reported as reductions of the related liability, rather than as expenses. The City's agency funds are fiduciary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

(c) Property Tax Calendar

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied, provided this accrual meets the available criteria. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Orange collects property taxes for the City tax liens attached annually as of 12:01 a.m. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1st to June 30th. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1st. The second installment is due February 1st. All taxes are delinquent if not paid as of December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on the first of March each year and are delinquent if not paid as of August 31st.

(d) Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. Expenditures of this fund include the general operating expenditures and other costs, which are not paid through other funds.

Special Revenue Fund

Gas Tax Fund - Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds required to be used for construction and maintenance of the City's road network system. Financing is provided by the City's share of State gasoline taxes, including allocations from the Highway Users Tax Account (HUTA) and the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA).

Disaster Fund - Established to account for receipt and disbursement of Federal and State grant monies received for COVID-19 mitigation and relief efforts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Government Grants Fund - Established to account for receipt and disbursement of grant monies provided by Federal, State, and County governmental agencies for various programs.

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Improvements Fund – This capital projects fund was established to account for construction of capital facilities financed by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action for a specified purpose.

Debt Service Funds – The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term liabilities, interest, and related fiscal agent costs.

Capital Projects Funds – The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary funds).

Internal Service Funds – The internal service funds are used to finance and account for activities involved in rendering equipment replacement, self-insurance services, and information technology replacement to departments within the City. Costs of materials, equipment, and services used are accumulated in these funds and charged to the user departments as such goods are delivered or services rendered.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – The private-purpose trust fund accounts for the assets, liabilities, additions, and deductions made on behalf of the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency.

Agency Funds – The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, government entities, and others. Such funds are operated by carrying out the specifications of trust indentures, statutes, ordinances, or other governing regulations.

(e) Cash and Investments

Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

(f) Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash and cash equivalents include all investments with original purchase maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents also represent the proprietary funds share in the cash and investment pool of the City.

The City pools idle cash from all funds in order to maximize income from investment activities. Investments are recorded on the City's books at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof). Interest income on investments is allocated to individual funds on the basis of monthly cash and investment balances.

(g) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies are carried at cost on an average cost basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories.

(h) Prepaids

The City uses the consumption method to record prepaid items.

(i) New Accounting Pronouncements

Current Year Standards

GASB 95 – Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The implementation of this statement did not result in financial impact to the City.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Pending Accounting Standards

GASB has issued the following pronouncements that have an effective date subsequent to June 30, 2020, which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future. Unless otherwise noted, management has not determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following Statements may have on future financial statements.

GASB 84 - Fiduciary Activities: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB 87 - Leases: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB 90 – Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB 92 - Omnibus 2020: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB 93 – Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates: Effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

GASB 94 – Public-Private and Private-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements: Effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement: Effective for the year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB 97 – Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans: Effective for the year ending June 30, 2021.

(j) Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost at the time of purchase. Assets acquired from gifts or contributions are recorded at acquisition value on the date received. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of two years or more.

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, sewers, and storm drains. Public domain assets acquired prior to 1980 have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of proprietary funds. It is the City's policy not to depreciate or amortize assets in its first year of service. A full year of depreciation or amortization is charged at final year of asset life or upon disposal.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Depreciation and amortization are charged as expenses against operations and accumulated depreciation and amortization are reported on the respective statement of net position.

The ranges of lives used for computing depreciation and amortization for each capital asset class are as follows:

Building improvements and structures	10-20	years
Landscaping and sprinklers	35-40	years
Automotive equipment	2-20	years
Office furniture	5-20	years
Office machines	3-20	years
Other equipment	5-60	years
Intangible assets	7-10	years
Park system and facilities	10-25	years
Infrastructure – roads	10-50	years
Infrastructure – storm drains	50-100	years

(k) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The items are deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB.

The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. Two of the items are deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB, which are presented on the government-wide statement of net position. The third item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from accounts, taxes and grant receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

(I) Fund Balances

Fund balances are reported in the fund statements in the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowments).

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. If Council action limiting the use of funds is included in the same action

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2020

(legislation) that created (enables) the funding source, then it is restricted.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action of a city ordinance by the Council. It includes legislation (Council action) that can only be overturned by new legislation requiring the same type of voting consensus that created the original action. Therefore, if Council action limiting the use of funds is separate from the action (legislation) that created (enables) the funding source, then it is committed, not restricted. For the purposes of establishing, modifying, and rescinding a committed fund balance, the City considers an ordinance more binding than a resolution or a minute action by City Council.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – This includes amounts that are designated or expressed by the Council, but does not require a formal action like a resolution or ordinance. The Council may delegate the ability to an employee or committee to assign uses of specific funds for specific purposes. In June 2011, the City Council passed Resolution 11-27, delegating authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance assignment to the Finance Director.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – This includes amounts that are the residual balance for the City's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of the unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

(m) Employee Leave Benefits

Eligible employees accumulate up to 26.5 days of vacation each year, depending on the employee's bargaining unit and length of service, but may not carry over from one year to the next more than the equivalent of one to two (depends on Memorandum of Understanding or Salary Resolution) year's vacation without prior approval of the respective department head and/or City Manager.

A liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances except for miscellaneous, confidential and Costa Mesa Police Association (CMPA) employee groups. The liability is recorded only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. Unused sick leave is converted to CalPERS service credit at

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

the time of retirement. The ability to liquidate leave balances is available to all employee groups with the exception of miscellaneous, confidential and CMPA employee groups, separations from which result in the forfeiture of the accrued sick leave benefit. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness), which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

A current liability is accrued in the governmental funds for material leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to year-end. All other amounts are only recorded in the government-wide financial statements. These non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

(n) Claims and Judgments

The City records a liability for litigation, judgments, and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred prior to year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. This liability is recorded in an internal service fund, which accounts for the City's self-insurance activities.

(o) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For the purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframe. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date
Measurement Date

CalPERS Plans
June 30, 2018
June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Supplemental Plan

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

(p) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense and information about the plan (OPEB Plan), have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

(q) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(r) Prior Year Data

The information included in the accompanying financial statements for the prior year has been presented for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reported as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments \$ 119,401,427 Cash and investments with fiscal agent 2,011,305

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

Cash and investments 3,432,187

Total cash and investments \$ 124,844,919

Cash and investments at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

 Petty cash on hand
 \$ 65,202

 Demand deposits
 2,622,062

 Investments
 122,157,655

Total cash and investments \$ 124,844,919

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Costa Mesa's</u> Investment Policy

The table below identifies investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and investment policies of the City. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment In
<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturity*</u>	of Portfolio*	One Issuer*
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	None	35%
Municipal Securities	5 years	None	5%
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%
Federally Insured Time Deposit	5 Years	None	None
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	20%	None
Certificate of Deposit Placement Service	5 years	30%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	30%	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Asset Backed Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	35%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	up to \$65 million	None

^{*} Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. Generally, the following investment types are authorized by the City's debt agreements:

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment in
<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Allowed</u>	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Securities Federal Agency Securities Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper	None 1 year 30 days 270 days	None None None None	None None None None

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Money Market Mutual Funds	None	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Interest-Bearing Time Deposits	30 days	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	None	None
State Obligations	None	None	None
Pre-funded Municipal Obligations	None	None	None

<u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments, and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	
<u>Investment Type</u>	Or Less	Months	Months	Total
Federal Agency Securities	\$ 3,154,749	\$ 9,403,726	\$11,941,991	\$ 24,500,466
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	57,552,108	-	-	57,552,108
U.S. Treasury Securities	2,915,642	11,187,535	7,781,955	21,885,132
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	2,570,046	8,656,036	4,046,517	15,272,599
Asset Backed Securities	-	539,701	229,082	768,783
Money Market Mutual Funds	25,877	-	-	25,877
Held by Trustee:				
Costa Mesa Community Facility	-	225,000	-	225,000
Money Market Mutual Lehman Brothers Holdings	1,871,690	-	-	1,871,690
Inc.	56,000			56,000
Bankruptcy Total	\$68,146,112	\$30,011,998	\$23,999,545	\$122,157,655

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City (including investments held by bond trustees) held no investments that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type:

Mir	nimum Le	gal				
<u>Investment Type</u>	Rating	AAA	AA	A	Not Rated	Total
Federal Agency Securities	N/A	\$ -	\$24,500,466	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,500,466
U.S. Treasury Securities*	N/A	-	-	-	-	21,885,132
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	Α	709,583	3,999,529	10,563,487	-	15,272,599
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	N/A	-	-	-	57,552,108	57,552,108
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	25,877	-	-	-	25,877
Asset Backed Securities	AAA	768,783	-	-	-	768,783
Held by Trustee:						
Costa Mesa Community						
Facilities District Bonds	N/A	-	-	-	225,000	225,000
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	1,871,690	-	-	-	1,871,690
Lehman Brothers Holdings						
Inc. Bankruptcy	N/A				56,000	56,000
Total		\$ 3,375,933	\$28,499,995	\$10,563,487	<u>\$57,833,108</u>	\$122,157,655

^{*} not required to be rated

GASB requires the disclosure of more than 5% total investments with a single issuer. At June 30, 2020, the City's investment in the following single issuers exceeded 5%:

<u>Issuer</u>	Investment Type	Reported Amount	<u>Percentage</u>
FHLMC	Federal Agency Securities	\$ 6,066,339	5%
FNMA	Federal Agency Securities	10,780,788	9%
FHLB	Federal Agency Securities	7,653,339	6%

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurements

The City's investments in the Costa Mesa Community Facilities District Bonds and Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc. Bankruptcy are valued based on cost and the City's assumptions originated from market participant input, respectively. These investments are not traded on, and therefore, are categorized in Level 3. When valuing Level 3 securities, the inputs or methodology are not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities. Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers into or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy.

	Quoted	Observable	Und	observable	
	Prices	Inputs		Inputs	
	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Total
Federal Agency Securities	\$ -	\$ 24,500,466	\$		\$ 24,500,466
U.S. Treasury Securities	-	21,885,132		-	21,885,132
Medium Term Corporate Notes	-	15,272,599		-	15,272,599
Asset Backed Securities	-	768,783		-	768,783
Held by Trustee:					
Costa Mesa Community					
Facilities District Bonds	-	-		225,000	225,000
Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc.					
Bankruptcy	-	-		56,000	56,000
Investments measured at Fair					
Value	\$ _	\$ 62,426,980	\$	281,000	62,707,980
State Investment Pool (LAIF)*					57,552,108
Money Market Mutual Funds*					25,877
Held By Trustee: Money Market Mutual Funds*					 1,871,690
Total Investment Portfolio					\$ 122,157,655

^{*} Not subject to fair value categorization

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

(3) Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Disaster Fund	\$ 2,914,057
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 52,310
		\$ 2,966,367

All receivables resulted from short term borrowing to cover negative cash balances.

(4) Transfers In and Out

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

<u>Transfers out</u>	<u>Transfers in</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General Fund	Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 4,280,140	(a1)
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	5,258,547	(a2 to a4)
General Fund	Internal Service Funds	1,125,000	(a5)
Capital Improvements Fund	General Fund	1,150,000	(b)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Improvements Fund	 122,540	(c1)

\$ 11,936,227

(a) The General Fund transferred the following:

- 1. \$4,280,140 to the Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund to fund capital improvement projects;
- 2. \$6,714 to the Proposition 172 Fund to close the fund;
- 3. \$2,813,487 to the Financing Authority Debt Service Fund for debt service payments;
- 4. \$2,438,346 to the Housing Authority to subsidize homeless program costs.
- 5. \$1,125,000 to the Internal Service Funds for vehicle replacements and to fund upgrades to the police car video system.
- **(b)**The Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund transferred \$1,150,000 to the General Fund for operational costs.

(c) The Nonmajor Governmental funds transferred the following:

1. The Air Quality Improvement Fund transferred \$122,540 to the Capital Improvements Fund to fund capital improvement projects.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

(5) Loans Receivable

The City's loans receivable at June 30, 2020 by loan programs are as follows:

HOME Program	\$ 1,283,780
Community Development Loan Program	191,195
Rental Rehabilitation Program	225,581
First Time Home Buyer Program	1,516,118
Single Family Rehabilitation Program	142,500
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	181,250
Other Programs	 681,283
Total	4,221,707
Less allowance for uncollectible loans	 (3,359,173)
Loans receivable, net	\$ 862,534

Allowance for uncollectible accounts are established for various loans.

General Fund Loan to the Successor Agency

In years prior to 2013, the General Fund made loans in the amount of \$9,278,545 to the Successor Agency (formerly the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Costa Mesa). Loan repayments are approved annually by the State. As a result, an allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded for the outstanding loan balance.

Loan receivable	\$ 6,212,950
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	 <u>(6,212,950</u>)
Loans receivable, net	\$

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

(6) Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Land rights related to streets	\$ 34,579,306 29,821,224	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,579,306 29,821,224
Construction in progress	12,588,527	12,619,001	(8,221,578)	16,985,950
Total capital assets not			(=======)	
being depreciated	76,989,057	12,619,001	(8,221,578)	81,386,480
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:	:			
Building improvements and structures	103,059,221	352,450	-	103,411,671
Landscaping and sprinklers	10,097,796	18,299	-	10,116,095
Automotive equipment	14,633,128	467,853	(369,873)	14,731,108
Office furniture	937,150	-	(15,925)	921,225
Office machines	9,050,523	20,357	(147,664)	8,923,216
Other equipment	13,402,008	422,807	(449,136)	13,375,679
Intangible assets	1,606,245	-	-	1,606,245
Park system and facilities	18,038,086	-	-	18,038,086
Infrastructure - roads	294,797,721	5,827,933	(4,288,674)	296,336,980
Infrastructure - storm drains	99,194,605	1,697,193		100,891,798
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	564,816,483	8,806,892	(5,271,272)	568,352,103
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	n:			
Building improvements and structures	(39,962,715)	(3,700,645)	-	(43,663,360)
Landscaping and sprinklers	(9,338,139)	(87,505)	-	(9,425,644)
Automotive equipment	(8,594,998)	(956,900)	335,968	(9,215,930)
Office furniture	(535,792)	(49,837)	15,925	(569,704)
Office machines	(7,609,721)	(329,383)	147,664	(7,791,440)
Other equipment	(7,500,387)	(1,089,508)	445,836	(8,144,059)
Intangible assets	(819,046)	(199,879)	-	(1,018,925)
Park system and facilities	(10,607,047)	(814,047)	-	(11,421,094)
Infrastructure - roads	(193,680,277)	(6,121,932)	4,288,674	(195,513,535)
Infrastructure - storm drains	(84,149,722)	(1,270,721)		(85,420,443)
Total accumulated				
depreciation/amortization	(362,797,844)	(14,620,357)	5,234,067	(372,184,134)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	202,018,639	<u>(5,813,465</u>)	(37,205)	196,167,969
Capital assets, net	\$279,007,696	\$ 6,805,536	\$ (8,258,783)	\$277,554,449

Depreciation expense is charged to the following functions for the year ended June 30, 2020:

<u>Governmental activities:</u>	
General government	\$ 1,135,127
Protection of persons and property	3,605,730
Community programs	2,363,194
Public services	7,516,306

Total depreciation expense-governmental activities \$14,620,357

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. The significant projects include the following:

				Remaining
Construction Project	Project #	Total Budget	Spent to Date	Commitment
Bridge Shelter at Airway	200098	\$ 10,050,000	\$ 7,255,220	\$ 2,794,780
Lions Park Projects (Library, Community Center and Park)	800015	38,923,100	34,025,896	4,897,204
Citywide Street Maintenance	400015	7,712,298	2,998,332	4,713,966
Citywide Storm Drain Improvements	550011	2,484,388	185,708	2,298,680
Merrimac Way Bicycle Facilities	450011	2,030,000		2,030,000
Total		<u>\$ 61,199,786</u>	<u>\$44,465,156</u>	\$16,734,630

(7) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities in primary government for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

					Due	Due
	Balance at			Balance at	Within One	Beyond One
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	Year	Year
Bonds payable:						
Public Financing Authority 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds Financing Authority 2017 Lease Revenue	\$ 600,000	\$ -	\$ (190,000)	\$ 410,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 210,000
Bonds	28,135,000	-	(1,610,000)	26,525,000	1,675,000	24,850,000
Unamortized premium	3,435,580		(147,767)	3,287,813	147,767	3,140,046
Total bonds payable	32,170,580		(1,947,767)	30,222,813	2,022,767	28,200,046
Other liabilities:						
Loans payable	143,653		(15,392)	128,261	15,391	112,870
Claims payable	16,065,587	2,335,037	(2,545,628)	15,854,996	2,299,557	13,555,439
Employee leave						
benefits payable	4,892,819	3,410,390	(3,266,669)	5,036,540	3,328,285	1,708,255
Total other liabilities	21,102,059	5,745,427	(5,827,689)	21,019,797	5,643,233	15,376,564
Total	<u>\$53,272,639</u>	\$5,745,427	<u>\$ (7,775,456</u>)	\$51,242,610	\$7,666,000	\$43,576,610

(8) Long-Term Liabilities

Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority Bonds - 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds

On June 1, 2006, Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority issued \$2,365,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A, to advance refund the outstanding portion of the \$3,225,000 of the 1991 Lease Revenue Bonds issued on November 1, 1991. The bonds were issued to provide monies to enable the Authority to acquire the City of Costa Mesa Community Facilities District 91-1 (Plaza Tower Public Improvements) 1991 Special Tax Bonds, issued under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The \$2,365,000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, which consists of \$1,955,000 of serial bonds and \$410,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds mature from August 1, 2007 through August 1, 2019 in annual installments ranging from \$120,000 to \$190,000. The term bonds mature from August 1, 2020 through August 1, 2021 in annual installments ranging from \$200,000 to \$210,000. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing on February 1, 2007 at rates ranging from 3.85% to 5.10%.

There is a reserve requirement of \$220,910 on the 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds. The City has \$221,363 on reserve with the fiscal agent at June 30, 2020. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2020 is \$410,000.

The bonds are secured by special tax levied within CFD 91-1 Plaza Tower Public Improvements. The special taxes are levied and collected for debt service on the bonds are required to be remitted to the fiscal agent for the bonds within ten business days of receipt. The City received taxes on December 17, 2019 and April 21, 2020 and remitted payments to the fiscal agent six and eight business days later, respectively.

The annual debt service requirements for the bonds as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year						
Ending						
<u>June 30</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>I</u> 1	<u>nterest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2021	\$	200,000	\$	15,810	\$	215,810
2022		210,000		5,355		215,355
Total	\$	410,000	\$	21,165	\$	431,165
	<u> </u>	,	7	==,===	<u> </u>	

Costa Mesa Financing Authority Bonds - 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds

On October 1, 2017, the Costa Mesa Financing Authority issued \$29,735,000 of 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds to finance certain capital improvements of the City of Costa Mesa and to advance refund \$16,765,000 of outstanding Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority 2007 Certificates of Participation (2007 Certificates). The bond issue also included a bond premium of \$3,694,172. The bonds mature from October 1, 2018 through October 1, 2042 in annual installments ranging from \$570,000 to \$2,220,000. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year, commencing on April 1, 2018 at a rate ranging from 2% to 5%. As of June 30, 2020, the principal outstanding is \$26,525,000 and the unamortized bond premium balance is \$3,287,813.

Bond proceeds of \$14,530,520 along with \$2,302,225 of 2007 Certificates sinking fund monies, were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2007 Certificates. As a result, the 2007 Certificates are considered to be defeased and the liability for those certificates have been removed from the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The annual debt service requirements for the bonds as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2035 2036 - 2040 2041 - 2043	\$ 1,675,000 1,740,000 1,830,000 1,920,000 2,015,000 6,135,000 3,660,000 4,495,000 3,055,000	\$ 1,139,550 1,062,550 973,300 879,550 781,175 2,657,625 1,680,250 865,093 151,044	\$ 2,814,550 2,802,550 2,803,300 2,799,550 2,796,175 8,792,625 5,340,250 5,360,093 3,206,044
Total	\$ 26,525,000	\$ 10,190,137	\$ 36,715,137

<u>Loans Payable - SCE On-Bill Financing (OBF) Loans</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City entered into loan agreements with Southern California Edison to finance certain street lighting projects. The total amount of the loans was \$153,914. The loan's term is ten years with monthly payments of \$1,282. The loans bears no interest.

The annual debt service requirements for loans payable as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year					
Ending					
<u>June 30</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$	15,391	\$	-	\$ 15,391
2022		15,391		-	15,391
2023		15,391		-	15,391
2024		15,391		-	15,391
2025		15,391		-	15,391
2026 - 2029		51,306			 51,306
Total	\$	128,261	\$		\$ 128,261

(9) Debt Without Government Commitment

The following bond issuance is not reflected in the Statement of Net Position since it is an obligation of private parties (with no government commitment) payable entirely from and secured by non-City resources as described in the bond resolutions and statements of the various issues.

The City of Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1, issued \$2,965,000 of District 91-1 Special Tax Bonds on November 1, 1991. All of the bonds were acquired by the Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority. The bonds mature from August 1, 1992 through August 1, 2021 in annual principal payments ranging from \$25,000 to \$265,000 and bear an interest rate of 8.30%.

The bonds were issued to acquire certain improvements to the Anton/Bristol intersection, street improvements to Anton Boulevard and repay certain costs incurred by third parties with respect to the construction of the Metro Fire Station and the I-405 Access Study. The City is not liable for repayment of these bonds but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to the bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2020 was \$225,000.

(10) Fund Balances

Fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

			Major Funds						
				Gas	Disaster	Go	vernment	Capital	Non-Major
		General		Tax	Fund		Grants	Improvements	Funds
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	293,389	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Inventories		68,800		-	-		-	-	-
Restricted for:									
Protection of persons and Property		-		-	-		63,415	-	1,446,931
Community programs		-		-	-		-	-	5,636,628
Public services (1)		-	1	1,777,820	-		-	-	5,985,821
Debt service		-		-	-		-	-	765,715
Committed for:									
Declared disasters (2)	1	4,125,000		-	-		-	-	-
Self insurance (3)		2,000,000		-	-		-	-	-
Economic reserves		9,000,000		-	-		-	-	-
Assigned for:									
Compensated absences		5,036,540		-	-		-	-	-
Police Retirement 1% Supplemental		2,364,522		-	-		-	-	-
Section 115 Trust		1,750,000		-	-		-	-	-
Protection of persons and Property		-		-	-		-	-	651,497
Public services		-		-	-		-	11,487,356	13,335,783
Unassigned	1	8,825,417		-	(2,309,380)		-		(3,140)
Total Fund Balance	\$ 5	3,463,668	\$ 1	1,777,820	\$ (2,309,380)	\$	63,415	\$ 11,487,356	\$ 27,819,235

- 1. Restricted fund balances in the Public Services category consist of fund balances in the Gas Tax, Air Quality Improvement, Lions Park Capital Improvements, and Measure "M2" Construction funds. Revenues received in these funds are legally restricted for specific purposes, such as transportation and facility related capital projects.
- 2. The fund balance committed for declared disasters was adopted by Ordinance No. 91-20 and Municipal Code Section 2-206 to provide required funding as a result of a declared

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2020

emergency by the City Council for an unanticipated but urgent event threatening the public health, safety and welfare of the City. Any fund balance utilized has to be replenished.

- 3. The fund balance committed for self-insurance was codified in the Ordinance No. 96-14 and City Municipal Code Section 2-154 to provide a self-insurance reserve to be used to pay actual losses not covered by insurance policies or insurance pools. Any fund balance utilized has to be replenished.
- 4. The fund balance committed for economic reserves was adopted by the City Council on March 3, 2015 as a part of the reserve goal plan. The City commits \$1,500,000 each year toward economic reserve.

The following funds had deficits at June 30, 2020:

Major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

Disaster Fund \$ (2,309,380)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
Special Revenue Funds:
Office of Traffic Safety \$ (3,140)

Internal Service Fund:
Self-Insurance – Worker's Compensation/General Liability

Unemployment (3,041,190)

Fiduciary Fund:

Successor Agency to the City of Costa Mesa Redevelopment

Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund (5,177,113)

(11) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

(a) General Information about the Pension Plans

Employees of the City are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), the cost of which is paid by the City. The information below includes the aggregate total pension plan related items:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Police Safety	Fire Safety	<u>Total</u>
Net pension liability	\$(100,136,743)	\$(124,388,501)	\$ (77,775,545)	\$(302,300,789)
Deferred outflows of				
resources - pension	12,298,486	13,689,690	15,251,424	41,239,600
Deferred inflows of				
resources - pension	(1,754,005)	(4,173,738)	(5,620,279)	(11,548,022)
Pension Expense	12,166,781	17,363,384	9,575,898	39,106,063

Below are descriptions of the retirement plans along with selected information regarding benefits, contributions, liabilities and actuarial assumptions:

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Miscellaneous and Police Safety Plans, agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and the Fire Safety cost sharing plans. The plans are administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. For employees hired into a plan with the 1.5% at 65 formula, eligibility for service retirement is age 55 with at least 5 years of service. PEPRA miscellaneous members become eligible for service retirement upon attainment of age 52 with at least 5 years of service. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. Safety members can receive a special death benefit if the member dies while actively employed and the death is job-related. Fire members may receive the alternate death benefit in lieu of the Basic Death Benefit or the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed and has at least 20 years of total CalPERS service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous (Agent Multiple-Employer)				
	Prior to	On or After	On or After		
Hire Date	March 11, 2012	March 11, 2012	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @55	2.0%@60	2%@62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of					
eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required employee contribution					
rates	10.469%	7%	6.75%		
Required employer contribution					
rates	6.98%	9.45%	9.45%		

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

	Police Safety (Agent		
	On or After	On or After	
Hire Date	March 11, 2012	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3%@50	2.7%@57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of			
eligible compensation	3%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Required employee contribution			
rates	14%	11.50%	
Required employer contribution			
rates	15.54%	20.54%	
	Fire Safety (Cost Sharing Multiple-	-Employer)
	Prior to	On or After	On or After
Hire Date	December 30, 2012	December 30, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3.0%@50	2.0%@50	2.7%@57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of			
eligible compensation	3%	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution			
rates	14%	9%	12%
Required employer contribution			

Employees Covered

rates

At the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the following employees were covered by each plan's benefit terms:

18.65%

16.64%

13.03%

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Police Safety	Fire Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to	549	190	154
but not yet receiving benefits	723	70	-
Active employees	<u>330</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>79</u>
Totals	<u>1,602</u>	<u>391</u>	<u>223</u>

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The

total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended.

Payments made by the employer to satisfy plan member contribution requirements as identified by the pension plan terms are classified as plan member contributions.

(b) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, based on an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the three CalPERS Plans, the June 30, 2018 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2019 pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date June 30, 2018 Measurement date June 30, 2019

Entry-Age Normal in accordance with the

Actuarial cost method requirements of GASB 68

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table¹ Derived using CalPERS Membership Data

for all Funds

Post Retirement Benefit The lessor of contract COLA or 2.50%

Increase until Purchasing Power Protection

Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power

applies, 2.50% thereafter

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at the statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on plan on investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, except compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rate of return by asset class are as followed:

	Assumed asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class ¹	<u>allocation</u>	Years 1-10 ²	Years 11+3
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	(0.92%)

¹ In the system's CAFR, Fixed Income is included Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investment; Inflation Assets are included both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

² An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The changes in the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous (Agent Multiple-Employer) Plan, using the measurement date of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total	Plan	Net Position
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2018			
(Valuation Date)	\$ 281,681,539	\$ 187,410,462	\$ 94,271,077
Changes in the Year:			
Service cost	3,828,540	-	3,828,540
Interest on the total pension liability	19,990,625	-	19,990,625
Differences between actual and			
expected experience	4,152,146	-	4,152,146
Net plan to plan resource movement	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	8,320,570	(8,320,570)
Contributions - employees	-	2,055,169	(2,055,169)
Net investment income	-	11,863,211	(11,863,211)
Administrative expenses	-	(133,740)	133,740
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(16,317,568)	(16,317,568)	-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		435	(435)
Net Changes	11,653,743	5,788,077	5,865,666
Balance at June 30, 2019			
(Measurement Date)	\$ 293,335,282	\$ 193,198,539	\$ 100,136,743

The changes in the net pension liability for the Police Safety (Agent Multiple-Employer) Plan, using the measurement date of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Plan Net Positi				
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability		
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2018					
(Valuation Date)	\$ 304,146,231	\$ 180,403,048	\$123,743,183		
Changes in the Year:					
Service cost	4,959,915	-	4,959,915		
Interest on the total pension liability	21,235,614	-	21,235,614		
Differences between actual and			-		
expected experience	(2,112,152)	-	(2,112,152)		
Net plan to plan resource movement	-	-	-		
Changes in assumptions	=	-	=		
Contributions - employer	-	9,471,893	(9,471,893)		
Contributions - employees	-	2,222,313	(2,222,313)		
Net investment income	-	11,872,172	(11,872,172)		
Administrative expenses	-	(128,739)	128,739		
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(15,024,883)	(15,024,883)	-		
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)		420	(420)		
Net Changes	9,058,494	8,413,176	645,318		
Balance at June 30, 2019					
(Measurement Date)	\$ 313,204,725	\$ 188,816,224	\$124,388,501		

Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for the Fire Safety Plan

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Fire Safety Plan as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
Balance at: 6/30/2018	\$ 75,280,246
Balance at: 6/30/2019	77,775,545
Net Changes during 2019-20	2,495,299

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for this Plan as of the measurement dates of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

	Fire Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2018	1.28299%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	1.24590%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(.03709%)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the Plan's discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

_	Mis	scellaneous	F	Police Safety	 Fire Safety
1% Decrease		6.15%		6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	137,931,501	\$	167,916,962	\$ 106,223,505
Current Discount Rate		7.15%		7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	100,136,743	\$	124,388,501	\$ 77,775,545
1% Increase		8.15%		8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	69,010,826	\$	88,865,233	\$ 54,452,674

Pension Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining lifetime of all members (EARSL)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,166,781, \$17,363,384 and \$9,575,898 for the Miscellaneous, Police Safety, and Fire Safety Plans, respectively. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

•		
	Miscell	aneous
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 9,876,401	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,422,085	(500,520)
Change in assumptions	-	(139,772)
Net differences between projected and actual		
earnings on plan investments		(1,113,713)
		. (4.754.005)
Total	\$ 12,298,486	\$ (1,754,005)
	Police	Safety
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 11,174,155	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	Ψ 11/1/1/133 -	(2,541,790)
Change in assumptions	2,515,535	(684,599)
Net differences between projected and actual	_,0_0,000	(55.755)
earnings on plan investments	_	(947,349)
		(5 11 /5 15 /
Total	\$ 13,689,690	\$ (4,173,738)
		_
		Safety
	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 6,865,279	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,078,042	-
Change in assumptions	3,187,884	(622,113)
Change in employer's proportion	-	(3,668,609)
Net difference between projected and actual		(1.060.035)
earnings on plan investments	-	(1,069,935)
Differences between employer's contributions and	120 210	(250 622)
change in employer's proportion	120,219	(259,622)
Total	\$ 15,251,424	¢ (5.620.270)
i Ulai	φ 13,231,424	\$ (5,620,279)

At June 30, 20, deferred outflows of resources in the amounts of \$9,876,401, \$11,174,155, and \$6,865,279 were related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Miscellaneous, Police Safety and Fire Safety Plans, respectively. They will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year					
Ending					
June 30	Mi	scellaneous	P	olice Safety	Fire Safety
2021	\$	1,743,611	\$	1,548,941	\$ 3,620,151
2022		(1,028,979)		(2,593,851)	(1,588,001)
2023		(294,095)		(790,044)	525,539
2024		247,543		176,751	208,177
2025		-		-	-
Thereafter		-		-	-

(12) Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan

(a) General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The plan was effective on July 1, 1993 for sworn members of the City of Costa Mesa Police Department. The plan was originally a 1% supplemental plan to the City's 2%@50 benefit. Under the Retirement Plan for Safety Employees of the City of Costa Mesa, the City joined CalPERS with 3%@50 Safety benefit as of December 31, 2000 and transferred active members to CalPERS. Employees who retired prior to July 1, 1999 were not transferred to CalPERS.

The Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan. This Plan currently has only retired participants as all active employees were transferred to the CalPERS 3%@ 50 benefit plan. The number of participants at June 30, 2020 was 18. The average monthly benefit being paid is \$949.24. The retirement benefit is 1% of the highest 12-month earnings for credited services up to 25 years. Maximum benefit is 75% of the highest 12-month earnings for service retirement including all public plan pension benefits but not including Social Security. The 75% is proportionately reduced for less than 25 years of Costa Mesa Police Department service.

Contributions

The City has not adopted a funding policy for this supplemental retirement plan and accordingly plan benefits impact financial resources as benefits are paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2020

(b) Pension Liability

The City's pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, as the pension plan has no fiduciary net position. The pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 2.45% per annum. This discount rate is the mid-point,

rounded to 5 basis points, of 3-20 year municipal bond rate indices: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, Fidelity GO

AA 20 Year Bond Index.

Payroll Growth N/A; all participants have retired

Inflation Rate 2.75% per year

Cost Method Entry Age Normal as a level percentage of payroll

Employer Funding Policy Pay-as-you-go

Census Data Census information was provided by the Plan Sponsor

as of June 2020.

Retirement

Disability/Turnover Rate N/A; all participants have retired

Mortality Rates are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study

for Public Agency Police as shown below:

	Healthy Retirees		Non-Duty Dis	abled Retirees
Age	Male	_Female	Male	Female
50	0.37%	0.35%	0.37%	0.35%
60	0.67%	0.48%	0.67%	0.48%
70	1.34%	0.93%	1.61%	1.11%
80	3.98%	3.01%	4.77%	3.61%
90	13.04%	10.09%	14.35%	11.10%
100	32.22%	28.15%	32.22%	28.15%
110	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Professional judgment on future contributions has been applied in those cases where contribution patterns deviate from the actuarially determined rates. Basted on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted for current members during the fiscal year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 2.45% was used to discount funded projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The single effective discount rate was 2.45%.

The discount rate changed from 3.15% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30, 2020 measurement date.

(c) Changes in the Pension Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 2,297,253
Changes in the year:	
Interest on the total pension liability	69,134
Differences between actual expected	
and actual experience	80,298
Changes in assumptions	122,873
Benefit payments, including refunds	
of member contributions	(205,036)
Net Changes	67,269
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 2,364,522

Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.45%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	1.45%
Pension Liability	\$ 2,561,007
Current Discount Rate	2.45%
Pension Liability	\$ 2,364,522
1% Increase	3.45%
Pension Liability	\$ 2,192,291

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

(d) Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$272,305. At June 30, 2020, the City did not report any deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the Police 1% Supplemental Retirement Plan.

(13) Defined Contribution Plan

On January 1, 2000, the City adopted a Defined Contribution Plan (Plan) for part-time employees that work under 1,000 hours during the fiscal year and do not meet the eligibility requirements to be enrolled in the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan is administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). As of June 30, 2020, there were 124 active participants in the Plan. Both the City and employees are required to each contribute 3.75% of gross wages. The City's contribution to the defined contribution plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$51,123.

(14) Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan, which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various labor agreements. The plan covers employees hired before January 1, 2004 who retire directly from the City with 10 years or more of City service. The City provides a contribution up to a percentage of the lesser of \$500 per month or the premium for the most popular medical plan elected by the employees. The percentage varies by retirement date and years of City service. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2004, the City will only pay for the PEMHCA subsidy once they meet the definition of a retiree under CalPERS. The City provides retiree life insurance of \$1,000 for the retiree and \$500 for the retiree's spouse.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	445
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	429
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-
Total	874

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The contribution required to be made under the City Council and labor agreement requirements is on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$1,814,680 to the Plan. The City has not established a trust for the purpose of holding assets accumulated for plan benefits.

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 by an actuarial valuation based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Discount Rate: 3.51% for accounting disclosure purposes. The rate is based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). For the current valuation, the discount rate was selected from the range of indices as shown in the table below:

	As of 06/30/19
Bond Buyer Go 20 – Municipal Bond Index	3.51%
S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade	2.79%
Rate Index	
Fidelity 20-year Go Municipal Bond Index	3.13%
Bond Index Range	2.79% - 3.51%
Actual Discount Rate Used	3.51%

Inflation Rate: 2.75% per year

Aggregate Payroll Increases: 3.00% per year. This assumption is used to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and to determine the Entry Age Normal actuarial liabilities.

Mortality Rate: Based on rates used in the most recent CalPERS pension valuation.

Turnover Rate: Assumption used to project terminations (voluntary and involuntary) prior to meeting minimum retirement eligibility for retiree health coverage. The rates represent the probability of termination in the next 12 months. The termination rates are based on those used in the most recent CalPERS pension valuation.

Retirement Rate: Annual retirement rates are based on those used in the most recent CalPERS pension valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the Plan's total OPEB liability is as follows:						
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 53,202,676					
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost	1,110,733					
Interest	1,852,821					
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,081,994					
Changes of assumptions	3,420,614					
Contributions - employer	-					
Benefit payments	(2,751,358)					
Administrative expense						
Net Changes	5,714,804					
Balance at June 30, 2020						
(Measurement Date June 30, 2019)	\$ 58,917,480					

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's OPEB liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	Current							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
	(2.51%)	(3.51%)	(4.51%)					
OPEB Liability	\$ 67,831,972	\$ 58,917,480	\$ 51,760,591					

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

		Current Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.50% decreasing to	(6.50% decreasing to	(7.50% decreasing to
	3.50%)	4.50%)	5.50%)
_			
OPEB Liability	\$54,445,461	\$58,917,480	\$65,423,998

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The initial amortization period for deferred inflows and deferred outflows is three years.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,277,219. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		
		Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	01	f Resources	of	Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,814,680	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual differences		1,784,566		-
Changes in assumptions		2,931,955		(223,613)
Total	\$	6,531,201	\$	(223,613)

The \$1,814,680 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
Fiscal Year	Outflows/(Inflows)
Ending June 30:	of Resources
2021	\$ 562,474
2022	786,087
2023	786,087
2024	786,087
2025	786,087
Thereafter	786,086

(15) Post Employment Benefits-RHS (Defined Contribution)

On January 1, 2004, the City adopted a new Retirement Health Savings Plan (RHS) for all full-time active employees. This benefit was ratified in the City's contractual agreements (MOU) with the Costa Mesa Employees Association (CMCEA), Costa Mesa Police Association (CMPA), Costa Mesa Police Management Association (CMPMA), and the Costa Mesa Firefighters Association (CMFA). This post-employment medical benefit is to assist employees with their qualifying medical expenses or premiums upon retirement or separation from the City with no minimum age requirement. The RHS plan is a defined contribution plan for all full time employees at the City. Under this plan, the employee and the City each make a mandatory 1% of base pay contribution. If the employee separates from the City prior to the 10-year vesting period, the employee forfeits his or her share of the City's contribution. The City has no payment obligations once the employee separates from the City. Per a side letter agreement with employees, the RHS program was suspended starting November 7, 2010. For the CMPMA, effective July 2014, a 1% employee contribution is required to the plan, but no employer contribution is required. The City's contribution to the defined contribution post retirement plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$0.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2020

(16) Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds at the function level (level of budgetary control) is as follows at June 30, 2020:

	Function	Expenditures	<u>A</u> p	propriations	 Excess
General Fund Special Revenue Funds:	Police Protection	\$ 50,525,708	\$	49,254,780	\$ 1,270,928
Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund	Protection of Persons and property	259,786		237,700	22,086

(17) Risk Management

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City participated in the California Municipal Excess Liability ("CAMEL") Program. The membership of CAMEL consists of 21 cities with similar interests and needs regarding liability insurance. The Board of Directors sets the premiums for each participant and each participant is represented on the Board. Premiums are based upon the losses incurred by each member and are not affected by losses incurred by other members.

In the Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation/General Liability/Unemployment Internal Service Fund, the City has recorded liabilities of \$15,854,996 for lawsuits and other claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The City is also self-insured for the first \$2,000,000 of each claim arising for workers' compensation and has purchased outside insurance coverage in excess of the \$2,000,000 up to an unlimited maximum. The City is self-insured for the first \$2,000,000 of each claim arising for general liability. The City has purchased outside insurance coverage in excess of the \$2,000,000 up to a maximum of \$25,000,000 per occurrence. For the past three years, claim payments have not exceeded the amount of applicable insurance coverage. The City has estimated losses for claims and judgments and has established liabilities of \$12,823,448 for workers' compensation and \$3,031,548 for general liability. Losses for claims incurred but not reported are recorded when the probable amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. These amounts represent estimates of amounts to be paid for reported claims and incurred but not yet reported claims based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amount of losses incurred through June 30, 2020 is dependent on future developments, based upon information from the City Attorney, the City's claims administrators and others involved with the administration of the programs, City management believes the accrual is adequate to cover such losses. The City is contingently liable for additional losses not reported in the accompanying financial statements in the range of approximately \$25,000 to \$2,000,000 for which the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is only reasonably possible, as determined by legal counsel.

Changes in claims payable for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

		Claims		
		Incurred and		
	Beginning	Changes in	Claim	
Fiscal Year	Balance	Estimates	Payments	Ending Balance
2018-19	\$ 14,029,661	\$ 4,160,416	\$ (2,124,490)	\$ 16,065,587
2019-20	16,065,587	2,360,983	(2,571,574)	15,854,996

The City is currently the subject of a number of lawsuits related to sober living facilities within Costa Mesa. These cases are at various phases. At this time, the probability of an unfavorable outcome ranges from remote to probable, however the City Council has not given direction on whether to vigorously defend these cases or attempt to settle. Without direction, it is difficult to estimate the potential exposure to the City. Professional standards require a loss contingency to be accrued if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. As of June 30, 2020, the City set up a loss reserve of \$375,000 related to sober living lawsuits.

(18) Pledged Revenue

The City and its component units has one debt issuance outstanding that is collateralized by the pledging of certain revenues. The amount and term of the remainder of this commitment is indicated in the debt service to maturity table presented in the notes. The purpose for which the proceeds of the related debt issuance was utilized is disclosed in the debt description in Note 9. For the current year, debt service payments as a percentage of the pledged gross revenue (or net of certain expense where so required by the debt agreement) are indicated in the table below. This percentage also approximates the relationship of debt service to pledged revenue for the remainder of the term of the commitment:

	An	nual Amount of	f Annu	al Debt Service	Debt Service as a	3
Description of	Pledg	ged Revenue (r	net Paym	ents (of all debt	Percentage of	
Pledged Revenue		of expenses)	secured	l by this revenue	e) Pledged Revenue	3
Mello-Roos CFD 91-1	\$	246,10	5 \$	215,708	87.65%	ó

(19) Golf Course Lease Agreement

The City has entered into an agreement with Mesa Verde Partners (MVP) under which MVP will operate and collect user fees from the Costa Mesa Country Club through August 31, 2029. The agreement requires MVP to pay a percentage of gross receipts that MVP receives from green fees, driving range, cart rental, sales from the proshop, food and beverages, and the rental of banquet and meeting rooms, or a flat minimum monthly rate, whichever is greater. The percentage of gross receipts varies from 6 percent to 35 percent depending on the revenue type, and the minimum rent is adjusted every two years. The minimum rent for the period of September 1, 2019 to August 31, 2021 is \$147,000 per month. In fiscal year 2020, the City received a total of \$2,353,901 from the golf course operations, \$2,245,142 of which is reported in the General Fund and the remaining \$108,759 in the Golf Course Improvements Capital Projects Fund. The City reports the golf course and related equipment under capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.

(20) Legislation and Litigation Affecting the Successor Agency

As of February 1, 2012, California redevelopment agencies were dissolved. The Successor Agency to the Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency) succeeded to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency (former Agency) and administers the enforceable obligations, including a \$9,278,545 loan from the City's General Fund to the former agency. The Department of Finance has approved the Successor Agency to reinstate this loan on its Report Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS).

The City has adjusted the loan for principal/interest additions and principal repayments from the annual ROPS as approved by the Department of Finance. As of June 30, 2020, the Successor Agency's loan payable balance was \$6,212,950.

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities in the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

					Portion Due	Portion Due
	Balance			Balance at	Within One	Beyond One
	July 1, 2019	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	June 30, 2020	<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>
Loans Payable	\$ 7,375,891	\$ 156,085	\$ (1,319,026)	\$ 6,212,950	\$1,291,045	\$ 4,921,905
Total	\$ 7,375,891	\$ 156,085	\$ (1,319,026)	\$ 6,212,950	\$1,291,045	\$ 4,921,905



FINANCIAL REPORT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Miscellaneous Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and	\$ 3,366,560 17,792,384	\$ 3,187,235 18,262,096	\$ 3,269,125 18,633,944	\$ 3,659,618 18,996,998	\$ 3,528,896 19,188,563	\$ 3,828,540 19,990,625
actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits Benefit payments, including refunds	- - -	(2,016,112) (4,399,842) -	(2,818,846) - -	(1,038,444) 15,484,252 -	(3,837,320) (1,071,584) -	4,152,146 - -
of employee contributions	(12,853,585)	(13,476,175)	(14,145,202)	(14,720,378)	(15,285,935)	(16,317,568)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,305,359	1,557,202	4,939,021	22,382,046	2,522,620	11,653,743
Total pension liability - beginning of year	241,975,291	250,280,650	251,837,852	256,776,873	279,158,919	281,681,539
Total pension liability - End of Year (a)	\$250,280,650	\$251,837,852	\$256,776,873	\$279,158,919	\$281,681,539	\$293,335,282
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments Plan to plan resource movement Administrative expense Other miscellaneous income (expense) Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 4,903,142 2,137,933 26,075,603 (12,853,585) - - - 20,263,093	\$ 5,768,827 1,978,052 3,881,685 (13,476,175) 13,634 (193,604) - (2,027,581)	\$ 6,226,072 1,966,557 897,287 (14,145,205) 3,064 (104,766) - (5,156,991)	\$ 6,712,045 1,936,240 18,711,484 (14,720,378) - (246,188) - 12,393,203	\$ 7,300,573 1,906,040 15,161,548 (15,285,935) (1,077) (279,147) (530,105) 8,271,897	\$ 8,320,570 2,055,169 11,863,211 (16,317,568) - (133,740) 435 5,788,077
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year	153,666,841	173,929,934	171,902,353	166,745,362	179,138,565	187,410,462
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	\$173,929,934	\$171,902,353	\$166,745,362	\$179,138,565	\$187,410,462	\$193,198,539
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 76,350,716	\$ 79,935,499	\$ 90,031,511	\$100,020,354	\$ 94,271,077	\$100,136,743
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.49%	68.26%	64.94%	64.17%	66.53%	65.86%
Covered payroll	\$ 18,366,435	\$ 17,928,997	\$ 19,890,931	\$ 19,532,886	\$ 20,067,193	\$ 24,394,495
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	415.71%	445.84%	452.63%	512.06%	469.78%	410.49%

Notes to schedule:

Benefit changes:

The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions:

None in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. In 2017, The accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.50% discount rate.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	Ju	ine 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jı	ine 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	5,221,083	\$	6,056,123	\$	6,522,784	\$	6,913,866	\$	9,256,492	\$	9,876,401
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(5,221,083)		(6,056,123)		(6,522,784)		(6,913,866)		(9,256,492)		(9,876,401)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$	17,928,997	\$	19,890,931	\$	19,532,886	\$	20,067,193	\$	24,394,495	\$	24,012,483
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		29.12%		30.45%		33.39%		34.45%		37.95%		41.13%

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date for June 30, 2020 6/30/2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Single and agent employers Amortization method/period Asset valuation method

Entry Age Normal For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation

Salary increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll growth

7.25%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expense; includes inflation. Investment rate of return The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the Retirement age

period from 1997 to 2015.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the Mortality

period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include

20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the

Society of Actuaries.

Other information:

For changes to previous year's information, refer to past GASB 68 reports.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Safety Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and	\$ 4,675,505 17,563,332	\$ 4,048,034 18,452,568	\$ 4,011,055 19,519,447	\$ 4,475,641 20,072,034	\$ 4,653,580 20,611,486	\$ 4,959,915 21,235,614
actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits	- - -	1,744,508 (4,744,823) -	4,436,634 - -	(2,148,051) 17,608,748 -	(1,494,789) (1,540,347) -	(2,112,152) - -
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(11,159,179)	(12,625,831)	(13,319,431)	(13,984,335)	(14,129,155)	(15,024,883)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	11,079,658	6,874,456	14,647,705	26,024,037	8,100,775	9,058,494
Total pension liability - beginning of year	237,419,600	248,499,258	255,373,714	270,021,419	296,045,456	304,146,231
Total pension liability - end of year (a)	\$ 248,499,258	\$ 255,373,714	\$ 270,021,419	\$ 296,045,456	\$ 304,146,231	\$ 313,204,725
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - employees Net investment income Benefit payments Plan to plan resource movement Administrative expense Other miscellaneous income (expense)	\$ 5,066,147 2,204,590 24,794,991 (11,159,179) - - -	\$ 5,228,944 2,191,295 3,618,253 (12,625,831) - (182,933)	\$ 5,992,098 1,988,684 825,770 (13,319,431) 72 (98,993)	\$ 7,592,902 2,012,546 17,309,154 (13,984,335) - (233,009)	\$ 8,263,652 2,120,029 14,402,562 (14,129,155) 222 (265,711) (504,590)	\$ 9,471,893 2,222,313 11,872,172 (15,024,883) - (128,739) 420
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	20,906,549	(1,770,272)	(4,611,800)	12,697,258	9,887,009	8,413,176
Plan fiduciary net Position -beginning of year	143,294,304	164,200,853	162,430,581	157,818,781	170,516,039	180,403,048
Plan fiduciary new position - end of year (b)	\$ 164,200,853	\$ 162,430,581	\$ 157,818,781	\$ 170,516,039	\$ 180,403,048	\$ 188,816,224
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 84,298,405	\$ 92,943,133	\$ 112,202,638	\$ 125,529,417	\$ 123,743,183	\$ 124,388,501
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.08%	63.61%	58.45%	57.60%	59.31%	60.29%
Covered payroll	\$ 14,884,359	\$ 13,714,558	\$ 14,161,162	\$ 14,696,132	\$ 14,529,255	\$ 17,534,445
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	566.36%	677.70%	792.33%	854.17%	851.68%	709.40%

Notes to schedule:

Benefit changes:

The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2017 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions:

None in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. In 2017, The accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.50% discount rate.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Contributions Police Safety Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	June 30, 201	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,237,59	5 \$ 5,994,277	\$ 7,592,899	\$ 8,098,773	\$ 10,894,754	\$ 11,174,155
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(5,237,59	5) (5,994,277)	(7,592,899)	(8,098,773)	(10,894,754)	(11,174,155)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	13,714,55	3 14,161,162	14,696,132	14,529,255	17,534,445	16,175,525
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	38.19	% 42.33%	51.67%	55.74%	62.13%	69.08%

Notes to schedule:

6/30/2017 Valuation date for June 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method/period

Asset valuation method For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.625%

Salary increases Payroll growth Investment rate of return Retirement age varies by Entry Age and Service 2.875%
7.25%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expense; includes inflation. The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

Mortality

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

Other information:

For changes to previous year's information, refer to past GASB 68 reports.

st - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Fire Safety Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability	0.86630%	0.85980%	0.78750%	0.75976%	0.78122%	0.75901%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,906,245	\$ 59,018,969	\$ 68,144,130	\$ 75,347,795	\$ 75,280,246	\$ 77,775,545
Plan's covered payroll	\$ 9,348,967	\$ 8,616,507	\$ 9,235,056	\$ 9,116,708	\$ 9,057,608	\$ 9,614,585
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	576.60%	684.95%	737.89%	826.48%	831.13%	808.93%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability	70.20%	78.40%	74.06%	71.74%	73.39%	73.37%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$ 4,567,080	\$ 4,600,229	\$ 4,087,020	\$ 5,040,152	\$ 5,855,909	\$ 6,865,279

Notes to schedule:

Benefit changes:

The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2017 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions:

None in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. In 2017, The accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.50% discount rate.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Contributions Fire Safety Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	3,877,163	\$	3,286,280	\$	3,598,782	\$	5,040,152	\$	5,855,909	\$	6,865,279
determined contributions		(4,603,714)		(3,786,280)		(3,598,782)		(5,040,152)		(5,855,909)		(6,865,279)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(726,551)	\$	(500,000)	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	8,616,507	\$	9,235,056	\$	9,116,708	\$	9,057,608	\$	9,614,585	\$	9,034,047
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		53.43%		41.00%		39.47%		55.65%		60.91%		75.99%

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date for June 30, 2020 6/30/2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 20 Entry Age Normal For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report. Asset valuation method

Inflation

Varies by Entry Age and Service Salary increases

Payroll growth

7.25%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expense; includes inflation.

6. Detirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the Investment rate of return

The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period Retirement age

from 1997 to 2015.

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from Mortality

1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected

mortality improvement using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

Other information:

For changes to previous year's information, refer to past GASB 68 reports.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE 1% SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT PLAN Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Measurement date	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in benefits	\$	- 80,950 (19) -	\$	77,214 - (107,900)	\$	82,454 (9,704) (18,938)	\$	- 79,579 - 46,602 -	\$	- 69,134 80,298 122,873
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(211,287)		(208,260)		(205,233)		(205,233)		(205,036)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(130,356)		(238,946)		(151,421)		(79,052)		67,269
Total pension liability - beginning of year		2,897,028		2,766,672		2,527,726		2,376,305		2,297,253
Total pension liability - end of year (a)	\$	2,766,672	\$	2,527,726	\$	2,376,305	\$	2,297,253	\$	2,364,522
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

The discount rate changed from 3.50% as of June 30, 2018 to 3.15% as of June 30, 2019 measurement date. The discount rate changed from 3.15% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30, 2020 measurement date.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2016 was the first year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Measurement date	<u> </u>	ıne 30, 2017	J	lune 30, 2018		June 30, 2019
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	1,229,918	\$	1,098,145	\$	1,110,733
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,622,474		1,812,069		1,852,821
Actual and expected experience difference		-		-		2,081,994
Changes in assumptions		(3,959,316)		(670,841)		3,420,614
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(2,318,709)		(2,469,425)		(2,751,358)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,425,633)		(230,052)		5,714,804
Total OPEB liability - beginning		56,858,361		53,432,728	_	53,202,676
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	53,432,728	\$	53,202,676	\$	58,917,480
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered - employee payroll ¹	\$	41,026,788	\$	43,392,898	\$	43,828,141
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll ¹		130.24%		122.61%		134.43%

Notes to schedule:

<u>Changes in assumptions.</u> The discount rate as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date was 2.85%. The discount rate as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date was 3.40%. The discount rate as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date was 3.50%. The discount rate as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date was 3.51%.

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ - OPEB benefits are not based on employee payroll.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for special purposes, and for expenditures related to the provision of general services by the City. The General Fund is used to account for all resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

				Variance with	
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive	Prior Year
	Original Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:	Duaget	Duaget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Taxes:					
Sales tax	\$ 58,741,249	\$ 58,741,249	\$ 55,866,831	\$ (2,874,418)	\$ 64,902,009
Property tax	43,246,886	43,246,886	45,248,448	2,001,562	42,873,901
Transient occupancy tax	9,619,199	9,619,199	6,587,224	(3,031,975)	8,595,417
Franchise tax ,	5,166,745	5,166,745	4,822,964	(343,781)	5,042,551
Business license tax	955,000	955,000	899,426	`(55,574)	929,351
Marijuana business tax	1,143,000	1,143,000	763,674	(379,326)	163,803
Total taxes	118,872,079	118,872,079	114,188,567	(4,683,512)	122,507,032
Licenses and permits	4,299,500	4,299,500	5,496,049	1,196,549	5,104,022
Fines and forfeitures	1,623,244	1,623,244	1,400,807	(222,437)	1,851,890
Intergovernmental:					
Motor vehicle in-lieu	60,000	60,000	91,674	31,674	55,343
Prop 172	1,113,607	1,113,607	1,102,506	(11,101)	-
Advances repayment	1,060,817	1,060,817	1,060,817	(11/101)	962,362
Grants and other reimbursements	378,600	1,304,746	841,062	(463,684)	730,275
Total intergovernmental	2,613,024	3,539,170	3,096,059	(443,111)	1,747,980
Charges for services	8,048,821	8,048,821	6,813,680	(1,235,141)	7,240,115
Rental	3,283,988	3,283,988	2,901,367	(382,621)	2,847,393
Investment income (loss)	1,000,000	346,351	1,578,983	1,232,632	1,534,416
Miscellaneous	810,247	810,247	974,524	164,277	920,450
Total revenues	140,550,903	140,823,400	136,450,036	(4,373,364)	143,753,298
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
City council	773,216	790,666	698,823	91,843	667,505
City manager:					
Administration	4,056,091	3,934,253	3,186,039	748,214	4,762,525
City clerk	1,065,377	1,015,645	778,232	237,413	975,348
Personnel services	1,601,614	1,561,193	1,413,892	147,301	1,508,553
Risk management services	2,970,875	2,745,153	2,388,330	356,823	2,492,585
City attorney	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,102,739	(102,739)	1,170,015
Financial services	4,369,638	4,004,248	3,252,348	751,900	3,310,640
Information technology	3,665,497	3,531,532	3,191,741	339,791	3,043,528
Facilities and equipment	11 064 700	11 705 056	11 001 631	614 222	44 445 454
maintenance	11,864,788	11,705,956	11,091,624	614,332	11,115,451
Non-departmental	2,164,000	1,669,000	2,052,728	(383,728)	173,380
Total general government	33,531,096	31,957,646	29,156,496	2,801,150	29,219,530

General Fund (continued) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Protection of persons and property:					
Police protection	49,482,346	49,254,780	50,525,708 28,840,324	(1,270,928)	46,271,527 28,809,135
Fire protection Building and safety	28,237,213 2,502,337	28,896,258 2,392,503	2,106,571	55,934 285,932	2,026,340
building and safety	2,302,337	2,332,303	2,100,371	203,332	2,020,540
Total protection of persons					
and property	80,221,896	80,543,541	81,472,603	(929,062)	77,107,002
Community					
Community programs:	7 200 474	6 042 747	E E62 004	1 200 742	6 611 026
Community recreation	7,298,474	6,942,747	5,562,004	1,380,743	6,611,826
Planning	2,074,007 1,498,604	2,130,124 1,399,757	1,981,670 1,169,632	148,454 230,125	2,015,363 1,198,878
Community improvement	1,490,004	1,399,737	1,109,032	230,123	1,190,070
Development services administration	07F 127	001 640	051 202	20.250	1 010 205
administration	875,127	881,640	851,382	30,258	1,010,295
Total community programs	11,746,212	11,354,268	9,564,688	1,789,580	10,836,362
Dublic comices.					
Public services:	1 775 100	1 ((0 227	1 567 600	02.610	2 172 722
Administration	1,775,189	1,660,227	1,567,609	92,618	2,173,723
Engineering	2,653,489	2,621,125	2,423,039	198,086	2,525,079
Transportation	2,916,521	2,798,697	2,569,353	229,344	2,746,831
Total public services	7,345,199	7,080,049	6,560,001	520,048	7,445,633
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	15,392	(15,392)	10,261
Total debt service		<u> </u>	15,392	(15,392)	10,261
Total expenditures	132,844,403	130,935,504	126,769,180	4,166,324	124,618,788
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	7,706,500	9,887,896	9,680,856	(207,040)	19,134,510
(aa, a, a, a			5,555,555	(==: /= :=)	=======================================
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,150,000	-	41,287
Transfers out	(9,311,099)	(10,266,715)	(10,663,687)	(396,972)	(21,103,378)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,161,099)	(9,116,715)	(9,513,687)	(396,972)	(21,062,091)
Net change in fund balance	(454,599)	771,181	167,169	(604,012)	(1,927,581)
Fund balance at beginning of year	53,296,499	53,296,499	53,296,499	_	55,224,080
		,,	,,		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 52,841,900	\$ 54,067,680	\$ 53,463,668	\$ (604,012)	\$ 53,296,499

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Gas Tax Fund - Major Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)		Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	4,936,918	\$	4,936,918	\$	4,651,870	\$	(285,048)	\$	4,486,417
Investment income	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	399,539	Ψ	299,539	Ψ	341,405
Miscellaneous		-				10,780		10,780		
Total revenues		5,036,918		5,036,918		5,062,189		25,271		4,827,822
Expenditures: Current:										
Public services		4,363,237		8,631,852		2,290,228		6,341,624		3,150,038
Total expenditures		4,363,237		8,631,852		2,290,228		6,341,624		3,150,038
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		673,681		(3,594,934)		2,771,961		6,366,895		1,677,784
Net change in fund balance		673,681		(3,594,934)		2,771,961		6,366,895		1,677,784
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,005,859		9,005,859		9,005,859		-		7,328,075
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,679,540	\$	5,410,925	\$	11,777,820	\$	6,366,895	\$	9,005,859

Government Grants Fund - Major Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual
Revenues:	4		4	202 201	4	206 226	4	(107.06E)	+	
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ ——	<u>-</u>	\$ 	393,391 	\$ 	286,326 63,462	\$ 	(107,065) 63,462	\$ 	<u> </u>
Total revenues				393,391		349,788		(43,603)		
Expenditures: Current:										
Protection of persons and property		-		668,066		286,373		381,693		-
Community programs		-		150,000		-		150,000		-
Public services		1,105,000		1,354,500				1,354,500		
Total expenditures	_	1,105,000		2,172,566		286,373		1,886,193		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,105,000)		(1,779,175)		63,415		1,842,590		
Net change in fund balance		(1,105,000)		(1,779,175)		63,415		1,842,590		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-				-		-		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(1,105,000)	\$	(1,779,175)	\$	63,415	\$	1,842,590	\$	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year ended June 30, 2020

(1) Budgetary Data

Annual budgets are legally adopted or amended for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the following funds for which annual budgets were not adopted or amended:

Special Revenue Funds:

Disaster Fund Debt Service Funds:

Financing Authority Debt Service Fund
Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

The City Council adopts an annual budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of each new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to budget adoption by the Council. Supplemental appropriations, when required during the period, are also approved by the City Council. Interfunctional budget adjustments are approved by the City Manager. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department functional level. At fiscal year-end all operating budget appropriations lapse.



FINANCIAL REPORT
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES



MAJOR AND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenues sources (other than expendable trust or for major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

The following funds have been classified as nonmajor governmental funds in the accompanying fund financial statements:

HOME Program Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the Federal Home Investment Partnership Program of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These revenues must be expended for acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction of rental housing.

Proposition 172 Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of voter-approved one-half cent permanent increase in the state sales tax in November 1993. These revenues must be expended for public safety purposes.

Air Quality Improvement Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of the City's share of funds received under Health & Safety Code 44223 (AB 2766) to finance mobile source air pollution reduction programs consistent with the California Clean Air Act of 1988.

Community Development Fund

This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of the Department of Housing and Urban Development grants. These revenues must be expended to accomplish one of the following objectives: elimination of slum or blighted areas to benefit low and moderate income persons, or to meet certain urgent community development needs.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund (SLESF)

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under the State Citizen's Option for Public Safety (COPS) Program allocated pursuant to Government Code Section 30061 enacted by Assembly Bill 3229, Chapter 134 of the 1996 Statutes. These COPS/SLESF funds are allocated based on population and can only be spent for "front line municipal police services" as per Government Code Section 30061(c)(2).

Rental Rehabilitation Program Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development under Section 17 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937. These revenues must be expended to provide assistance to rehabilitate primarily privately-owned residential rental property.

Narcotics Forfeiture Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of narcotic forfeitures received from County, State, and Federal agencies pursuant to Section 11470 of State Health and Safety Code and Federal Statute 21USC Section 881.

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal grant monies provided by the 1998 Appropriations Act, Public Law 105-119. These funds are restricted for projects utilized to reduce crime and improve public safety.

Office of Traffic Safety Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal grant monies received through the State Office of Traffic Safety. These funds are restricted for operations utilized to enhance traffic safety and to reduce drunk driving within the City.

Housing Authority Fund

Established pursuant to the California Health and Safety Code, Section 34176(a). The Housing Authority serves two distinct functions: Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund (LMIHAF) and homeless program. The LMIHAF is to promote affordable housing for families of low and moderate income within the City. The homeless program is to provide temporary assistance including housing to homeless individuals.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for financial resources segregated for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The following have been classified as major funds in the accompanying government-wide financial statements:

Capital Improvements Fund

Established to account for construction of capital facilities funded by the City's General Fund and various governmental grants.

The following have been classified as nonmajor funds in the accompanying fund financial statements:

Measure "M2" Fund

Established to account for the receipt and expenditure of the 2006 voter-approved one-half percent sales tax for local transportation improvements. Measure M2 is a 30-year extension of the earlier Measure M program.

Parking Districts Fund

Established under the Vehicle Parking District Law of 1943 to provide vehicle facilities in the downtown area. Funding is provided through specific property tax levies.

Golf Course Improvements Fund

Established to account the receipt and disbursement of funds for Costa Mesa Country Club capital improvements. Funding is provided by the receipt of two and one-half percent of monthly gross receipts of green and tournament fees.

Park Development Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for development and maintenance of the City's park system. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Drainage Fees Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for construction and maintenance of the City's drainage system. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Traffic Impact Fees Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for transportation improvements Citywide. Funding is provided by fees charged to residential and commercial developers.

Fire System Development Fees Fund

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of development impact fees established by Ordinance 89-1 for future construction of fire protection facilities and equipment for the north Costa Mesa area.

Jack Hammett Sports Complex Fund

Establish to account for receipt and disbursement of funds related to on-going maintenance of Jack Hammett Sports Complex. Funding is provided by the facility's rental income.

Lions Park Capital Improvements Fund

Established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for construction of a new library and renovation of the existing library into a neighborhood community center. Project funding is partially provided by bond proceeds with the remaining balance provided by the Capital Improvements Fund.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for accumulated resources for and payment of general long-term debt. The following have been classified as nonmajor funds in the accompanying fund financial statements:

Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

To accumulate monies for payment of the 2006 Revenue Refunding bonds. The 2006 Revenue Refunding bonds refunded the 1991 Local Agency Revenues Bonds that provided monies for the purchase of the Costa Mesa Community Facilities 1991 Special Tax Bonds.

Financing Authority Debt Service Fund

To accumulate monies for the payment of the 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds. The 2017 Lease Revenue bonds refunded the Public Financing Authority 2007 Certificates of Participation and provided partial funding for the Lion's Park Project.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Special	Revenue	
	HOME Program	Community Development		
<u>Assets:</u>				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Due from other governments Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Loans receivable, net	\$ 1,663,135 - 16,120 - 6,334	\$ - - - - -	\$ 338,729 - 36,251 - 1,290	\$ - - 138,048 - - -
Total assets	\$ 1,685,589	\$ -	\$ 376,270	\$ 138,048
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Retentions payable Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ 7,524 79 - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 7,502 - - - -	\$ 42,283 4,609 - - 4,006
Total liabilities	7,603	-	7,502	50,898
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenues	1,334			49,265
Fund Balances:				
Restricted for: Protection of persons or property Community programs	- 1,676,652	- -	- - 368,768	- 37,885
Public services Debt service	-	-	308,768	-
Assigned for:				
Protection of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Public services Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,676,652		368,768	37,885
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,685,589	\$ -	\$ 376,270	\$ 138,048

					Special	Reve	nue			
Sup	plemental					Lo	cal Law			
	Law		Rental			Enf	orcement	C	Office of	
Enf	orcement	Rel	habilitation	Nar	cotics		Block		Traffic	Housing
S	ervices	1	Program	Forf	eiture	Grant			Safety	Authority
\$	11,364	\$	280,406	\$ 1,8	17,383	\$	34,311	\$	-	\$ 3,646,271
	-		-		-		-		-	24,615
	-		-		_		_		48,304	, -
	_		_		_		_		-	17,576
	43		1,069		6,959		131		_	11,879
	-		1,005		-		-		_	862,534
										002,334
\$	11,407	\$	281,475	\$ 1,8	24,342	\$	34,442	\$	48,304	\$ 4,562,875
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 883,687
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	11,049
										11,049
	-		_		23,260		-		-	77 572
	-		-	4	23,260		-		48,304	27,523
									46,304	
	-		-	4	23,260		-		48,304	922,259
	-		-		-		-		3,140	
	11,407		-	1,4	01,082		34,442		_	-
	-		281,475	,	-		-		_	3,640,616
	_		- /		_		_		_	-,,
	_		_		_		_		_	_
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
									(3,140)	
	11,407		281,475	1,4	01,082		34,442		(3,140)	3,640,616
					<u> </u>					
\$	11,407	\$	281,475	\$ 1,8	24,342	\$	34,442	\$	48,304	\$ 4,562,875

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Capital Projects

					Cupitui	. 0 , 0			
			Parking	Go	olf Course		Park	D	rainage
Me	easure "M2"		Districts	Imp	provements	Dev	elopment		Fees
							<u> </u>		
\$	5,369,007	\$	108,021	\$	291,756	\$ 5	,791,550	\$ 2	,292,344
	110,000		-		-		-		-
	648,614		11		-		-		-
	-		-		20,201		-		-
	20,843		411		1,111		22,067		8,730
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	6,148,464	\$	108,443	\$	313,068	\$ 5	,813,617	\$ 2	,301,074
\$	261,616	\$	-	\$	37,547	\$	40,366	\$	29,205
	2,711		-		-		-		-
	261,868		-		-		250,000		17,500
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		=.		-
	526,195		-		37,547		290,366		46,705
	328,306		-		_		_		
	_		_		_		_		_
	_		_		_		_		_
	5 293 963		_		_		_		_
	-		_		_		_		_
	_		_		_		_		_
	_		108 443		275 521	5	523 251	2	,254,369
	_		-		-	J	-		-
	5,293,963		108,443		275,521	5	,523,251	2	,254,369
	. ,		, -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·
_\$	6,148,464	\$	108,443	\$	313,068	\$ 5	,813,617	\$ 2	,301,074
	\$ \$	\$ 6,148,464 \$ 6,148,464 \$ 261,616 2,711 261,868 - - 526,195 328,306	\$ 5,369,007 \$ 110,000 648,614	\$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 110,000 - 648,614 11 - 20,843 411 - ** \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 261,616 \$ - 2,711 - 261,868 - 526,195 - 328,306 - 5,293,963 - - 108,443 5,293,963 108,443	Measure "M2" Districts Imp \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 110,000 648,614 11 - 20,843 411 - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ \$ 261,616 \$ - \$ 2,711 261,868 - - - - - 526,195 - - 5,293,963 - - - - - 5,293,963 108,443 - 5,293,963 108,443 -	Measure "M2" Districts Improvements \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 291,756 110,000 - - 648,614 11 - 20,843 411 1,111 - - - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 313,068 \$ 261,616 \$ - \$ 37,547 2,711 - - 261,868 - - - - - 526,195 - 37,547 328,306 - - - - - 5,293,963 - - 5,293,963 108,443 275,521 - - - 5,293,963 108,443 275,521	Measure "M2" Districts Improvements Dev \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 291,756 \$ 5 \$ 110,000 - - - 648,614 11 - 20,201 20,843 411 1,111 - - - - - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 313,068 \$ 5 \$ 261,616 - \$ 37,547 \$ 2,711 - - - 261,868 - - - - - - - 526,195 - 37,547 - 328,306 - - - - - - - 5,293,963 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Measure "M2" Districts Improvements Development \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 291,756 \$ 5,791,550 110,000 - - - 648,614 111 - - 20,843 411 1,111 22,067 - - - - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 313,068 \$ 5,813,617 \$ 261,616 \$ - \$ 37,547 \$ 40,366 2,711 - - - 261,868 - - 250,000 - - - - 526,195 - 37,547 290,366 328,306 - - - - - - - - - - - 5,293,963 - - - - - - - - - - - 5,293,963 108,443 275,521 5,523,251 <td>Measure "M2" Districts Improvements Development \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 291,756 \$ 5,791,550 \$ 2 110,000 648,614 11 - - - - 20,201 - 20,843 411 1,111 22,067 - - - - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 313,068 \$ 5,813,617 \$ 2 \$ 261,616 \$ - \$ 37,547 \$ 40,366 \$ 2 - - - - - 2,711 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 526,195 - 37,547 290,366 - - - - - - 5,293,963 - - - -</td>	Measure "M2" Districts Improvements Development \$ 5,369,007 \$ 108,021 \$ 291,756 \$ 5,791,550 \$ 2 110,000 648,614 11 - - - - 20,201 - 20,843 411 1,111 22,067 - - - - \$ 6,148,464 \$ 108,443 \$ 313,068 \$ 5,813,617 \$ 2 \$ 261,616 \$ - \$ 37,547 \$ 40,366 \$ 2 - - - - - 2,711 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 526,195 - 37,547 290,366 - - - - - - 5,293,963 - - - -

		Capital Project	S	Debt 9	Service		
Traffic	Fire System Development	Jack Hammett Sports	Lions Park Capital	Public Financing Financing _		To	tals
Impact Fees	Fees	Complex	Improvements	Authority	Authority	2020	2019
\$ 4,678,934	\$ 649,025	\$ 497,245	\$ 176,462	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,645,943	\$ 25,432,374
-	-	-	1,070,991	765,672	43	1,971,321	3,008,453
-	-	-	-	-	-	887,348	1,404,879
72,930	-	-	-	-	-	110,707	342,170
18,316	2,472	1,894	672	-	-	104,221	125,748
						862,534	862,533
\$ 4,770,180	\$ 651,497	\$ 499,139	\$ 1,248,125	\$ 765,672	\$ 43	\$ 31,582,074	\$ 31,176,157
\$ 4,579	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,314,309	\$ 2,960,081
	-	-	-	· -	· -	18,448	29,823
2,611	_	-	925,035	-	-	1,457,014	1,409,836
-	-	15,000	-	-	-	465,783	422,810
		_				52,310	125,103
7,190	- 	15,000	925,035		- 	3,307,864	4,947,653
72,930	- 		<u> </u>		- 	454,975	864,680
_	-	_	_	_	-	1,446,931	755,560
-	-	-	-	-	-	5,636,628	5,365,265
-	_	-	323,090	-	-	5,985,821	5,688,461
-	-	-	-	765,672	43	765,715	938,687
-	651,497	-	-	-	-	651,497	156,846
4,690,060	-	484,139		-	-	13,335,783	12,468,458
	-	-			-	(3,140)	(9,453)
4,690,060	651,497	484,139	323,090	765,672	43	27,819,235	25,363,824
\$ 4,770,180	\$ 651,497	\$ 499,139	\$ 1,248,125	\$ 765,672	\$ 43	\$ 31,582,074	\$ 31,176,157
1 1 -1	1 11 11 11		, , -,			1 - 7 - 7 - 7	

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Special Revenue											
	HOME Program	ı	Pro	pposition 172	•	Air Quality provement	Со	mmunity velopment	Enf	plemental Law orcement ervices		
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Charges for services	-			-		-		-		-		
Fines and forfeitures	-			-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental	141,9	66		-		146,894		411,358		273,684		
Investment income	61,2	27		-		14,257		445		248		
Rental income	-			-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous	49,818					-						
Total revenues	253,011					161,151		411,803		273,932		
Expenditures: Current:												
Protection of persons and property	-		-		-	-			259,786			
Community programs	241,4	30	_			-	448,742			-		
Public services	-		_		62,209		-			-		
Principal	-			-		-		-		-		
Interest												
Total expenditures	241,4	30				62,209		448,742		259,786		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	11,5	81_				98,942		(36,939)		14,146		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in	-			6,714		- (122 540)		-		-		
Transfer out						(122,540)						
Total other financing sources (uses)				6,714		(122,540)						
Net change in fund balances	11,5	81		6,714		(23,598)		(36,939)		14,146		
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of the year	1,665,0	71_		(6,714)		392,366		74,824		(2,739)		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 1,676,6	\$ 1,676,652 \$ -			\$	368,768	\$	37,885	\$	11,407		

Special Revenue												
	Rental nabilitation Program	Narcotics Forfeiture	Lo	ocal Law forcement Block Grant	O:	ffice of raffic Safety	Housing Authority					
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 258,209					
	-	-		-		-	-					
	-	667,077		-		- 163,410	-					
	10,139	57,113		1,297		-	102,263					
	-	-		-		-	405,379					
	40,000						10,401					
	50,139	724,190		1,297		163,410	776,252					
	_	45,523		_		166,550	_					
	-	-		-		-	2,968,016					
	-	-		-		-	-					
	-	-		-		-	-					
		-										
		45,523		-		166,550	2,968,016					
	F0 130	(70 ((7		1 207		(2.140)	(2.101.764)					
	50,139	678,667		1,297		(3,140)	(2,191,764)					
	-	-		-		-	2,438,346					
							2 420 246					
	-						2,438,346					
	50,139	678,667		1,297		(3,140)	246,582					
	231,336	722,415		33,145		-	3,394,034					
\$	281,475	\$ 1,401,082	\$	34,442	\$	(3,140)	\$3,640,616					

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

<u>-</u>	Capital Projects											
	M	leasure M		Parking Districts		olf Course provements	Park Development		Orainage Fees			
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	=	\$	16,823	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-			
Charges for services		-		-		-	1,049,018		898,498			
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental		3,439,446		-		-	=		-			
Investment income		194,417		2,368		10,387	223,901		78,484			
Rental income		-		-		108,759	=		-			
Miscellaneous		_		-		-	-		-			
Total revenues		3,633,863		19,191		119,146	1,272,919		976,982			
Expenditures: Current: Protection of persons and property		-		-		-			-			
Community programs		-		-	- 4E 142		304,172		-			
Public services		2,524,353		-		45,143	1,285,782		194,126			
Principal		-		-		-	-		-			
Interest		-					-					
Total expenditures		2,524,353		-		45,143	1,589,954		194,126			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,109,510		19,191		74,003	(317,035)		782,856			
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out		- -		- -		-	<u>-</u>		- -			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-			-			
Net change in fund balances		1,109,510		19,191		74,003	(317,035)		782,856			
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of the year		4,184,453		89,252	2 201,518		5,840,286		1,471,513			
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 5,293,963 \$			108,443	\$	275,521	\$ 5,523,251	\$ 2	2,254,369			

			C	Capital Projec	ts		Debt Service							
	Traffic	Fire System Developmer		ck Hammett Sports	L	ions Park Capital		Public nancing	Finan	icing		Tot	tals	
Im	pact Fees	Fees		Complex	Im	provements	Αι	uthority	Auth	ority		2020		2019
	_							_						
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	275,032	\$	1,462,391
	259,298	469,333	3	-		-		-		-		2,676,147		2,750,339
	-	-		-		-		-		-		667,077		617,103
	-	-		-		-		-		-		4,576,758		8,135,597
	174,805	25,318	3	18,998		27,550		43,161		1,338		1,047,716		1,258,522
	-	-		150,750		-		-		-		664,888		632,134
												100,219		1,734,799
	434,103	494,65	<u> </u>	169,748		27,550		43,161		1,338	1	0,007,837	1	16,590,885
	-	-		-		-		-		-		471,859		1,655,210
	-	-		-		-		-		-		3,962,360		2,429,380
	295,541	-		-		816,102		-		-		5,223,256	2	21,807,807
	-	-		-		-		190,000		0,000		1,800,000		1,785,000
	-					-		25,708	1,20	5,250		1,230,958		1,298,315
	295,541	_		-		816,102		215,708	2,81	5,250	1	2,688,433	2	28,975,712
						_								
	138,562	494,65	L	169,748		(788,552)	((172,547)	(2,81	3,912)	(2,680,596)	(1	12,384,827)
									2.01	2 407		C 250 547		2 052 207
	-	-		-		-		-	2,81	3,487		5,258,547 (122,540)		3,852,207
						<u>-</u>			-			(122,340)		(5,129)
						<u>-</u>			2,81	3,487		5,136,007		3,847,078
	138,562	494,65	L	169,748		(788,552)	((172,547)		(425)		2,455,411	((8,537,749)
4	,551,498	156,846	5	314,391		1,111,642		938,219		468	2	5,363,824	3	33,901,573
\$ 4	,690,060	\$ 651,497	- <u></u>	484,139	\$	323,090	\$	765,672	\$	43	\$ 2	7,819,235	\$ 2	25,363,824
													_	

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA HOME Program Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final		-	riance with nal Budget Positive	Prior Year
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 499,710	\$ 141,966 61,227 49,818	\$	(357,744) 61,227 (50,182)	\$ 69,058 64,631 1,454,658
Total revenues	 599,710	 253,011		(346,699)	 1,588,347
Expenditures: Current:					
Community programs	465,723	 241,430		224,293	168,919
Total expenditures	 465,723	241,430		224,293	168,919
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 133,987	 11,581		(122,406)	1,419,428
Net change in fund balance	133,987	11,581		(122,406)	1,419,428
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,665,071	1,665,071			245,643
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,799,058	\$ 1,676,652	\$	(122,406)	\$ 1,665,071

Proposition 172 Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	ïnal ıdget	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,126,008 176
Total revenues						1,126,184
Expenditures: Current:						
Protection of persons and property	 					 1,141,054
Total expenditures						 1,141,054
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			<u>-</u>		-	(14,870)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in	 		6,714		6,714	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		6,714		6,714	
Net change in fund balance	-		6,714		-	(14,870)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(6,714)		(6,714)			8,156
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (6,714)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (6,714)

Air Quality Improvement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		P	rior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	146,983	\$	146,894	\$	(89)	¢	149,546
Investment income	Ą	2,000	Ą	14,257	Þ	12,257	Ą	13,414
		,		, -		, -		
Total revenues		148,983		161,151		12,168		162,960
Expenditures: Current:								
Public services		540,705		62,209		478,496		125,632
r ubite services		340,703		02,203		470,430		123,032
Total expenditures		540,705		62,209		478,496		125,632
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(391,722)		98,942		490,664		37,328
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer out		(122,540)		(122,540)		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(122,540)		(122,540)				
Net change in fund balance		(391,722)		(23,598)		490,664		37,328
Fund balance at beginning of year		392,366		392,366		-		355,038
Fund balance at end of year	\$	644	\$	368,768	\$	490,664	\$	392,366

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Community Development Fund nedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balar

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous	\$ 1,869,451 - 30,000	\$ 411,358 445 -	\$	(1,458,093) 445 (30,000)	\$	1,086,273 124 75,316
Total revenues	1,899,451	 411,803		(1,487,648)		1,161,713
Expenditures: Current:						
Community programs	708,450	448,742		259,708		535,540
Public services	 1,725,000			1,725,000		594,027
Total expenditures	2,433,450	448,742		1,984,708		1,129,567
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(533,999)	(36,939)		497,060		32,146
Net change in fund balance	(533,999)	(36,939)		497,060		32,146
Fund balance at beginning of year	74,824	74,824				42,678
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (459,175)	\$ 37,885	\$	497,060	\$	74,824

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fin I	riance with lal Budget Positive Jegative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 237,775 -	\$ 273,684 248	\$	35,909 248	\$ 263,294 146
Total revenues	237,775	 273,932		36,157	 263,440
Expenditures: Current:					
Protection of persons and property	237,700	 259,786		(22,086)	 305,297
Total expenditures	 237,700	259,786		(22,086)	305,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	75	 14,146		14,071	(41,857)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in					44,544
Total other financing sources (uses)		 			 44,544
Net change in fund balance	75	14,146		14,071	2,687
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(2,739)	 (2,739)			 (5,426)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (2,664)	\$ 11,407	\$	14,071	\$ (2,739)

Rental Rehabilitation Program Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	 Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 500 -	\$ 10,139 40,000	\$	9,639 40,000	\$ 8,932 171,751
Total revenues	 500	 50,139		49,639	 180,683
Expenditures: Current:					
Community programs	 -	 -		-	 80,000
Total expenditures	-	 -			 80,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	500	50,139		49,639	100,683
Net change in fund balance	500	50,139		49,639	100,683
Fund balance at beginning of year	231,336	231,336		-	 130,653
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 231,836	\$ 281,475	\$	49,639	\$ 231,336

Narcotics Forfeiture Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

					Fir	riance with nal Budget		
	Final Budget			Actual	Positive (Negative)		F	Prior Year Actual
Revenues:		buuget		Actual		vegative)		Actual
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	- 6,000	\$	667,077 57,113	\$	667,077 51,113	\$	617,103 42,071
		,		,		,		,
Total revenues		6,000		724,190		718,190		659,174
Expenditures: Current:								
Protection of persons and property		180,961		45,523		135,438		46,867
Total expenditures		180,961		45,523		135,438		46,867
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(174.061)		679 667		052.620		612 207
over (under) expenditures		(174,961)		678,667		853,628		612,307
Net change in fund balance		(174,961)		678,667		853,628		612,307
Fund balance at beginning of year		722,415		722,415				110,108
Fund balance at end of year	\$	547,454	\$	1,401,082	\$	853,628	\$	722,415

Local Law Enforcement Block Grand Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

	E	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual	
Revenues: Investment income	\$		\$ 1,297	\$	1,297	\$	1,240
Total revenues		-	1,297		1,297		1,240
Expenditures: Current: Protection of persons and property		-					-
Total expenditures		-		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	 1,297		1,297		1,240
Net change in fund balance		-	1,297		1,297		1,240
Fund balance at beginning of year		33,145	 33,145				31,905
Fund balance at end of year	\$	33,145	\$ 34,442	\$	1,297	\$	33,145

Office of Traffic Safety Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	258,007	\$	163,410	\$	(94,597)	\$	162,919
Total revenues		258,007		163,410		(94,597)		162,919
Expenditures: Current:								
Protection of persons and property		255,807		166,550		89,257		161,992
Total expenditures		255,807		166,550		89,257		161,992
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,200		(3,140)		(5,340)		927
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		-						(927)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	2,200	\$	(3,140)	\$	(5,340)	\$	-

Housing Authority Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Taxes Investment income Rental income Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 265,204 18,000 370,000 463,068 10,000	\$ 258,209 102,263 405,379 - 10,401	\$	(6,995) 84,263 35,379 (463,068) 401	\$ 320,775 109,584 378,469 - 33,074
Total revenues	 1,126,272	 776,252		(350,020)	 841,902
Expenditures: Current:					
Community programs	 3,407,395	 2,968,016		439,379	 1,644,921
Total expenditures	3,407,395	 2,968,016		439,379	 1,644,921
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,281,123)	(2,191,764)		89,359	 (803,019)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	 2,046,324	 2,438,346		392,022	 1,003,400
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,046,324	2,438,346		392,022	1,003,400
Net change in fund balance	(234,799)	246,582		481,381	200,381
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,394,034	 3,394,034			3,193,653
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,159,235	\$ 3,640,616	\$	481,381	\$ 3,394,034

Measure "M2" Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 2,923,429 30,000	\$ 3,439,446 194,417	\$	516,017 164,417	\$ 6,404,507 256,599
Total revenues	2,953,429	3,633,863		680,434	6,661,106
Expenditures: Current:					
Public services	8,446,231	2,524,353		5,921,878	 6,742,956
Total expenditures	 8,446,231	 2,524,353		5,921,878	6,742,956
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,492,802)	1,109,510		6,602,312	(81,850)
Net change in fund balance	 (5,492,802)	1,109,510		6,602,312	(81,850)
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,184,453	4,184,453		-	4,266,303
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (1,308,349)	\$ 5,293,963	\$	6,602,312	\$ 4,184,453

Parking Districts Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	 Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	rior Year Actual
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$ 10,054 600	\$ 16,823 2,368	\$	6,769 1,768	\$ 15,608 3,200
Total revenues	 10,654	 19,191		8,537	18,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	10,654	 19,191		8,537	18,808
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out		 -			(1,287)
Total other financing sources (uses)		 			(1,287)
Net change in fund balance	10,654	19,191		8,537	17,521
Fund balance at beginning of year	89,252	89,252			71,731
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 99,906	\$ 108,443	\$	8,537	\$ 89,252

Golf Course Improvements Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

(With	Comparative	Data for	Prior Year)
(,

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	P	rior Year Actual
Revenues: Investment income			\$	10,387	\$	10,387	\$	6,430
Rental income	\$	_	Ą	10,367	₽	10,367	₽	102,915
Rental income				100,739		100,739		102,913
Total revenues				119,146		119,146		109,345
Expenditures: Current: Public services		45,986		45,143		843		-
Total expenditures		45,986		45,143		843		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(45,986)		74,003		119,989		109,345
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out								
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-		
Net change in fund balance		(45,986)		74,003		119,989		109,345
Fund balance at beginning of year		201,518		201,518				92,173
Fund balance at end of year	\$	155,532	\$	275,521	\$	119,989	\$	201,518

Park Development Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual
Revenues:	+	2 150 027	+	1 040 010	4	(1 110 000)	+	2 200 272
Charges for services Investment income	\$	2,159,027 25,000	\$	1,049,018 223,901	\$	(1,110,009) 198,901	\$	2,299,373 254,348
investment income		23,000		223,901		190,901		234,340
Total revenues		2,184,027		1,272,919		(911,108)		2,553,721
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community programs		1,029,568		304,172		725,396		-
Public services		6,174,282		1,285,782		4,888,500		1,899,529
Debt service:								
Interest								9,735
Total expenditures		7,203,850		1,589,954		5,613,896		1,909,264
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,019,823)		(317,035)		4,702,788		644,457
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out								(3,842)
Total other financing sources (uses)								(3,842)
Net change in fund balance		(5,019,823)		(317,035)		4,702,788		640,615
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,840,286		5,840,286				5,199,671
Fund balance at end of year	\$	820,463	\$	5,523,251	\$	4,702,788	\$	5,840,286

Drainage Fees Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 277,200 10,000	\$ 898,498 78,484	\$	621,298 68,484	\$ 268,800 57,202
Total revenues	287,200	976,982		689,782	326,002
Expenditures: Current:					
Public services	2,068,007	194,126		1,873,881	56,979
Total expenditures	 2,068,007	 194,126		1,873,881	 56,979
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,780,807)	782,856		2,563,663	269,023
Net change in fund balance	(1,780,807)	782,856		2,563,663	269,023
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,471,513	1,471,513		-	 1,202,490
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (309,294)	\$ 2,254,369	\$	2,563,663	\$ 1,471,513

Traffic Impact Fees Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	I	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 200,000 20,000	\$ 259,298 174,805	\$	59,298 154,805	\$	182,166 177,173
Total revenues	 220,000	434,103		214,103		359,339
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Services	1,717,868	295,541		1,422,327		67,090
Total expenditures	 1,717,868	 295,541		1,422,327		67,090
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,497,868)	138,562		1,636,430		292,249
Net change in fund balance	(1,497,868)	138,562		1,636,430		292,249
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,551,498	4,551,498				4,259,249
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,053,630	\$ 4,690,060	\$	1,636,430	\$	4,551,498

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Fire System Development Fees Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	P	rior Year Actual
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ - 2,700	\$ 469,333 25,318	\$	469,333 22,618	\$	- 5,865
Total revenues	2,700	 494,651		491,951		5,865
Net change in fund balance	2,700	494,651		491,951		5,865
Fund balance at beginning of year	 156,846	 156,846				150,981
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 159,546	\$ 651,497	\$	491,951	\$	156,846

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Jack Hammett Sports Complex Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	Final Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	Prior Year Actual		
Revenues: Investment income Rental income	\$ 2,500 150,000	\$ 18,998 150,750	\$	16,498 750	\$	12,398 150,750	
Total revenues	 152,500	 169,748		17,248		163,148	
Net change in fund balance	152,500	169,748		17,248		163,148	
Fund balance at beginning of year	314,391	 314,391		-		151,243	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 466,891	\$ 484,139	\$	17,248	\$	314,391	

Lions Park Capital Improvements Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

	 Final Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Investment income	\$ 	\$ 27,550	\$	27,550	\$ 185,582
Total revenues		27,550		27,550	185,582
Expenditures: Current:					
Public services	 816,102	 816,102			 12,321,594
Total expenditures	 816,102	816,102			12,321,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (816,102)	(788,552)		27,550	(12,136,012)
Net change in fund balance	(816,102)	(788,552)		27,550	(12,136,012)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,111,642	1,111,642		-	13,247,654
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 295,540	\$ 323,090	\$	27,550	\$ 1,111,642

Capital Improvements Fund - Major Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	.	3,105,000	\$	1,327,189	.	(1 777 011)	\$	2,276,746
Investment income	\$	200,000	Þ	304,698	\$	(1,777,811) 104,698	Þ	482,263
Miscellaneous		148,500		1,076,110		927,610		571,692
Total revenues		3,453,500		2,707,997		(745,503)		3,330,701
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		229,999		53,640		176,359		-
Protection of persons and property		742,206		208,371		533,835		-
Community programs		150,000		60,175		89,825		-
Public services		16,709,670		5,863,654		10,846,016		18,026,000
								· · ·
Total expenditures		17,831,875		6,185,840		11,646,035		18,026,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(14,378,375)		(3,477,843)		10,900,532		(14,695,299)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of debt		_		_		-		153,914
Transfers in		4,402,680		4,402,680		-		12,005,734
Transfers out		(1,150,000)		(1,150,000)		=		(40,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,252,680		3,252,680		_		12,119,648
Net change in fund balance		(11,125,695)		(225,163)		10,900,532		(2,575,651)
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,712,519		11,712,519		-		14,288,170
3 • , • •		, , ,		, , , ,				,,
Fund balance at end of year	\$	586,824	\$	11,487,356	\$	10,900,532	\$	11,712,519



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department to another City department on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Replacement Fund

Established to account for all motorized equipment used by City departments.

Self Insurance Fund - Workers' Compensation/General Liability/Unemployment

Established to account for receipt and disbursement of funds used to pay worker's compensation, general liability, and unemployment premiums and claims filed against the City.

Information Technology Replacement Fund

Established to provide funds for future replacements and upgrades to City computer equipment, systems, and supporting infrastructure.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Self-Insurance-Workers' Compensation/ General

		General	Information		
	Equipment	Liability/	Technology	Tot	
Assets:	Replacement	Unemployment	Replacement	2020	2019
Assets.					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,582,373	\$ 12,916,329	\$ 5,135,886	\$ 19,634,588	\$ 16,750,551
Accounts receivable	6,027	-	-	6,027	11,071
Interest receivable	6,034	49,288	19,559	74,881	85,478
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	5,828
Inventories	95,982			95,982	113,711
Total current assets	1,690,416	12,965,617	5,155,445	19,811,478	16,966,639
		, ,		, ,	
Capital assets:					
Construction in progress	-	-	391,214	391,214	-
Motorized equipment	14,323,172	-	-	14,323,172	14,194,370
Other equipment	2,659,096	-	187,799	2,846,895	2,836,671
Accumulated depreciation	(9,926,448)	=	(33,804)	(9,960,252)	(8,985,781)
Net capital assets	7,055,820		545,209	7,601,029	8,045,260
Total assets	8,746,236	12,965,617	5,700,654	27,412,507	25,011,899
<u>Liabilities:</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	160,611	149,086	243,032	552,729	453,614
Accrued liabilities	9,221	2,725	629	12,575	8,655
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	56,271
Claims payable		2,299,557		2,299,557	905,682
Total current liabilities	169,832	2,451,368	243,661	2,864,861	1,424,222
rotar current habilities	105,032	2,431,300	2+3,001	2,004,001	1,727,222
Long-term liabilities:					
Claims payable	_	13,555,439	_	13,555,439	15,159,905
Ciamo payable	·	13/333/133		13/333/133	13/133/303
Total long-term liabilities		13,555,439		13,555,439	15,159,905
Total liabilities	169,832	16,006,807	243,661	16,420,300	16,584,127
	,		,		<u> </u>
Net Position:					
Investment in capital assets	7,055,820	_	545,209	7,601,029	8,045,260
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,520,584	(3,041,190)	4,911,784	3,391,178	382,512
, ,					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 8,576,404	\$ (3,041,190)	\$ 5,456,993	\$ 10,992,207	\$ 8,427,772

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Self-Insurance-Workers' Compensation/

	ı	Equipment		General Liability/	nformation echnology	Totals				
		eplacement	Un	employment	eplacement		2020		2019	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	2,571,510	\$	5,304,431	\$ -	\$	7,875,941	\$	8,438,850	
Total operating revenues		2,571,510		5,304,431	 		7,875,941	-	8,438,850	
Operating expenses:										
Allocated administrative costs		854,808		585,122	48,521		1,488,451		1,034,256	
Depreciation		1,245,808		-	33,804		1,279,612		1,052,361	
Fuel and repair parts		1,061,932		-	-		1,061,932		1,282,424	
Materials and supplies		-		-	30,602		30,602		270,346	
Claims and premiums		-		3,550,804			3,550,804		10,576,593	
Total operating expenses		3,162,548		4,135,926	 112,927		7,411,401		14,215,980	
Operating income (loss)		(591,038)		1,168,505	 (112,927)		464,540		(5,777,130)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Investment income		44,372		461,258	188,450		694,080		648,383	
Contributions		278,521		-	-		278,521		-	
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment		2,294		-	-		2,294		(17,263)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		325,187		461,258	188,450		974,895		631,120	
Income (loss) before transfers		(265,851)		1,629,763	75,523		1,439,435		(5,146,010)	
Transfers in		1,125,000					1,125,000		5,249,279	
Change in net position		859,149		1,629,763	75,523		2,564,435		103,269	
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		7,717,255		(4,670,953)	 5,381,470		8,427,772		8,324,503	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	8,576,404	\$	(3,041,190)	\$ 5,456,993	\$	10,992,207	\$	8,427,772	

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

Self-Insurance-Workers' Compensation/

	Equipment Replacement		ompensation/ General Liability/ nemployment	Information Technology Replacement		Tota 2020	als 2019
Cash flows from operating activities:	Керіасеттеті	- 01	lemployment	Керіасеттеті		2020	2019
Cash received from customers and user departments	\$ 2,575,450	\$	5,305,535	\$ -	\$	7,880,985	\$ 8,495,185
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,082,550)		(4,097,053)	(72,666)		(5,252,269)	(10,499,735)
Cash payments to employees for services	(854,242)		(352,309)			(1,206,551)	(714,832)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	638,658		856,173	(72,666)		1,422,165	(2,719,382)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Cash received from other funds	1,125,000		-	-		1,125,000	5,305,550
Cash paid to other funds	(56,271)					(56,271)	
Net cash provided by (used for)							
noncapital financing activities	1,068,729		_			1,068,729	5,305,550
noncapital illiancing activities	1,006,729					1,000,729	3,303,330
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Cash received from disposal of assets	36,198		_	-		36,198	52,562
Acquisition of capital assets	(199,550)		_	(148,182)		(347,732)	(1,733,088)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital							
and related financing activities	(163,352)		-	(148,182)		(311,534)	(1,680,526)
		- '	_			_	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Investment income received	38,338		472,464	193,875		704,677	598,850
			.==				
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	38,338		472,464	193,875		704,677	598,850
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,582,373		1,328,637	(26,973)		2,884,037	1,504,492
The merease (assissate) in easi, and easi, equivalents	1,002,070		1,020,007	(20/3/3)		2,00 .,007	1,00 ., .52
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			11,587,692	5,162,859		16,750,551	15,246,059
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,582,373	\$	12,916,329	\$ 5,135,886	\$	19,634,588	\$ 16,750,551
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by (used for) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (591,038)	\$	1,168,505	\$ (112,927)	¢.	464,540	\$ (5,777,130)
	р (391,036)	Þ	1,100,303	\$ (112,927)	Þ	404,340	\$ (3,777,130)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	1 245 000			22.004		1 270 612	1 052 261
Depreciation (Table 2012) depreciation	1,245,808		- 1 104	33,804		1,279,612	1,052,361
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid items	3,940		1,104	- 5,828		5,044 5,828	62,163 (5,828)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items (Increase) decrease in inventories	- 17.729		-	3,020		5,626 17,729	16,736
Increase) decrease in inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(38,347)		(105,570)	-		(143,917)	(100,764)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	566		2,725	629		3,920	(2,846)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable			(210,591)			(210,591)	2,035,926
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 638,658	\$	856,173	\$ (72,666)	\$	1,422,165	\$ (2,719,382)
recedent provided by (about 101) operating detivities	+ 000,000	<u> </u>	000,170	7 (72,000)	Ψ	-, 122,103	+ (L), 13,332)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, government entities, and others. Such funds are operated by carrying out specifications of trust indentures, statutes, ordinances, or other governing regulations.

Deposits Fund

Established to account for various other funds held by the City in an agent or trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Community Facilities District Fund

Established to account for special taxes received under the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. Bonds were issued to provide for improvements within the District.

Costa Mesa Foundation Fund

Established for the purpose of providing opportunities for donors to contribute assets for the benefit of the Community.

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Data for Prior Year)

			(Community Facilities	osta Mesa	Totals					
	Deposits			District	Fo	oundation		2020		2019	
<u>Assets:</u>											
Cash and investments	\$	2,230,116	\$	-	\$	166,234	\$	2,396,350	\$	2,692,095	
Accounts receivable		49,897		-		68		49,965		32,117	
Total assets	\$	2,280,013	\$	-	\$	166,302	\$	2,446,315	\$	2,724,212	
<u>Liabilities:</u>											
Accounts payable	\$	309,633	\$	-	\$	-	\$	309,633	\$	493,637	
Deposits payable		1,970,380		-		166,302		2,136,682		2,230,575	
Total liabilities	\$	2,280,013	\$	-	\$	166,302	\$	2,446,315	\$	2,724,212	

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Year ended June 30, 2020

	Balance at July 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions			Balance at June 30, 2020		
<u>DEPOSITS</u>										
<u>Assets:</u>										
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	2,546,427 31,977	\$	5,705,231 216,246	\$	(6,021,542) (198,326)	\$	2,230,116 49,897		
Total assets	\$	2,578,404	\$	5,921,477	\$	(6,219,868)	\$	2,280,013		
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	491,762 2,086,642	\$	(5,641,338) (7,548,934)	\$	5,459,209 7,432,672	\$	309,633 1,970,380		
Total liabilities	\$	2,578,404	\$	(13,190,272)	\$	12,891,881	\$	2,280,013		
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT										
Assets:										
Cash and investments	\$		\$	251,382	\$	(251,382)	\$			
Total assets	\$		\$	251,382	\$	(251,382)	\$			
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Accounts payable Held for bondholders	\$	- -	\$	(249,122) (251,382)	\$	249,122 251,382	\$	-		
Total liabilities	\$		\$	(500,504)	\$	500,504	\$			
COSTA MESA FOUNDATION										
Assets:										
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	145,668 140	\$	121,683 3,578	\$	(101,117) (3,650)	\$	166,234 68		
Total assets	\$	145,808	\$	125,261	\$	(104,767)	\$	166,302		
<u>Liabilities:</u>										
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	1,875 143,933	\$	(96,293) (99,917)	\$	94,418 122,286	\$	- 166,302		
Total liabilities	\$	145,808	\$	(196,210)	\$	216,704	\$	166,302		

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Year ended June 30, 2020

TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	Balance at uly 1, 2019				Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2020		
<u>Assets:</u>								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 2,692,095 32,117	\$	6,078,296 219,824	\$	(6,374,041) (201,976)	\$	2,396,350 49,965	
	\$ 2,724,212	\$	6,298,120	\$	(6,576,017)	\$	2,446,315	
Total assets								
<u>Liabilities:</u>								
Accounts payable	\$ 493,637	\$	(5,986,753)	\$	5,802,749	\$	309,633	
Deposits payable	 2,230,575		(7,648,851)		7,554,958		2,136,682	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,724,212	\$	(13,635,604)	\$	13,357,707	\$	2,446,315	



FINANCIAL REPORT
STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

FINANCIAL TRENDS These schedules contain financial trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.	TABLES 1 - 4
REVENUE CAPACITY These schedules contain revenue information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source.	TABLES 5 - 12
DEBT CAPACITY These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	TABLES 13 - 15
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	TABLES 16 - 17
OPERATING INFORMATION These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	TABLES 18 - 20

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 209,554,571	\$ 207,954,876	\$ 204,884,524	\$ 211,291,261	\$ 211,133,458	\$ 216,195,466	\$ 219,280,752	\$ 235,177,233	\$ 248,255,931	\$ 248,815,081
Restricted										
Protection of Persons and										
Property	1,303,260	2,519,015	2,329,840	1,441,906	552,573	1,022,546	217,303	150,169	872,898	1,628,892
Community programs	2,292,260	10,262,006	8,713,244	9,622,339	8,892,751	12,793,475	9,588,998	3,767,377	6,162,341	5,687,227
Public services	26,299,602	28,568,791	26,485,938	21,642,345	17,660,289	15,495,090	20,253,747	13,625,826	14,845,159	17,051,750
Unrestricted	42,251,930	44,741,840	43,798,620	51,403,839	(170,836,260)	(159,357,224)	(161,805,274)	(224,657,548)	(241,478,263)	(251,417,100)
Total governmental activities										
net position	\$ 281,701,623	\$ 294,046,528	\$ 286,212,166	\$ 295,401,690	\$ 67,402,811	\$ 86,149,353	\$ 87,535,526	\$ 28,063,057	\$ 28,658,066	\$ 21,765,850

Source: Government-Wide Financial Statements

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

						al Years				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 22,942,186	\$ 19,977,655	\$ 22,655,452	\$ 23,396,581	\$ 25,225,607	\$ 24,631,010	\$ 28,474,037	\$ 31,695,402	\$ 34,008,731	\$ 32,124,703
Protection of persons and										
property	58,600,881	61,788,930	63,383,715	62,634,432	64,184,047	63,956,413	70,786,483	86,777,544	86,440,751	96,625,585
Community programs	5,585,317	4,310,750	6,519,916	6,784,867	10,189,480	4,639,743	12,069,675	10,126,755	16,363,506	17,285,898
Public services	18,051,024	18,873,545	20,508,217	22,768,197	21,549,681	22,498,495	21,415,061	20,062,183	27,937,004	16,269,612
Redevelopment	862,541	911,704	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	3,043,559	2,683,598	1,726,008	1,273,152	1,210,723	1,081,605	974,233	1,082,361	1,138,694	1,083,190
Total primary government										
expenses	109,085,508	108,546,182	114,793,308	116,857,229	122,359,538	116,807,266	133,719,489	149,744,245	165,888,686	163,388,988
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Protection of persons and										
property	2,660,989	2,635,880	2,739,881	2,338,910	2,299,476	2,707,819	2,819,809	3,805,473	7,267,233	7,461,872
Community programs	5,290,235	5,268,839	5,856,107	6,229,677	7,498,348	8,232,995	7,577,878	9,536,570	8,207,122	4,816,413
Public services	2,626,032	2,861,971	2,646,611	2,680,625	3,089,801	3,721,366	3,232,506	5,046,984	6,179,653	7,096,062
Operating grants and	, ,	, , .	, , .	, , .	-,,	-, ,	-, - ,	-,,	., .,	,,
contributions	6,717,009	8,832,089	8,443,327	8,534,673	8,562,955	4,907,815	4,487,089	7,727,382	9,339,283	10,576,719
Capital grants and	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
contributions	6,233,234	4,555,065	5,140,960	6,148,876	5,143,592	3,370,260	7,114,471	4,755,573	9,142,040	6,251,484
Total primary government										
revenues	23,527,499	24,153,844	24,826,886	25,932,761	26,594,172	22,940,255	25,231,753	30,871,982	40,135,331	36,202,550
Total primary government										
net expense	\$ (85,558,009)	\$ (84,392,338)	\$ (89,966,422)	\$ (90,924,468)	\$ (95,765,366)	\$ (93,867,011)	\$ (108,487,736)	\$ (118,872,263)	\$ (125,753,355)	\$ (127,186,438)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	\$ 24,626,634	\$ 21,564,340	\$ 23,192,755	\$ 22,984,093	\$ 24,139,297	\$ 26,168,612	\$ 37,925,385	\$ 40,373,351	\$ 43,226,688	\$ 45,548,585
Sales and use taxes	40,953,224	43,077,849	46,743,795	50,329,310	52,117,128	58,524,162	57,591,889	56,971,636	62,689,811	55,866,831
Transient occupancy tax	5,344,968	6,524,510	7,257,695	7,676,090	7,995,154	8,622,505	8,924,854	8,819,617	8,595,417	6,587,224
Franchise taxes	4,240,255	4,471,326	4,818,972	4,891,465	4,885,925	5,060,402	4,593,631	4,965,515	5,042,551	4,822,964
Business tax	866,442	888,967	917,633	916,285	954,408	973,521	918,928	919,450	1,093,154	1,663,100
Other intergovernmental	,	,	,	,	,	/	,	,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,
unrestricted	9,112,000	8,594,277	8,814,644	9,229,059	5,660,305	11,209,989	51,340	60,031	55,343	91,674
Investment income	2,499,790	1,377,209	640,159	1,772,900	1,692,528	1,871,216	496,650	256,438	4,264,987	4,075,623
Miscellaneous	860,972	978,394	181,943	495,154	949,533	913,351	1,333,610	1,903,266	1,380,413	1,638,221
Settlements			1,452,623	121,971	,		-	-	-	-
Extraordinary items:				•						
Gain on transfer of assets										
to Successor Agency	-	9,260,371	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Loss) on advance		-,,								
to Successor Agency	-	-	(11,888,159)	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total primary government	88,504,285	96,737,243	82,132,060	98,416,327	98,394,278	113,343,758	111,836,287	114,269,304	126,348,364	120,294,222
	\$ 2,946,276	\$ 12,344,905	\$ (7,834,362)	\$ 7,491,859	\$ 2,628,912	\$ 19,476,747	\$ 3,348,551	\$ (4,602,959)		

Source: Government-Wide Financial Statements

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 13,334,328	\$ 13,917,262	\$ 3,137,794	\$ 3,430,104	\$ 4,165,795	\$ 2,486,085	\$ 2,253,843	\$ 2,038,518	\$ 280,195	\$ 362,189
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	16,125,000	23,625,000	25,125,000
Assisgned	9,900,467	10,347,804	10,131,615	10,016,092	11,325,819	13,820,663	13,819,088	13,730,832	8,940,072	9,151,062
Unassigned	5,915,735	7,419,860	16,252,032	20,629,130	22,199,337	32,040,713	30,867,198	23,329,730	20,451,232	18,825,417
Total general fund	\$ 45,275,530	\$ 47,809,926	\$ 45,646,441	\$ 50,200,326	\$ 53,815,951	\$ 64,472,461	\$ 63,065,129	\$ 55,224,080	\$ 53,296,499	\$ 53,463,668
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 12,849	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	34,165,657	31,441,902	29,302,059	25,097,114	20,914,771	19,309,083	28,056,898	30,108,463	21,753,832	25,676,330
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assisgned	7,146,775	7,095,166	9,162,682	11,741,220	19,147,805	23,738,380	27,619,480	25,415,708	24,337,823	25,474,636
Unassigned	(12,177,382)	(2,572,973)	(2,892,237)	(2,288,538)	(368,083)	(139,064)	(248,979)	(6,353)	(9,453)	(2,312,520)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 29,147,899	\$ 35,964,095	\$ 35,572,504	\$ 34,549,796	\$ 39,694,493	\$ 42,908,399	\$ 55,427,399	\$ 55,517,818	\$ 46,082,202	\$ 48,838,446

Source: Fund Financial Statements

128

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 76,031,925	\$ 76,526,993	\$ 82,930,849	\$ 86,797,242	\$ 90,091,915	\$ 99,349,202	\$ 99,464,729	\$ 110,884,896	\$ 123,969,423	\$ 114,463,599
Licenses and permits	1,557,797	1,903,361	1,997,057	2,085,348	2,313,296	2,983,081	2,933,305	3,837,564	5,104,022	5,496,049
Fines and forfeits	2,104,816	3,508,181	4,483,240	3,614,144	1,367,190	1,609,134	1,352,682	1,612,230	2,468,993	2,067,884
Intergovernmental	21,681,418	19,838,941	19,213,168	21,769,293	22,010,125	17,612,288	23,205,265	10,558,481	16,646,740	15,006,292
Charges for services	4,478,711	4,167,896	4,320,932	4,721,191	6,117,030	6,668,445	5,909,112	9,553,421	9,990,454	9,489,827
Rental	2,900,049	3,054,100	2,987,055	3,021,585	3,113,662	3,336,053	3,289,222	3,404,676	3,479,527	3,566,255
Investment income	2,284,183	1,189,168	533,469	1,712,058	1,771,527	1,775,765	420,561	244,606	3,616,606	
	2,204,103	1,109,100		1,/12,036	1,//1,32/	1,775,765	420,361	244,606	3,010,000	3,394,398
Return on equity	-	-	2,551,815	- 121 071	-	-	-	-	-	-
Settlements	1 000 225	1 276 046	1,452,623	121,971	2 206 420	1 670 017	2 170 215	2 004 720	2 226 044	2 161 622
Miscellaneous	1,069,225	1,376,946	892,970	1,177,245	2,206,428	1,679,917	2,170,215	2,081,739	3,226,941	2,161,633
Total revenues	112,108,124	111,565,586	121,363,178	125,020,077	128,991,173	135,013,885	138,745,091	142,177,613	168,502,706	155,645,937
Expenditures										
General government	21,739,252	20,974,387	21,982,783	23,893,450	24,699,226	25,102,067	26,518,266	29,048,355	29,219,530	30,808,182
Protection of persons and										
property	56,207,290	59,993,364	60,468,091	64,047,209	61,096,404	64,426,376	66,141,703	70,198,327	78,762,212	82,939,180
Community programs	6,259,971	6,125,337	6,166,791	6,442,241	8,821,298	8,019,356	9,410,168	10,888,393	13,265,742	14,297,137
Public services	11,849,471	13,613,312	16,781,751	22,863,385	21,860,252	19,836,633	21,680,495	42,305,565	50,429,478	20,506,675
Redevelopment	862,541	911,704	,,	//	,,	,,	,,	-	-	,,
Debt service:	002,012	311//01								
Principal	4,395,904	4,525,739	3,872,050	2,450,000	2,540,000	2,650,000	2,755,000	4,070,000	1,795,261	1,815,392
Interest	3,082,508	2,734,050	1,741,101	1,296,111	1,213,671	1,109,037	992,383	1,041,853	1,298,315	1,230,958
Bond issuance costs	3,062,306	2,734,030	1,741,101	1,290,111	1,213,071	1,109,037	992,303		1,290,313	1,230,936
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	344,858	-	-
Payment to refunded								2 202 225		
bond escrow agent								2,302,225		
Total expenditures	104,396,937	108,877,893	111,012,567	120,992,396	120,230,851	121,143,469	127,498,015	160,199,576	174,770,538	151,597,524
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	7,711,187	2,687,693	10,350,611	4,027,681	8,760,322	13,870,416	11,247,076	(18,021,963)	(6,267,832)	4,048,413
Other financing sources										
(uses):										
Transfers in	8,460,300	5.099.168	6,212,460	8,597,756	14,253,945	12,852,940	16,058,019	12,370,819	15,899,228	10,811,227
Transfers out	(8,221,795)	(5,099,168)	(6,212,460)	(9,094,260)	(14,253,945)	(12,852,940)	(19,658,019)	(18,063,009)	(21,148,507)	(11,936,227)
Extraordinary Gain (loss)	(0,221,793)	5,645,371	(11,888,159)	(3,034,200)	(14,233,343)	(12,032,940)	(19,030,019)	(10,003,009)	(21,140,307)	(11,930,227)
Issuance of debt	-	3,043,371	(11,000,139)	-	-	-	-	20 725 000	153,914	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,735,000	153,914	-
Premium on debt issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,694,172	-	-
Payment to bond										
escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,530,520)	-	-
Bond proceeds										
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	238,505	5,645,371	(11,888,159)	(496,504)	<u>=</u>	_	(3,600,000)	13,206,462	(5,095,365)	(1,125,000)
Net change in fund										
balances	\$ 7,949,692	\$ 8,333,064	\$ (1,537,548)	\$ 3,531,177	\$ 8,760,322	\$ 13,870,416	\$ 7,647,076	\$ (4,815,501)	\$ (11,363,197)	\$ 2,923,413
Debt service as a percentage										
	7.45%	7.030/	E 400/	2 440/	3.37%	2 200/	2 100/	E C 40/	2 240/	2 100/
of noncapital expenditures	7.45%	7.03%	5.40%	3.44%	3.3/%	3.38%	3.18%	5.64%	2.21%	2.19%

Source: Fund Financial Statements

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Transient					roposition			
Fiscal Years	 Sales	Property		(Occupancy		Franchise		Business		172		Total
2011	\$ 40,173,714	\$	24,626,634	\$	5,344,968	\$	4,240,255	\$	866,442	\$	779,510	\$	76,031,523
2012	42,234,307		21,564,340		6,524,510		4,471,326		888,967		843,542		76,526,993
2013	45,830,107		23,192,755		7,257,695		4,818,972		917,633		913,688		82,930,850
2014	49,264,634		22,984,093		7,676,090		4,891,465		916,285		1,064,676		86,797,243
2015	51,115,064		24,139,297		7,995,154		4,885,926		954,408		1,002,064		90,091,914
2016	57,593,561		26,168,612		8,622,505		5,060,402		973,521		930,601		99,349,202
2017	56,556,867		27,435,427		8,924,854		4,593,631		918,928		1,035,022		99,464,729
2018	54,656,183		40,458,402		8,819,617		4,965,515		919,450		1,065,729		110,884,896
2019	64,902,009		42,873,901		8,595,417		5,042,551		1,093,154		1,126,008		123,633,040
2020	55,866,831		45,548,585		6,587,224		4,822,964		1,663,100		1,102,506		115,591,210

Source: Required Supplementary Information

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

		Calendar Years											
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
Apparel stores	\$ 436,980	\$ 484,036	\$ 604,936	\$ 681,348	\$ 715,097	\$ 727,073	\$ 754,197	\$ 714,478	\$ 814,593	\$ 835,594			
General merchandise	540,920	568,293	591,832	599,163	615,702	618,702	582,500	565,635	534,747	512,500			
Food stores	92,575	93,721	94,377	87,225	88,872	103,225	90,941	88,385	90,178	91,470			
Eating and drinking													
establishments	337,684	371,523	387,667	421,830	443,384	469,465	496,041	515,683	535,744	556,504			
Building materials	145,342	142,575	150,604	180,198	193,248	205,343	224,225	236,497	242,750	251,846			
Auto dealers and supplies	536,390	577,755	613,669	670,976	753,804	858,187	924,641	1,006,804	1,153,396	1,230,062			
Service stations	196,497	240,892	269,067	263,352	245,432	215,707	190,969	200,170	235,572	232,911			
Other retail stores	853,264	924,979	961,488	972,383	1,025,424	1,047,009	1,050,063	1,116,930	1,178,337	1,165,897			
All other outlets	758,854	778,329	839,005	914,501	1,015,134	1,112,851	1,206,829	1,157,415	1,269,997	1,402,675			
	\$ 3,898,506	\$ 4,182,103	\$ 4,512,645	\$ 4,790,976	\$ 5,096,097	\$ 5,357,562	\$ 5,520,406	\$ 5,601,997	\$ 6,055,314	\$ 6,279,459			
City direct sales tax rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%			

Source: State of California Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office and the HdL Companies

PRINCIPAL SALES TAX REMITTERS BY CATEGORY CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2019		2010					
Category	Taxable Sales	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Sales	Taxable Sales	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Sales			
<u>Category</u>	Sales	Nalik	Sales	 Sales	Nalik	Sales			
All other outlets	\$ 1,402,675	1	22.34%	\$ 758,854	2	19.47%			
Auto dealers and supplies	1,230,062	2	19.59%	536,390	4	13.76%			
Other retail stores	1,165,897	3	18.57%	853,264	1	21.89%			
Apparel stores	835,594	4	13.31%	436,980	5	11.21%			
Eating and drinking establishments	556,504	5	8.86%	337,684	6	8.66%			
General merchandise	512,500	6	8.16%	540,920	3	13.88%			
Building materials	251,846	7	4.01%	145,342	8	3.73%			
Service stations	232,911	8	3.71%	196,497	7	5.04%			
Food stores	91,470	9	1.46%	92,575	9	2.37%			

Source: State of California Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office and the HdL Companies

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Years	City Local Rate	Orange County Rate	State of California Rate	Total Sales Tax Rate
2011	1.00	0.50	7.25	8.75
2012	1.00	0.50	6.25	7.75
2013	1.00	0.50	6.50	8.00
2014	1.00	0.50	6.50	8.00
2015	1.00	0.50	6.50	8.00
2016	1.00	0.50	6.50	8.00
2017	1.25	0.50	6.00	7.75
2018	1.25	0.50	6.00	7.75
2019	1.25	0.50	6.00	7.75
2020	1.25	0.50	6.00	7.75

Source: State of California Board of Equalization

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	Со	llected for	Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30,		for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		ubsequent Years (2)		Amount	Percentage of Levy (1)	
2011	\$	20,670,091	\$ 20,059,681	97.05%	\$	594,003	\$	20,653,684	99.92%	
2012		20,574,309	19,958,891	97.01%		408,220		20,367,111	98.99%	
2013		21,112,082	20,599,679	97.57%		382,281		20,981,960	99.38%	
2014		22,178,464	21,732,926	97.99%		285,325		22,018,251	99.28%	
2015		23,405,838	22,897,171	97.83%		242,634		23,139,805	98.86%	
2016		24,960,369	24,222,713	97.04%		227,104		24,449,817	97.95%	
2017		26,330,538	25,640,344	97.38%		216,963		25,857,308	98.20%	
2018		27,825,846	27,272,459	98.01%		198,624		27,471,083	98.73%	
2019		29,820,941	29,186,740	97.87%		196,710		29,383,450	98.53%	
2020		31,300,931	30,714,805	98.13%		214,204		30,929,009	98.81%	

Source: Orange County Assessor 2019/2020 Combined Tax Rolls

⁽¹⁾ The Percentage of Levy may exceed 100% if the amounts collected for subsequent years exceed the delinquency.

⁽²⁾ The County of Orange only makes this data available by collection year. Data by levy year is not available.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Residential	Commerical	Industial	Miscellaneous	Less: Tax-Exempt	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct	Estimated Actual Taxable	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage
Fiscal Years	Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Tax Rate	Value (1)	of Actual Taxable Value
2011	8,347,650,226	3,466,364,532	1,138,864,468	1,163,583,656	-	14,116,462,882	0.17154%	14,116,462,882	100.00%
2012	8,557,101,277	3,394,223,104	1,100,996,492	1,065,596,839	-	14,117,917,712	0.17226%	14,117,917,712	100.00%
2013	8,704,306,093	3,479,681,880	1,122,815,201	1,070,250,329	-	14,377,053,503	0.17288%	14,377,053,503	100.00%
2014	9,101,889,466	3,566,114,710	1,117,794,289	1,140,508,581	-	14,926,307,046	0.15040%	14,926,307,046	100.00%
2015	9,745,389,688	3,633,678,888	1,126,437,386	1,206,217,946	-	15,711,723,908	0.15035%	15,711,723,908	100.00%
2016	10,456,976,124	3,766,616,981	1,190,970,066	1,118,171,362	-	16,532,734,533	0.15038%	16,532,734,533	100.00%
2017	11,033,602,522	3,918,807,590	1,336,961,702	1,180,683,099	-	17,470,054,913	0.15014%	17,470,054,913	100.00%
2018	11,685,011,850	4,096,390,455	1,500,236,782	1,222,877,713	-	18,504,516,800	0.15009%	18,504,516,800	100.00%
2019	12,557,043,739	4,473,583,090	1,646,413,988	1,223,132,784	-	19,900,173,601	0.15002%	19,900,173,601	100.00%
2020	13,389,240,208	4,687,990,535	1,744,806,502	1,290,509,110	-	21,112,546,355	0.14848%	21,112,546,355	100.00%

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed vaule of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an inflation factor (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above, represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. Therefore, the estimated actual taxable value equals the total taxable assessed value.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2010/2011- 2019/2020 Combined Tax Rolls.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_			City Direct Rate	S		O	verlapping Rate	es
_		General			Total	County of	School	Special
	Basic	Obligation	Redevelopment	Redevelopment	Direct	Orange	District	Districts
Fiscal Year	Rate	Debt Service	Debt Service (2)	Program	Rate ⁽¹⁾	Debt	Debt	Debt
2011	0.14879	-	0.00370	1.00000	0.17154	0.36649	0.48300	0.00535
2012	0.14879	-	0.00370	1.00000	0.17226	0.36649	0.48300	0.00535
2013	0.14879	-	-	-	0.17288	0.36649	0.48300	0.00535
2014	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15040	0.36649	0.48300	0.00535
2015	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15035	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515
2016	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15038	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515
2017	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15014	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515
2018	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15009	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515
2019	0.14879	-	-	-	0.15002	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515
2020	0.14879	-	-	-	0.01485	0.36649	0.48300	0.00515

- Per the Government Finance Officers Association, the definition of "total direct rate" is as follows:

 "The weighted average of all individual rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section"

 The "total direct rate" for the City of Costa Mesa is a weighted average derived by dividing total City revenue by taxable assessed value.
- (2) As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2010/2011 - 2019/2020 Combined Tax Rolls.

5

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2019-2020				20	10-2011	L	
			Percentage of Total City				Percentage of Total City	
	Property		Property		Property		Property	
	Tax		Tax		Tax		Tax	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	 Revenue	Rank	Revenue		Revenue	Rank	Revenue	
The Irvine Company LLC	\$ 711,526	1	1.95%	\$	390,978	1	1.61%	
Trust Costa Mesa Courtyards LLC	554,446	2	1.52%		384,725	2	1.59%	
Triangle Center LLC	541,486	3	1.49%					
South Coast Plaza	444,089	4	1.22%		375,710	3	1.55%	
1901 Newport LLC Royal Street	410,885	5	1.13%		305,061	5	1.26%	
PR II of MCC South Coast Property Owner	382,818	6	1.05%					
United Dominion Realty LP	306,661	7	0.84%		264,930	6	1.09%	
Behringer Harvard Pacifica Project Owner	295,910	8	0.81%					
Advanced Group	240,963	9	0.66%				0.00%	
S-Tract LLC	235,564	10	0.65%					
RREEF America Reit II Corporation CCCC2					370,268	4	1.53%	
WWG TSQ Owner LLC					235,291	7	0.97%	
RTS-Sunflower LLC Irvine Company					211,244	8	0.87%	
Interinsurance Exchange of AAA					191,396	9	0.79%	
Casden Lakes LP					175,130	10	0.72%	
Total	\$ 4,124,348		11.32%	\$	2,904,733		12.00%	

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor 2019/2020 & 2010/2011 Combined Tax Rolls.

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			2011		2012	2013 2014					FISCAL 2015	YEA	RS 2016		2017	2018			2019		2020	
	General bonded debt outstanding General oligation bonds Redevelopment bonds (1) Total	\$	- 4,140,000 4,140,000	\$	3,615,000 3,615,000	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
	Percentage of taxable assessed		0.0293%		0.0256%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%		0.0000%	
	Per capita	\$	8.85	\$	8.43	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	Less: Amounts set aside to repay general debt		704,300		704,300		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	Total net debt applicable to debt limit		3,435,700		2,910,700		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
_	Legal debt limit (3.75% of Assessed Value)	57	4,243,802	57	75,152,015	58!	5,780,638	607	,508,126	63	7,377,201	669	9,713,004	70	5,606,516	74:	3,516,945	796	5,252,660	84	2,737,426	
7	Legal debt margin	57	0,808,102	57	72,241,315	58	5,780,638	607	,508,126	63	7,377,201	669	9,713,004	70	5,606,516	74	3,516,945	796	5,252,660	84	2,737,426	
	Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit		99.40%		99.49%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%	

Source: City of Costa Mesa Finance Department and Orange County Assessor 2019/2020 combined tax rolls

⁽¹⁾ As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Other Governmental Activities Debt Percentage Fiscal Year of Total Certificates Lease Total Percentage Ended Redevelopment Taxable Per Revenue of Loan Purchase **Primary** of Personal Per Bonds (2) Bond (1) June 30, Assessed Value Capita Particiaption Payable Financing Government Income Capita 2011 4,140,000 0.0293% 8.85 12,735,000 26,355,000 1,780,834 45,010,834 1.27% 1,491.22 2012 3,615,000 0.0256% 8.43 10,490,000 25,140,000 1,057,907 40,302,907 1.11% 1,224.86 2013 0.0000% 8,140,000 23,875,000 611,729 32,626,729 0.89% 999.53 2014 0.0000% 7,005,000 22,560,000 415,395 29,980,395 0.79% 886.84 2015 0.0000% 5,830,000 21,195,000 27,025,000 0.73% 832.10 2016 4,600,000 19,775,000 24,375,000 732.66 0.0000% 0.64% 2017 649.85 0.0000% 3,325,000 18,295,000 21,620,000 0.57% 2018 34,103,345 0.0000% 34,103,345 0.77% 991.21 2019 32,170,580 143,653 32,314,233 0.78% 906.39 0.0000% 2020 0.0000% 30,222,813 128,261 30,351,074 0.69% 788.54

⁽¹⁾ As of February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Costa Mesa Redevelopment Agency is responsible for the outstanding Redevelopment debt.

⁽²⁾ Amount includes the unamortized Bond Premium.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt Newport Mesa Unified School District Coast Community College District Santa Ana Unified School District Rancho Santiago Community College District Rancho Santiago Community College District SFID No. 1 Metropolitan Water District Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 248,378,253 927,763,426 285,682,392 231,134,039 173,410,000 7,541,389	26.547% 13.442% 3.204% 1.394% 2.608% 3.666%	\$ 65,937,017 124,705,492 9,154,524 3,220,990 4,522,318 276,495 207,816,837
City Direct Debt Costa Mesa Public Financing Authority 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds/ Costa Mesa Community Facilities District No. 91-1 City of Costa Mesa General Fund Obligations Loan Payable Total Direct Debt	\$ 410,000 29,812,813 128,261	100% 100% 100%	\$ 410,000 29,812,813 128,261 30,351,074
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 238,167,911

⁽¹⁾ See Note 7 in Finance Statement for more information about the City's direct debt. The amount included the unamortized Bond Premium \$3,287,813.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Orange County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2019/20 Lien Data Tax Rolls.

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Personal Income	Per Capita			Orange County
Year	Population (2)	(thousands of dollars)	Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁴⁾
2011	117,178	3,536,901	30,184	33	21,444	9.20%
2012	110,757	3,644,348	32,904	33	21,619	7.90%
2013	111,358	3,711,117	33,326	33	21,944	6.10%
2014	111,846	3,650,877	32,642	34	21,683	5.20%
2015	111,835	3,780,694	33,806	34	21,540	4.30%
2016	114,603	3,722,083	32,478	34	21,392	4.40%
2017	114,044	3,794,132	33,269	34	20,801	3.80%
2018	115,296	3,966,839	34,406	35	20,853	3.30%
2019	115,830	4,129,505	35,651	35	20,316	3.00%
2020	114,778	4,417,883	38,490	35	20,008	13.60%

- Source: (1) City of Costa Mesa Finance Department / and The HdL Companies
 - (2) California State Department of Finance
 - (3) Newport-Mesa Unified School District.
 - (4) State of California Employment Development Department as of June 30th each year.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2019-20	20	2010-2011				
	•		Percentage			Percentage		
			of Total City			of Total City		
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Winfield Locks, Inc.	5,009	1	7.46%					
Epl Intermediate, Inc.	3,998	2	5.96%					
Experian Information Solutions, Inc.	3,700	3	5.51%	3,700	1	5.61%		
Coast Community College District	1,313	4	1.96%	2,900	2	4.39%		
Contech Engineered Solutions Inc.	1,288	5	1.92%					
Automobile Club of Southern California	1,200	6	1.79%					
International Business Machines Corporation	1,131	7	1.69%	750	9	1.14%		
Deloitte & Touche LLP	700	8	1.04%					
Dynamic Cooking Systems, Inc.	700	9	1.04%					
Sure Haven, Inc	550	10	0.82%					
Orange Coast Community College				2,500	3	3.79%		
Coast Community College				2,500	4	3.79%		
Fairview Developmental Center				1,500	5	2.27%		
Interinsurance Exchange				1,200	6	1.82%		
First Team Real Estate Inc.				1,025	7	1.55%		
Pacific Building Care Inc				850	8	1.29%		
Filenet Corporation				600	10	0.91%		

Source: Avenu Insights & Analytics, Dunn & Bradstreet, State of California Employment Development Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal '	Years				
<u>Function/Program</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Number of residents served via										
public services programs	3,000	2,023	1,500	1,000	1,500	785	750	700	700	700
Accounts payable checks issued	10,187	9,634	9,561	9,506	9,764	9,182	9,031	8,734	8,857	8,604
Total printshop photocopies produced	2,528,476	2,746,559	1,554,927	1,691,606	1,806,965	1,619,784	1,749,460	1,996,486	1,699,007	1,116,892
Protection of persons and property										
Police protection										
Emergency calls	1,230	1,128	1,160	1,180	1,330	N/A	1,000	1,029	882	876
Calls responded to within 5 minutes	82%	76%	80%	82%	77%	N/A	66%	72%	75%	72%
Assigned theft cases	2,055	1,951	1,900	1,000	400	900	1,200	N/A	N/A	N/A
Percentage of theft cases cleared	25%	34%	25%	40%	40%	40%	60%	74%	64%	52%
Assigned burglary cases	1,425	1,452	1,460	800	350	400	200	N/A	N/A	N/A
Percentage of burglary cases										
cleared	25%	21%	25%	40%	40%	40%	70%	69%	64%	50%
Case and arrest reports processed	19,814	15,324	21,921	18,133	15,128	14,584	19,310	19,319	18,382	19,079
Fire protection										
Number of calls for service	9,500	9,800	10,000	11,300	11,100	12,955	12,721	12,936	10,572	10,637
Fire related responses	238	110	200	218	214	238	271	218	261	245
Emergency medical aid responses	7,200	6,400	7,000	7,818	7,250	9,366	9,374	9,603	9,639	9,454
Community Programs										
Number of program participants at										
the Downtown Recreation Center	30,903	32,404	42,411	31,018	31,521	33,446	34,939	38,247	42,000	28,000
Over-the-counter plan checks										
reviewed within five working days	270	319	338	337	225	240	240	522	630	630
Inspection requests with 24 hours	14,250	14,345	14,345	17,460	22,560	29,100	31,040	29,585	29,100	18,966
Complaint response within two										
working days	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
Public services										
Number of trees trimmed annually	4,504	7,206	7,882	8,140	7,700	7,750	6,250	6,250	6,250	8,750
Number of catch basins cleaned							=			
annually	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,165	1,115	1,100	1,100	1,165

CITY OF COSTA MESA, CALIFORNIA

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Function/Program	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015 (2)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	General Government										
	City council	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	10.5
	City Manager's office	13.00	15.75	22.00	29.75	38.41	33.30	37.59	39.74	41.60	36.48
	Financial services	17.75	17.75	27.21	27.21	20.21	21.71	21.50	22.25	22.50	22.00
	Information technology	-	-	-	-	10.50	12.50	12.94	13.16	12.16	13.70
	Administrative services	103.05	96.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Development services	30.00	26.50	27.59	27.00	37.25	43.50	46.23	45.95	44.80	48.79
	Park and community										
	services	-	-	-	-	53.43	70.70	74.00	80.54	87.23	96.71
	Protection of persons and proper	ty									
4	Police protection	213.88	220.68	235.60	237.68	236.41	232.63	234.46	235.60	233.76	235.17
IJ	Fire protection	98.44	96.44	95.44	95.75	84.75	87.25	87.50	94.00	94.00	95.00
	Public services	76.50	79.25	114.99	124.43	83.37	81.77	84.82	77.47	72.05	76.70
		557.62	557.84	528.83	547.82	570.33	589.36	605.04	614.71	616.10	635.05

⁽¹⁾ City's Administrative Servies Department was reorganized. Divisions previously allocated to that department such as Human Resources, Central Services, and Risk Management were combined with the City Manager's Office and the Information Technology Division was combined with the Finance Department. In addition, the Recreation division was combined with Public Service Department.

⁽²⁾ The Information Technology was separated from the Finance Department.

and Park & Community Services Department was separated from Public Service Department.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Years

						FISCAL	years				
<u>F</u>	unction/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Р	olice										
	Stations/substations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
F	ire										
	Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
C	ther public works										
	Streets (lane miles)	525.0	525.0	525.0	529.0	529.0	529.0	529.0	535.6	535.6	535.6
	Streetlights	6,669	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,674	6,881	6,869
	Traffic signals	124	124	123	123	124	124	124	125	126	127
Р	arks and recreation										
	Acres of open space	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	1,957	2,067
\vdash	Park sites	30	30	30	30	31	31	31	31	31	32
44	Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
42	Soccer/football fields	8	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	6
	Community centers	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	4
٧	Vastewater (miles)										
	Sanitary sewers	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7	325.7
	Storm sewers	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5	45.5



